Offering Circular Supplement (To Multifamily Base Offering Circular dated October 1, 2011)



\$222,010,636

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE®

Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2015-005

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the front cover of this offering circular supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates described on Exhibit A.

Class of REMIC	Original Principal	Interest		Interest	CUSIP	Final Distribution		
Securities	Balance(3)	Rate	Principal Type(4)	Type(4)	Number	Date(5)		
A(2)	\$ 71,285,000	1.64990%	SEQ	FIX	38378X5T4	August 2042		
C(2)	13,096,000	(6)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	38378X5U1	July 2047		
EA(2)	20,000,000	2.04990	SEQ	FIX	38378X5V9	July 2047		
KA	38,700,000	2.50000	SEQ	FIX	38378X5W7	November 2039		
КВ	20,000,000	2.50000	SEQ	FIX	38378X5X5	March 2042		
KD	20,000,000	2.75000	SEQ	FIX	38378X5Y3	April 2046		
KE(1)	12,950,000	3.00000	SEQ	FIX	38378X5Z0	April 2046		
KG(1)	3,650,000	3.00000	SEQ	FIX	38378X6A4	April 2046		
KV	6,000,000	(6)	CPT/SEQ	WAC/DLY	38378X6B2	May 2042		
KZ	4,697,100	(6)	CPT/SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	38378X6C0	November 2054		
VA	5,875,000	2.80000	CPT/SEQ	FIX	38378X6D8	May 2038		
Ζ	5,757,536	(6)	CPT/SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	38378X6E6	November 2054		
AI(1)	71,285,000	1.25000	NTL(SEQ)	FIX/IO	38378X6F3	August 2042		
IK	105,997,100	(6)	NTL(CPT/SEQ)	WAC/IO/DLY	38378X6G1	November 2054		
IX(1)	97,160,000	(6)	NTL(CPT/SEQ)	WAC/IO/DLY	38378X6H9	July 2047		
XA(1)	71,285,000	0.00010	NTL(SEQ)	FIX/IO	38378X6J5	August 2042		
XI(1)	44,728,536	0.00010	NTL(CPT/SEQ)	FIX/IO	38378X6K2	November 2054		
Residual								
RR	0	0.00000	NPR	NPR	38378X6L0	November 2054		

These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I to this Supplement. These Securities are not entitled to distributions of any Accrual Amounts. See Allocation of Princi-

pal" in this Supplement.

Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent princi-(3) pal that will be paid.

As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses. See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations— Final DistributionDate" in this Supplement. (4)

(5)

(6) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-9 which highlights some of these risks.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be January 30, 2015.

You should read the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities, Chapter 31 of the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-BackedSecurities Guide 5500.3, as amended, and this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

BARCLAYS

MISCHLER FINANCIAL GROUP, I NC.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is January 23, 2015.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this "Supplement"),
- the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities dated as of October 1, 2011 (hereinafter referred to as the "Multifamily Base Offering Circular") and
- Chapter 31 of the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide 5500.3, as amended (the "MBS Guide").

The Multifamily Base Offering Circular and the MBS Guide are available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call BNY Mellon, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Multifamily Base Offering Circular and the MBS Guide.

In addition, you can obtain copies of the disclosure documents related to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates by contacting BNY Mellon at the telephone number listed above.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the glossary included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

P	age	

S-3
S-9
S-11
S-16
S-16
S-20
S-31

	8-
ERISA Matters	S-33
Legal Investment Considerations	S-34
Plan of Distribution	S-34
Increase in Size	S-34
Legal Matters	S-34
Schedule I: Available Combinations	S-I-1
Exhibit A	A-1

Page

TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and each of the other documents listed under "Available Information."

Sponsor: Barclays Capital Inc.

Co-Sponsor: Mischler Financial Group, Inc.

Trustee: U.S. Bank National Association

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: January 30, 2015

Distribution Date: The 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in February 2015.

Composition of the Trust Assets:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates will consist of 89 fixed rate Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, which have an aggregate balance of approximately \$222,039,636 as of the Cut-off Date.

Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets⁽¹⁾:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the related Mortgage Loans will have the following characteristics, aggregated on the basis of the applicable FHA insurance program:

Weighted

FHA Insurance Program	Princi Balar		Number of Trust Assets	Percent of Total Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Certificate Rate	Weighted Average Original Term to Maturity(2) (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)	Weighted Average Period from Issuance(2) (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Lockout Period (in months)	weighten Average Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period (in months)
207/223(f)	\$ 96,14	44,818	37	43.30%	3.838%	3.549%	389	386	4	0	109
223(f)	33,1	10,723	10	14.91	3.500	3.157	401	399	1	0	119
221(d)(4)/223(a)(7)	30,7	33,304	13	13.84	3.817	3.556	434	432	2	0	113
232/223(f)	30,42	25,465	13	13.70	3.830	3.564	330	328	2	0	116
232	11,00	69,417	2	4.99	4.733	4.483	451	450	1	0	119
241/232	6,04	42,125	1	2.72	5.250	5.000	215	147	68	0	52
223(f)/223(a)(7)	5,98	86,471	7	2.70	4.109	3.769	392	388	4	0	116
232/223(a)(7)	4,58	85,285	3	2.07	3.796	3.546	318	316	2	0	119
221(d)(4)	2,99	97,412	1	1.35	4.460	4.210	450	449	1	0	119
231	54	47,884	1	0.25	4.400	4.150	441	437	4	0	116
241/223(a)(7)	39	96,730	1	0.18	3.950	3.450	181	178	3	0	118
Total/Weighted Average:	\$222,03	9,636	89	100.00%	3.883%	3.596%	387	382	4	0	111

(1) As of January 1, 2015 (the "Cut-off Date"); includes Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates added to pay the Trustee Fee. Some of the columns may not foot due to rounding.

(2) Based on the issue date of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate.

The information contained in this chart has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — The Mortgage Loans" and Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Lockout Periods and Prepayment Penalties: Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 0 to 8 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 0 months. Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), which, with respect to cer-

tain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. The Mortgage Loans provide for payment of Prepayment Penalties during specified periods beginning on the applicable lockout period end date or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. In some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions. *See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" and "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement. Prepayment Penalties received by the Trust will be allocated as described in this Supplement.*

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fedwire Book-Entry System"). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. *See "Description of the Securities— Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities, you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Under certain circumstances, Class IA will be subject to mandatory exchange, with no exchange fee, for its related REMIC Securities. See *"Description of the Securities— Modification and Exchange"* in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes an Interest Only Class. *See "Description of the Securities— Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes (other than Class IA) will bear interest during each Accrual Period at per annum Interest Rates based on the Weighted Average Certificate Rate of the Ginnie Mae MultifamilyCertificates("WACR") as follows:

Each of Classes C and Z will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less 0.00010%.

Class IK will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable Interest Rates for Classes KA, KB, KD, KE, KG, KV and KZ for that Accrual Period, weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

Class IX will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable Interest Rates for Classes A, EA and VA for that Accrual Period, with the interest rate for Class A assumed to be 2.90000%, the interest rate for Class EA assumed to be 2.05000% and the interest rate for Class VA assumed to be 2.80010%, weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such DistributionDate).

Class KV will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 3.25000%

Class KZ will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR.

Class IA is a Weighted Average Coupon Class that will bear interest during each Accrual Period at an equivalent annualized rate derived by aggregating the accrued interest on its related REMIC Classes

for that Accrual Period expressed as a percentage of its outstanding notional balance for that Accrual Period, subject to certain limitations as set forth under "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange' in this Supplement.

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest during the initial Accrual Period at the following approximate Interest Rates:

Class	Approximate Initial Interest Rate
<u>C</u>	3.59569%
ΙΑ	1.15206
IK	0.87931
IX	0.87680
KV	3.25000
KZ	3.59579
Ζ	3.59569

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the "Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount") and the Accrual Amounts will be allocated in the following order of priority:

- The Z1 Accrual Amount will be allocated sequentially, to VA1 and Z1, in that order, until retired;
- The Z2 Accrual Amount will be allocated sequentially, to VA2 and Z2, in that order, until retired;
- The KZ1 Accrual Amount will be allocated sequentially, to KV1, KA, KE and KZ1, in that order, until retired;
- The KZ2 Accrual Amount will be allocated sequentially, to KV2, KB, KG and KZ2, in that order, until retired; and
- The KZ3 Accrual Amount will be allocated sequentially, to KV3, KD and KZ3, in that order, until retired.
- The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount will be allocated concurrently, as follows:
 - 1. 42.2433252252% sequentially, to A, C, VA1 and Z1, in that order, until retired;
 - 2. 10.0125207515% sequentially, to EA, VA2 and Z2, in that order, until retired;
 - 3. 25.8760287503% sequentially, to KA, KE, KV1 and KZ1, in that order, until retired;
 - 4. 11.8483656792% sequentially, to KB, KG, KV2 and KZ2, in that order, until retired; and
 - 5. 10.0197595938% sequentially, to KD, KV3 and KZ3, in that order, until retired.

Allocation of Prepayment Penalties: On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will pay 100% of any Prepayment Penalties that are collected and passed through to the Trust in the following order of priority:

1. To the extent such Class is outstanding, to Class IK, the related Prepayment Penalty Amount;

 $2. \ {\rm To} \ {\rm the} \ {\rm extent} \ {\rm such} \ {\rm Class} \ {\rm is} \ {\rm outstanding}, {\rm to} \ {\rm Class} \ {\rm XA}, \ {\rm the} \ {\rm related} \ {\rm Prepayment} \ {\rm Penalty} \ {\rm Amount}; \ {\rm and} \ {\rm and}$

3. To the extent such Class is outstanding, to Class XI, the related Prepayment Penalty Amount.

The Prepayment Penalty Amount for Class IK for each Distribution Date is an amount equal to the product of (a) 100% of any Prepayment Penalties and (b) a fraction, the numerator of which is the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of Classes KA, KB, KD, KE, KG, KV and KZ for the related Distribution Date and the denominator of which is the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of Classes A, C, EA, KA, KB, KD, KE, KG, KV, KZ, VA and Z for the related Distribution Date (in each case before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

The Prepayment Penalty Amount for Class XA for each Distribution Date is an amount equal to the product of (a) 100% of any Prepayment Penalties and (b) a fraction, the numerator of which is the Class Principal Balance of Class A for the related Distribution Date and the denominator of which is the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of Classes A, C, EA, KA, KB, KD, KE, KG, KV, KZ, VA and Z for the related Distribution Date (in each case before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

The Prepayment Penalty Amount for Class XI for each Distribution Date is an amount equal to the product of (a) 100% of any Prepayment Penalties and (b) a fraction, the numerator of which is the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of Classes C, EA, VA and Z for the related Distribution Date and the denominator of which is the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of Classes A, C, EA, KA, KB, KD, KE, KG, KV, KZ, VA and Z for the related Distribution Date (in each case before giving effect to any payments on such DistributionDate).

Accrual Classes: Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Interest Rates." However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes as interest. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Accrual Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Allocation of Principal."

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balances indicated:

Class	Original Class Notional Balance	Represents
AI	\$ 71,285,000	100% of A (SEQ Class)
IA	\$ 91,285,000	100% of A and EA (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)
	5,875,000	100% of VA (CPT/SEQ Class)
	\$ 97,160,000	
IK	\$ 95,300,000	100% of KA, KB, KD, KE and KG (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)
	10,697,100	100% of KV and KZ (in the aggregate) (CPT/SEQ Classes)
	\$105,997,100	
IX	\$ 91,285,000	100% of A and EA (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)
	5,875,000	100% of VA (CPT/SEQ Class)
	\$ 97,160,000	
ХА	\$ 71,285,000	100% of A (SEQ Class)
	\$ 33,096,000	100% of C and EA (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)
	11,632,536	100% of VA and Z (in the aggregate) (CPT/SEQ Classes)
	\$ 44,728,536	

Component Classes: For purposes of calculating distributions of principal and interest, Classes KV, KZ, VA and Z are composed of multiple components having the designations and characteristics set forth below. Components are not separately transferable from the related Class of Securities.

Class	Components	Principal Type	Interest Type	Interest Rate	Original Principal Balance
KV	KV1	SEQ	WAC/DLY	(1)	\$3,251,836
	KV2	SEQ	WAC/DLY	(1)	1,488,982
	KV3	SEQ	WAC/DLY	(1)	1,259,182
KZ	KZI	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	(2)	\$2,545,700
	KZ2	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	(2)	1,165,650
	KZ3	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	(2)	985,750
VA	VA1	SEQ	FIX	2.80000%	6 \$4,749,316
	VA2	SEQ	FIX	2.80000	1,125,684
Ζ	ZI	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	(3)	\$4,654,359
	Z2	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	(3)	1,103,177

(1) Components KV1, KV2 and KV3 will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of WACR and 3.25000%. For the initial Accrual Period, Components KV1, KV2 and KV3 will bear interest at 3.25000%.

(2) Components KZ1, KZ2 and KZ3 will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR. For the initial Accrual Period, Components KZ1, KZ2 and KZ3 will bear interest at 3.59579%.

(3) Components Z1 and Z2 will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less 0.00010%. For the initial Accrual Period, Components Z1 and Z2 will bear interest at 3.59569%.

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. *See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.*

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and represents the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC. All other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. Any historical data regarding mortgage loan prepayment rates may not be indicative of the rate of future prepayments on the underlying mortgage loans, and no assurances can be given about the rates at which the underlying mortgage loans will prepay. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will vary. Generally, following any applicable lockout period, and upon payment of any applicable prepayment penalty, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans at any time. However, borrowers cannot prepay certain mortgage loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. In addition, in the case of FHA-insured mortgage loans, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans during a lockout period, or during any statutory prepayment prohibition period or without paying any applicable prepayment penalty with the approval of FHA.

The terms of the mortgage loans may be modified to permit, among other things, a partial release of the mortgaged property securing the related mortgage loan. Partial releases of security may reduce the value of the remaining security and also allow the related borrower to sell the released property and generate proceeds that may be used to prepay the related mortgage loan in whole or in part.

In addition to voluntary prepayments, mortgage loans can be prepaid as a result of governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements, repurchases or liquidations of defaulted mortgage loans. Although under certain circumstances Ginnie Mae issuers have the option to repurchase defaulted mortgage loans from the related pool underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, they are not obligated to do so. Defaulted mortgage loans that remain in pools backing Ginnie Mae MBS certificates may be subject to governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure, which could have the same effect as voluntary prepayments on the cash flow available to pay the securities. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, issuer repurchases, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure proceedings with respect to defaulted mortgage loans and the resulting effect on the timing or rate of principal payments on your securities.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you purchased your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you purchased your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Under certain circumstances, a Ginnie Mae issuer bas the right to repurchase a defaulted mortgage loan from the related pool of mortgage loans underlying a particular Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, the effect of which would be comparable to a prepayment of such mortgage loan. At its option and without Ginnie Mae's prior consent, a Ginnie Mae issuer may repurchase any mortgage loan at an amount equal to par less any amounts previously advanced by such issuer in connection with its responsibilities as servicer of such mortgage loan to the extent that (i) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or before December 1, 2002, such mortgage loan has been delinquent for four consecutive months, and at least one delinquent payment remains uncured or (ii) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or after January 1, 2003, no payment has been made on such mortgage loan for three consecutive months. Any such repurchase will result in prepayment of the principal balance or reduction in the notional balance of the securities ultimately backed by such mortgage loan. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any such repurchases.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment and extension risk.

The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal, and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Defaults will increase the rate of prepay ment. Lending on multifamily properties and nursing facilities is generally viewed as exposing the lender to a greater risk of loss than singlefamily lending. If a mortgagor defaults on a mortgage loan and the loan is subsequently foreclosed upon or assigned to FHA for FHA insurance benefits or otherwise liquidated, the effect would be comparable to a prepayment of the mortgage loan; however, no prepayment penalty would be received. Similarly, mortgage loans as to which there is a material breach of a representation may be purchased out of the trust without the payment of a prepayment penalty. Available information about the mortgage loans is limited. Generally, neither audited financial statements nor recent appraisals are available with respect to the mortgage loans, the mortgaged properties, or the operating revenues, expenses and values of the mortgaged properties. Certain default, delinquency and other information relevant to the likelihood of prepayment of the multifamily mortgage loans underlying the Ginnie Mae multifamily certificates is made generally available to the public and holders of the securities should consult such information. The scope of such information is limited, however, and accordingly, at a time when you might be buying or selling your securities, you may not be aware of matters that, if known, would affect the value of your securities.

FHA bas authority to override lockouts and prepayment limitations. FHA insurance and certain mortgage loan and trust provisions may affect lockouts and the right to receive prepayment penalties. FHA may override any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or prepayment penalty provision with respect to the FHAinsured mortgage loans consistent with FHA policies and procedures.

With respect to certain mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f) of the Housing Act, under certain circumstances FHA lockout and prepayment limitations may be more stringent than otherwise provided for in the related note or other evidence of indebtedness. In addition to FHA's ability to override lockout or prepayment penalty provisions with respect to the FHA-insured mortgage loans as described above, investors should note that with respect to certain mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f) of the Housing Act, Section 223(f) provides, in relevant part, that the related note or other evidence of indebtedness cannot be prepaid for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, unless prior written approval from FHA is obtained. In many instances with respect to such mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f), the related lender may have provided for a lockout period lasting for a term shorter than five (5) years. Therefore, investors should consider that any prepayment

provisions following a lockout period that is shorter than five (5) years may not be effective if FHA approval is not obtained.

Holders entitled to prepayment penalties may not receive them. Prepayment penalties received by the trustee will be distributed to Classes IK, XA and XI, as applicable, as further described in this Supplement. Ginnie Mae, however, does not guarantee that mortgagors will in fact pay any prepayment penalties or that such prepayment penalties will be received by the trustee. Accordingly, holders of the classes entitled to receive prepayment penalties will receive them only to the extent that the trustee receives them. Moreover, even if the trustee distributes prepayment penalties to the holders of those classes, the additional amounts may not offset the reduction in yield caused by the corresponding prepayments.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the component, interest only, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors. Only "accredited investors," as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, who have substantial experience in mortgage-backed securities and are capable of understanding the risks should invest in the securities.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment. You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. *See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual prepayment rates of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed prepayment rates. It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected.

THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates are guaranteed by Ginnie Mae pursuant to its Ginnie Mae I Program. Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate that is greater than the related Certificate Rate.

For each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate, the difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the related Certificate Rate is used to pay the servicer of the Mortgage Loan a monthly fee for servicing the Mortgage Loan and to pay Ginnie Mae a fee for its guarantee of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate (together, the "Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate"). The per annum rate used to calculate these fees for the Mortgage Loans in the Trust is shown on Exhibit A to this Supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates included in the Trust consist of Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates (the "Trust PLCs").

Each Trust PLC will be based on and backed by one or more multifamily Mortgage Loans with an original term to maturity of generally no more than 40 years.

Each Trust PLC will provide for the payment to the registered holder of that Trust PLC of monthly payments of principal and interest equal to the aggregate amount of the scheduled monthly principal and interest payments on the Mortgage Loans underlying that Trust PLC, less applicable servicing and guaranty fees. In addition, each such payment will include any prepayments and other unscheduled recoveries of principal of, and any Prepayment Penalties on, the underlying Mortgage Loans to the extent received by the Ginnie Mae Issuer during the month preceding the month of the payment.

The Mortgage Loans

Each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate represents a beneficial interest in one or more Mortgage Loans.

Eighty-nine (89) Mortgage Loans will underlie the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. These Mortgage Loans have an aggregate balance of approximately \$222,039,636 as of the Cut-off Date, after giving effect to all payments of principal due on or before that date.

The Mortgage Loans have, on a weighted average basis, the other characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" and, on an individual basis, the characteristicsdescribed in Exhibit A to this Supplement. They also have the general characteristicsdescribed below. The Mortgage Loans consist of first lien and second lien, multifamily fixed rate mortgage loans that are secured by a lien on the borrower's fee simple estate in a multifamily property consisting of five or more dwelling units or nursing facilities and insured by FHA or coinsured by FHA and the related mortgage lender. *See "The Ginnie Mae MultifamilyCertificates— General" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular*.

FHA Insurance Programs

FHA multifamily insurance programs generally are designed to assist private and public mortgagors in obtaining financing for the construction, purchase or rehabilitation of multifamily housing pursuant to the National Housing Act of 1934 (the "Housing Act"). Mortgage Loans are provided by FHA-approved institutions, which include mortgage banks, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, insurance companies, pension funds, state and local housing finance agencies and certain other approved entities. Mortgage Loans insured under the programs described below will have such maturities and amortization features as FHA may approve, provided that generally the minimum

mortgage loan term will be at least ten years and the maximum mortgage loan term will not exceed the lesser of 40 years and 75 percent of the estimated remaining economic life of the improvements on the mortgaged property. Tenant eligibility for FHA-insured projects generally is not restricted by income, except for projects as to which rental subsidies are made available with respect to some or all the units therein or to specified tenants.

The following is a summary of the various FHA insurance programs under which the Mortgage Loans are insured. To the extent a Mortgage Loan is insured under multiple FHA insurance programs, you should read each applicable FHA insurance program description.

Section 207 (Mortgage Insurance for Multifamily Housing). Section 207 of the Housing Act provides for federal insurance of mortgage loans originated by FHA-approved lenders in connection with the construction or substantial rehabilitation of multifamily housing projects, which includes manufactured home parks.

Section 221(d) (Housing for Moderate Income and Displaced Families). Section 221(d)(4) of the Housing Act provides for mortgage insurance to assist private industry in the construction or substantial rehabilitation of rental and cooperative housing for low- and moderate-income families and families that have been displaced as a result of urban renewal, governmental actions or disaster.

Section 223(a)(7) (Refinancing of FHA-Insured Mortgages). Section 223(a)(7) of the Housing Act permits FHA to refinance existing insured mortgage loans under any section or title of the Housing Act. Such refinancing results in prepayment of the existing insured mortgage. The new, refinanced mortgage loan is limited to the original principal amount of the existing mortgage loan and the unexpired term of the existing mortgage loan plus 12 years.

Section 223(f) (Purchase or Refinancing of Existing Projects). Section 223(f) of the Housing Act provides for federal insurance of mortgage loans originated by FHA-approved lenders in connection with the purchase or refinancing of existing multifamily housing complexes, hospitals and nursing homes that do not require substantial rehabilitation. The principal objective of the Section 223(f) program is to permit the refinancing of mortgage loans to provide for a lower debt service or the purchase of existing properties in order to preserve an adequate supply of affordable rental housing. Such projects may have been financed originally with conventional or FHA-insured mortgage loans.

Section 231 (Mortgage Insurance for Rental Housing for the Elderly). Section 231 of the Housing Act provides for insurance of mortgage loans to facilitate the construction and substantial rehabilitation of multifamily rental housing for elderly (62 or older) or disabled persons. The mortgage insurance may be used to finance the construction and substantial rehabilitation of detached, semi-detached, walk-up or elevator type rental housing designed specifically for elderly or disabled individuals consisting of 8 or more dwelling units. Section 231 was designed to increase the supply of rental housing specifically for the use and occupancy of elderly and/or disabled persons.

Section 232 (Mortgage Insurance for Nursing Homes, Immediate Care Facilities and Board and Care Homes). Section 232 of the Housing Act provides for FHA insurance of private construction mortgage loans to finance new or rehabilitated nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, board and care homes, assisted living for the frail or elderly or allowable combinations thereof, including equipment to be used in their operation. Section 232 also provides for supplemental loans to finance the purchase and installation of fire safety equipment in these facilities.

Section 241 (Supplemental Loans for Multifamily Projects) Section 241 of the Housing Act provides for FHA insurance to finance property improvements, energy-conserving improvements, supple-

mental increases or additions to any FHA-insured multifamily loan. The overall purpose of the Section 241 loan program is to provide a project with a means to remain competitive, to extend its economic life and to finance the replacement of obsolete equipment without the refinancing of the existing mortgage.

Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans

Mortgage Rates; Calculations of Interest. The Mortgage Loans bear interest at Mortgage Rates that will remain fixed for their remaining terms. All of the Mortgage Loans accrue interest on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. *See "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement*

Due Dates. Monthly payments on the Mortgage Loans are due on the first day of each month.

Amortization. The Mortgage Loans are generally fully-amortizing over their remaining terms to stated maturity. However, certain of the Mortgage Loans may amortize based on their contractual payments to stated maturity, at which time the unpaid principal balance plus accrued interest thereon is due.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans may provide that, if the related borrower makes a partial principal prepayment, such borrower will not be in default if it fails to make any subsequent scheduled payment of principal provided that such borrower continues to pay interest in a timely manner and the unpaid principal balance of such Mortgage Loan at the time of such failure is at or below what it would otherwise be in accordance with its amortization schedule if such partial principal prepayment had not been made. Under certain circumstances, the Mortgage Loans also permit the reamortization thereof if prepayments are received as a result of condemnation or insurance payments with respect to the related Mortgaged Property.

Level Payments. Although the Mortgage Loans (other than the Mortgage Loans designated by Pool Numbers AJ1987 and AK0956) currently have amortization schedules that provide for level monthly payments, the amortization schedules of substantially all of the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans are subject to change upon the approval of FHA that may result in non-level payments.

In the case of Pool Number AJ1987, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2015 through, and including,	
September 2017	\$4,065.36
From October 2017 through, and including, August 2044	\$1,573.34
In September 2044	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principalplus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number AK0956, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2015 through, and including,	
December 2019	\$8,359.47
From January 2020 through, and including,	
November 2049	\$7,387.48
In December 2049	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principalplus accrued interest thereon.

Furthermore, in the absence of a change in the amortization schedule of the Mortgage Loans, Mortgage Loans that provide for level monthly payments may still receive non-level payments as a result of the fact that, at any time:

- FHA may permit any FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid in whole or in part without regard to any lockout period, statutory prepayment prohibition period or Prepayment Penalty; and
- condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under any Mortgage Loan by reason of a default may result in prepayment.

"Due-on-Sale" Provisions. The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" clauses restricting sale or other transfer of the related Mortgaged Property. Any transfer of the Mortgaged Property is subject to HUD review and approval under the terms of HUD's Regulatory Agreement with the owner, which is incorporated by reference into the mortgage.

Prepayment Restrictions Certain of the Mortgage Loans have lockout provisions that prohibit voluntary prepayment for a number of years following origination. These Mortgage Loans have remaining lockout terms that range from 0 to 8 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout term of approximately 0 months. Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. The enforceability of these lockout provisions under certain state laws is unclear.

The Mortgage Loans have a period (a "Prepayment Penalty Period") during which voluntary prepayments must be accompanied by a prepayment penalty equal to a specified percentage of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan being prepaid (each, a "Prepayment Penalty"). Each Prepayment Penalty Period will follow the termination of the applicable lockout period or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. *See "Characteristicsof the Ginnie Mae MultifamilyCertificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement*.

Exhibit A to this Supplement sets forth, for each Mortgage Loan, as applicable, a description of the related Prepayment Penalty, the period during which the Prepayment Penalty applies and the first month in which the borrower may prepay the Mortgage Loan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, FHA guidelines require all of the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans to include a provision that allows FHA to override any lockout and/or Prepayment Penalty provisions in accordance with FHA policies and procedures. Additionally, FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be prepaid in whole or in part without regard to any statutory or contractual prepayment prohibition period in accordance with FHA policies and procedures.

Coinsurance. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may be federally insured under FHA coinsurance programs that provide for the retention by the mortgage lender of a portion of the mortgage insurance risk that otherwise would be assumed by FHA under the applicable FHA insurance program. As part of such coinsurance programs, FHA delegates to mortgage lenders approved by FHA for participation in such coinsurance programs certain underwriting functions generally performed by FHA. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such mortgage loans were underwritten in conformity with FHA underwriting guidelines applicable to mortgage loans that were solely federally insured or that the default risk with respect to coinsured mortgage loans is comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans gen-

erally. As a result, there can be no assurance that the likelihood of future default or the rate of prepayment on coinsured Mortgage Loans will be comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on the Trust Assets in payment of the Trustee Fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. *See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular*. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See "Description of the Securities" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained in book-entry form and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee located at U.S. Bank National Association, One Federal St., 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, Attention: Ginnie Mae Program Agency Group 2015-005. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (617) 603-6451 and by fax at (617) 603-6644. *See "Description of the Securities— Forms of Securities; Book-EntryProcedures" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.*

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial notional balance.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date, as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the related Record Date. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. *See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed (or accrued, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. *See "— Class Factors" below.*

Categories of Classes and Components

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement and Components will be categorized as shown under "Terms Sheet — Component Classes" in this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the interest entitlements of the Classes and Components are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Period

The Accrual Period for each Regular and MX Class is the calendar month preceding the related DistributionDate.

Fixed Rate Classes

The Fixed Rate Classes will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rates shown on the front cover or on Schedule I of this Supplement.

Weighted Average Coupon Classes

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest as shown under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

The Trustee's calculation of the Interest Rates will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae's Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae's website ("e-Access"), or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Classes

Each of Class KZ and Class Z is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes and be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes" in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the Accrual Amounts will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described above under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement.

Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. *See "— Class Factors" below.*

Categories of Classes and Components

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement and Components will be categorized as shown under "Terms Sheet — Component Classes" in this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the principal entitlements of the Classes and Components are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Component Classes

Each of Class KV, Class KZ, Class VA and Class Z is a Component Class and has Components with the designations and characteristics shown under "Terms Sheet — Component Classes" in this Supplement. Components will not be separately issued or transferable.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Classes" in this Supplement.

PrepaymentPenalty Distributions

The Trustee will distribute any Prepayment Penalties that are received by the Trust during the related interest Accrual Period as described in "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Prepayment Penalties" in this Supplement.

ResidualSecurities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to

be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of an Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for each month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in any Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) that Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See "Description of the Securities— Distributions" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. On any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of any Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year, the Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holder's will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modificationand Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the front cover may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Classes of REMIC Securities. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

Each MX Class that is a Weighted Average Coupon Class will accrue interest as described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement. For Class IA, in the event that either (1) the Interest Rate of such MX Class will equal or exceed 1,200% per annum for any Accrual Period, or (2) the Class Notional Balance of Class IA will be reduced to zero on any Distribution Date, the Trustee will, prior to

the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the related Distribution Date in the first case, and prior to the related Distribution Date on which the Class Notional Balance of such MX Class would be reduced to zero in the second case, effect a mandatory exchange of such MX Class for its related REMIC Securities. Thereafter, no further exchanges of such REMIC Securities will be permitted.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal or notional balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee by email to USBGNMATEAM@USBank.comor in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at One Federal St., 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, Attention: Ginnie Mae Program Agency Group 2015-005. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (617) 603-6451 and by fax at (617) 603-6644.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (or notional balance) of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000); provided, however, that no fee will be payable in respect of a mandatory exchange described above; and provided, further, that no fee will be payable in respect of an interest only security, unless all securities involved in the exchange are interest only securities. If the notional balance of the interest only securities surrendered exceeds that of the interest only securities received; the fee will be based on the latter. The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See "Description of the Securities— Modification and Exchange" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- Mortgage Loan principal payments may be in the form of scheduled or unscheduled amortization.
- The terms of each Mortgage Loan provide that, following any applicable lockout period and upon payment of any applicable Prepayment Penalty, the Mortgage Loan may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions. *See "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement*
- The condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loan by reason of default may also result in a prepayment at any time.

Mortgage Loan prepayment rates are likely to fluctuate over time. No representation is made as to the expected Weighted Average Lives of the Securities or the percentage of the original unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loans that will be paid to Holders at any particular time. A number of factors may influence the prepayment rate.

- While some prepayments occur randomly, the payment behavior of the Mortgage Loans may be influenced by a variety of economic, tax, geographic, demographic, legal and other factors.
- These factors may include the age, geographic distribution and payment terms of the Mortgage Loans; remaining depreciable lives of the underlying properties; characteristics of the borrowers; amount of the borrowers' equity; the availability of mortgage financing; in a fluctuating interest rate environment, the difference between the interest rates on the Mortgage Loans and prevailing mortgage interest rates; the extent to which the Mortgage Loans are assumed or refinanced or the underlying properties are sold or conveyed; changes in local industry and population as they affect vacancy rates; population migration; and the attractiveness of other investment alternatives.
- These factors may also include the application of (or override by FHA of) lockout periods, statutory prepayment prohibition periods or the assessment of Prepayment Penalties. For a more detailed description of the lockout and Prepayment Penalty provisions of the Mortgage Loans, see "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

No representation is made concerning the particular effect that any of these or other factors may have on the prepayment behavior of the Mortgage Loans. The relative contribution of these or other factors may vary over time.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

- As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.
- Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. *See "Description of the Securities— Termination" in this Supplement*

The terms of the Mortgage Loans may be modified to permit, among other things, a partial release of security, which releases a portion of the mortgaged property from the lien securing the related Mortgage Loan. Partial releases of security may allow the related borrower to sell the released property and generate proceeds that may be used to prepay the related Mortgage Loan in whole or in part.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. *See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Mortgage Loans" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.*

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

• The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.

• According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the characteristics shown under "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

2. There are no voluntary prepayments during any lockout period. With respect to Mortgage Loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), FHA approves prepayments made by borrowers after any applicable lockout period expires to the extent that any statutory prepayment prohibition period applies.

3. The Mortgage Loans prepay at 100% PLD (as defined under "— Prepayment Assumptions" in this Supplement) and, beginning on the applicable Lockout End Date or, to the extent that no lockout period applies or the remaining lockout period is 0, the Closing Date, at the constant percentages of CPR (described below) shown in the related table.

4. The Issue Date, Lockout End Date and Prepayment Penalty End Date of each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate is the first day of the month indicated on Exhibit A.

5. Distributions on the Securities, including all distributions of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans, are always received on the 16th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in February 2015.

6. One hundred percent (100%) of the Prepayment Penalties are received by the Trustee and distributed as described in "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Prepayment Penalties" in this Supplement.

7. A termination of the Trust does not occur.

8. The Closing Date for the Securities is January 30, 2015.

9. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee, which is paid as described under "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates— The Trustee Fee" in this Supplement.

10. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part including that there is no mandatory exchange of Class IA.

11. There are no modifications or waivers with respect to any terms including lockout periods and prepayment periods.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, many Distribution Dates will occur on the first Business Day after the 16th day of the month, prepayments may not occur during the Prepayment Penalty Period and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors, Corrected Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities— Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Prepayment Assumptions

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. One of the models used in this Supplement is the constant prepayment rate ("CPR") model, which represents an assumed constant rate of voluntary prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. *See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations— Prepayment AssumptionModels" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.*

In addition, this Supplement uses another model to measure involuntary prepayments. This model is the Project Loan Default or PLD model provided by the Sponsor. The PLD model represents an assumed rate of involuntary prepayments each month as specified in the table below (the "PLD Model Rates"), in each case expressed as a per annum percentage of the then-outstandingprincipal balance of each of the Mortgage Loans in relation to its loan age. For example, 0% PLD represents 0% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 50% PLD represents 50% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 100% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; and so forth.

The following PLD model table was prepared on the basis of 100% PLD. Ginnie Mae had no part in the development of the PLD model and makes no representation as to the accuracy or reliability of the PLD model.

Project Loan Default									
Mortgage Loan Age (in months)(1)	Involuntary Prepayment Default Rate(2)								
1-12	1.30%								
13-24	2.47								
25-36	2.51								
37-48	2.20								
49-60	2.13								
61-72	1.46								
73-84	1.26								
85-96	0.80								
97-108	0.57								
109-168	0.50								
169-240	0.25								
241-maturity	0.00								

(1) For purposes of the PLD model, Mortgage Loan Age means the number of months elapsed since the Issue Date indicated on Exhibit A.

(2) Assumes that involuntary prepayments start immediately.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of CPR (the "CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates") and 100% PLD. It is unlikely that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any of the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates, and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans is unlikely to follow the pattern described for the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates.

Decrement Tables

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each CPR Prepayment Assumption Rate and the PLD percentage rates indicated above for the Mortgage Loans. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of a Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional balance, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Modeling Assumptions.

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no Weighted Average Life. The Weighted Average Life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

	CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates																			
		Classes	5 A, AI a	und XA				Class C				(Class EA	1			Class	es IA ar	d IX	
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2016	96	89	77	64	45	100	100	100	100	100	96	91	80	69	53	96	90	79	67	50
January 2017	90	78	56	37	12	100	100	100	100	100	92	82	63	47	26	91	80	60	42	20
January 2018	85	68	40	17	0	100	100	100	100	65	87	73	49	30	10	86	70	45	24	7
January 2019	80	59	27	4	ŏ	100	100	100	100	7	83	65	38	19	1	81	62	32	12	5
January 2020	75	51	16	0	Õ	100	100	100	66	Ó	79	59	29	10	0	76	54	22	7	Ó
January 2021	71	44	7	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	100	27	ŏ	75	53	21	4	ŏ	72	48	14	5	ŏ
January 2022	67	37	ó	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	100	-0	ŏ	72	47	16	0	ŏ	68	41	8	4	ŏ
January 2023	64	32	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	69	ŏ	ŏ	69	42	11	ŏ	ŏ	65	36	6	1	ŏ
January 2024	60	26	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	44	ŏ	ŏ	66	38	7	ŏ	ŏ	62	31	5	0	ŏ
January 2025	57	21	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	23	ŏ	ŏ	63	34	4	ŏ	ŏ	58	26	4	ŏ	ŏ
January 2026	53	17	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	-5	ŏ	ŏ	60	30	1	ŏ	ŏ	55	21	3	ŏ	ŏ
January 2027	50	12	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ó	ŏ	ŏ	57	26	0	ŏ	ŏ	51	17	1	ŏ	ŏ
January 2028	46	8	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	55	23	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	48	13	0	ŏ	ő
January 2029	43	5	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	52	19	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	44	10	ŏ	ŏ	Ő
January 2030	40	1	ő	Ő	Ő	100	100	ŏ	ő	ŏ	49	17	ő	ŏ	Ő	41	6	ő	ŏ	0
January 2031	36	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	90	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	46	14	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	38	4	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2032	33	ŏ	0	0	Ő	100	75	ŏ	0	ŏ	43	12	0	ŏ	Ő	34	3	ŏ	0	Ő
January 2033	29	0	0	0	0	100	60	0	0	0	40	9	0	0	0	31	3	0	0	0
January 2034	26	0	0	0	0	100	46	ő	0	ő	37	7	0	0	0	27	2	ő	ő	0
	20	0	0	0	0	100	33	0	0	Ő	34	5	0	0	0	23	1	0	0	0
January 2035 January 2036	19	0	0	0	0	100	21	0	0	0	31	3	0	0	0	23 20	1	0	0	0
January 2037	19	0	0	0	0	100	10	0	0	0	28	2	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0
January 2038	11	0	0	0	0	100	10	0	0	0	20 25	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0
	8	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	0
January 2039 January 2040	4	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0
2 ,	0	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
January 2041	0	0	0	0	0	82	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
January 2042	0	0	0	0	0	63	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	2 2	0	0	0	0
January 2043 January 2044	0	0	0	0	0	44	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
January 2045	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2046		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2047	0	~	~	~			~	~	~											
January 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2049			~	~			0	~	~				~	~			~	~	~	
January 2050	0	0	0	0	0	0	~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2051	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2052	0	0	0	0	0		0	~	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2053	0	0	0	0	•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2054	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	10.0	()	o -	1 7	1.0	20.0	10.0	0.0			1/0	0.0	a -		1 /	10 7	< -	2.2	0.1	1.2
Life (years)	12.3	6.0	2.7	1.7	1.0	28.8	18.9	8.9	5.5	3.3	14.8	8.0	3.7	2.3	1.4	12.7	6.7	3.3	2.1	1.3

								CP	R Prepa	yment .	Assumpti	ion Rat	es							
		(lass IK				C	lass KA	L			C	lass KB				С	lass KI)	
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2016	97	92	82	73	58	95	88	74	59	38	96	89	77	64	45	96	91	80	69	53
January 2017	93	84	67	52	33	89	76	51	29	1	90	78	56	37	12	92	82	63	47	26
January 2018	88	76	54	37	19	83	64	32	7	0	85	68	40	18	0	87	73	49	30	10
January 2019	85	69	44	27	11	77	54	17	0	0	80	59	27	4	0	83	65	38	19	1
January 2020	81	63	36	19	6	72	45	5	0	0	75	51	16	0	0	79	59	29	10	0
January 2021	78	57	29	14	4	67	37	0	0	0	71	44	7	0	0	75	52	21	4	0
January 2022	75	52	24	10	2	63	29	0	0	0	67	37	0	0	0	72	47	15	0	0
January 2023	72	48	20	7	1	59	23	0	0	0	64	32	0	0	0	69	42	11	0	0
January 2024	70	44	16	5	1	55	17	0	0	0	60	26	0	0	0	66	38	7	0	0
January 2025	67	40	13	4	0	51	11	0	0	0	57	21	0	0	0	63	33	3	0	0
January 2026	64	37	11	3	0	47	6	0	0	0	53	17	0	0	0	60	30	1	0	0
January 2027	62	33	9	2	0	43	1	0	0	0	50	12	0	0	0	57	26	0	0	0
January 2028	59	30	7	1	0	39	0	0	0	0	46	8	0	0	0	55	23	0	0	0
January 2029	57	28	6	1	0	36	0	0	0	0	43	5	0	0	0	52	19	0	0	0
January 2030	54	25	5	1	0	32	0	0	0	0	40	1	0	0	0	49	17	0	0	0
January 2031	52	23	4	1	0	28	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	46	14	0	0	0
January 2032	49	20	3	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	43	12	0	0	0
January 2033	46	18	2	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	40	2	0	0	0
January 2034	44	16	2	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	37	7	0	0	0
January 2035	41	15	2	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	34	5	0	0	0
January 2036	38	13	1	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	31	3	0	0	0
January 2037	35	11	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	28	2	0	0	0
January 2038	33	10	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	0
January 2039	30	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	~	/	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0
January 2040	27 24	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0
January 2041	24 21		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14 11	0	0	0	0
January 2042		5 4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	~	0	0	0
January 2043 January 2044	19 16	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8 4	0	0	0	0
January 2045	14	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	0	0	0	0
January 2046	14	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2047	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2048	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2049	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2050	2	0	0	ő	0	0	0	ő	ő	ő	0	0	ő	0	0	0	ő	0	ő	0
January 2051	2	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	Ő	ő	Ő	ő	ŏ	ő	ő	ő	ŏ	ő
January 2052	1	ő	Ő	ŏ	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	ő	0	ő	ő	0	ŏ	0	ő	ő	ő	0
January 2053	0	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2054	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2055	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
Weighted Average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Life (years)	16.8	10.0	4.9	3.0	1.8	10.7	5.0	2.3	1.4	0.8	12.3	6.0	2.7	1.7	1.0	14.7	8.0	3.7	2.3	1.4

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

								CF	R Prep	ayment	Assumpt	ion Rat	es							
		(lass KI	3			(lass Kl	F			C	lass KO	ŕ			C	lass KV	7	
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2016	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97	97	97	97	97
January 2017	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	94	94	94	94	94
January 2018	100	100	100	100	40	100	100	100	100	49	100	100	100	100	65	91	91	91	91	91
January 2019	100	100	100	74	4	100	100	100	83	5	100	100	100	100	6	88	88	88	88	88
January 2020	100	100	100	40	Ō	100	100	100	50	Ó	100	100	100	66	ŏ	85	85	85	85	17
January 2021	100	100	85	17	0	100	100	91	20	0	100	100	100	27	0	81	81	81	81	0
January 2022	100	100	62	0	Õ	100	100	76	Ő	Õ	100	100	100	0	Õ	78	78	78	76	Õ
January 2023	100	100	43	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	52	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	69	ŏ	ŏ	74	74	74	23	ŏ
January 2024	100	100	27	Õ	Õ	100	100	33	Õ	Õ	100	100	43	Ő	Ő	70	70	70	0	Õ
January 2025	100	100	14	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	17	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	22	ŏ	ŏ	66	66	66	ŏ	ŏ
January 2026	100	100	3	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	4	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	5	ŏ	ŏ	62	62	62	ŏ	ŏ
January 2027	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	0	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ó	ŏ	ŏ	58	58	34	ŏ	ŏ
January 2028	100	90	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	93	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	ő	54	54	1	ŏ	ŏ
January 2029	100	78	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	86	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	49	49	0	ŏ	ŏ
January 2030	100	66	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	79	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	44	44	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2031	100	56	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	68	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	91	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	40	40	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2032	100	46	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	56	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	75	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	35	35	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2033	100	37	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	45	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	60	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	29	29	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2034	100	28	ŏ	0	ŏ	100	35	0	Ő	Ő	100	46	ŏ	ŏ	ő	24	24	ŏ	0	ŏ
January 2035	100	20	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	25	ŏ	ő	ŏ	100	33	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	18	18	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2036	100	13	ő	ő	ŏ	100	16	ő	Ő	Ő	100	21	ő	ő	ő	13	13	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2037	100	6	ő	ő	ő	100	7	ő	Ő	Ő	100	10	ő	ő	Ő	15	15	ő	ŏ	ŏ
January 2038	100	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	ó	ŏ	ő	ŏ	100	0	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	1	ó	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2039	86	Ő	Ő	ő	ő	91	ŏ	ő	Ő	Ő	100	ő	ő	ő	Ő	0	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ
January 2040	72	ŏ	Ő	ő	ŏ	82	ŏ	ő	Ő	Ő	100	0	ő	ő	Ő	ŏ	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ
January 2040	57	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	70	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	93	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2042	44	Ő	ŏ	ő	ŏ	54	ŏ	ő	Ő	Ő	71	ő	ő	ő	Ő	ŏ	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ
January 2043	30	Ő	Ő	ő	ő	37	ŏ	0	Ő	Ő	49	ő	ő	ő	Ő	ő	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ
January 2049	17	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	21	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	27	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2045	4	Ő	Ő	ő	ŏ	5	ő	Ő	0	0	6	ő	ő	ő	0	ő	ő	ő	ő	ŏ
January 2046	0	Ő	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ó	ő	ő	0	0	Ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ő	ő	ŏ	ő	ŏ
January 2047	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	Ő	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2048	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ
January 2049	ő	Ő	Ő	ő	ő	0	ő	ő	0	0	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ő	ő	ŏ	ő	ŏ
January 2050	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ő	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ő	Ő
January 2051	0	Ő	Ő	ő	ő	0	ő	ő	0	0	ŏ	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ő	ő	ŏ	ő	ŏ
January 2052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2053	0	Ő	ŏ	0	0	0	0	0	Ő	0	0	0	ő	ő	Ő	Ő	0	ő	0	ő
January 2054	0	Ő	Ő	0	ŏ	0	ő	0	Ő	Ő	0	0	ŏ	ŏ	ő	ŏ	0	ŏ	0	ŏ
January 2055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0
Life (years)	26.6	16.9	7.8	4.8	2.9	27.1	17.6	8.2	5.1	3.0	28.0	18.9	8.9	5.5	3.3	13.1	13.1	9.8	6.8	4.3
•																				

								CF	R Prep	ayment	Assumpt	ion Rat	es							
		(lass K7	z			(lass VA	<u> </u>			(lass XI	[Class Z		
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2016	104	104	104	104	104	96	96	96	96	96	98	96	91	86	79	104	104	104	104	104
January 2017	107	107	107	107	107	93	93	93	93	93	96	92	84	76	67	107	107	107	107	107
January 2018	111	111	111	111	111	89	89	89	89	89	94	88	77	69	49	111	111	111	111	111
January 2019	115	115	115	115	115	85	85	85	85	85	92	85	72	64	28	115	115	115	115	115
January 2020	120	120	120	120	120	81	81	81	81	7	91	81	68	50	16	120	120	120	120	120
January 2021	124	124	124	124	82	76	76	76	76	0	89	79	65	36	9	124	124	124	124	73
January 2022	129	129	129	129	47	72	72	72	71	ŏ	88	76	62	26	5	129	129	129	129	42
January 2023	133	133	133	133	27	67	67	67	12	Ŏ	86	74	51	19	3	133	133	133	133	24
January 2024	138	138	138	118	16	63	63	63	0	0	85	72	42	14	2	138	138	138	105	14
January 2025	143	143	143	85	9	58	58	58	0	0	84	70	34	10	1	143	143	143	76	8
January 2026	148	148	148	61	5	53	53	53	Ő	Ŏ	82	69	28	7	1	148	148	148	55	5
January 2027	154	154	154	44	3	47	47	22	0	0	81	67	23	5	0	154	154	154	39	3
January 2028	159	159	159	32	2	42	42	0	0	0	80	65	18	4	0	159	159	144	28	2
January 2029	165	165	131	23	1	36	36	Ő	Ő	Ŏ	78	64	15	3	Õ	165	165	117	20	1
January 2030	171	171	106	16	1	30	30	0	0	0	77	63	12	2	0	171	171	95	15	1
January 2031	177	177	86	12	0	24	24	0	0	0	76	59	10	1	0	177	177	77	10	0
January 2032	184	184	70	8	0	18	18	0	0	0	75	53	8	1	0	184	184	62	7	0
January 2033	190	190	56	6	0	12	12	0	0	0	73	48	6	1	0	190	190	50	5	0
January 2034	197	197	45	4	0	5	5	0	0	0	72	43	5	0	0	197	197	40	4	0
January 2035	204	204	36	3	0	0	Ő	0	0	0	71	38	4	0	0	202	202	32	3	0
January 2036	212	212	28	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	34	3	0	0	202	202	25	2	0
January 2037	219	219	22	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	68	30	3	0	0	202	202	20	1	0
January 2038	227	227	18	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	26	2	0	0	202	202	16	1	0
January 2039	235	197	14	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	23	2	0	0	202	176	12	1	0
January 2040	244	169	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	19	1	0	0	202	151	9	0	0
January 2041	252	143	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	16	1	0	0	202	128	7	0	0
January 2042	261	121	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	14	1	0	0	202	108	5	0	0
January 2043	271	101	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	12	1	0	0	202	90	4	0	0
January 2044	281	83	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	9	0	0	0	202	74	3	0	0
January 2045	291	66	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	8	0	0	0	202	59	2	0	0
January 2046	262	53	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	6	0	0	0	202	48	2	0	0
January 2047	212	41	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	5	0	0	0	189	37	1	0	0
January 2048	160	29	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	3	0	0	0	143	26	1	0	0
January 2049	106	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	2	0	0	0	95	17	0	0	0
January 2050	53	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	48	8	0	0	0
January 2051	37	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	33	5	0	0	0
January 2052	21	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	18	3	0	0	0
January 2053	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	0
January 2054	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
January 2055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average			-																	,
Life (years)	33.4	28.1	17.6	11.6	7.1	11.0	11.0	9.0	6.5	4.2	23.9	16.4	8.4	5.2	3.1	34.2	28.1	17.1	11.3	6.9

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price and the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates or the yield of any Class.**

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular or MX Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

• Investors in Class IA should consider that differing rates of reduction in the related REMIC Securities may ultimately cause such Class to be exchanged for the related REMIC Securities.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayment during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 0 to 8 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 0 months and a weighted average remaining term to maturity of approximately 382 months.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans.

- The Mortgage Loans also provide for payment of a Prepayment Penalty in connection with prepayments for a period extending beyond the lockout period or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. *See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates— Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" and "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.* The required payment of a Prepayment Penalty may not be a sufficient disincentive to prevent a borrower from voluntarily prepaying a Mortgage Loan.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions.

Information relating to lockout periods, statutory prepayment prohibition periods and Prepayment Penalties is contained under *"Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans*" and *"Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations*" in this Supplement and in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate and Delay Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate or Delay Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because on any Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by:

- 1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest, and
- 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumption that the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

Sensitivity of Class AI to Prepayments Assumed Price 5.875%*

	CPR Prepayment A	Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
5.6%	(22.2)%	(54.3)%	**

Sensitivity of Class IA to Prepayments Assumed Price 8.5%*

	CPR Prepayment	Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
3.6%	3.1%	7.7%	17.7%

Sensitivity of Class IK to Prepayments Assumed Price 7.0%*

	CPR Prepayment	Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
3.3%	3.0%	7.9%	18.5%

Sensitivity of Class IX to Prepayments Assumed Price 4.5%*

	CPR Prepaymen	t Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
5.9%	(12.3)%	(32.2)%	(65.3)%

Sensitivity of Class XA to Prepayments Assumed Price 1.875%*

	CPR Prepayment	t Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
(2.6)%	52.7%	125.5%	304.1%

Sensitivity of Class XI to Prepayments Assumed Price 2.4375%*

	CPR Prepayment	t Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
(2.1)%	51.5%	117.6%	273.2%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

** Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, describes the material United States federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these

two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all United States federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for United States federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for United States federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Notional and Accrual Classes of Regular Securities will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of Regular Securities may be issued with OID. See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Original Issue Discount," "— Variable Rate Securities" and "— Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.

The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 15% CPR and 100% PLD (as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates actually will occur. *See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.*

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

ResidualSecurities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, i.e., the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITs, as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for United States federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. Even though the Holders of the Residual Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Residual Securities, the Trust REMICs may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, the Holders of the Residual Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain United States federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities", "—Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes" and "— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.

Foreign Account Tax ComplianceAct

A Holder of a Regular or MX Security who is not a U.S. Person should be aware of recent legislation commonly known as FATCA and related administrativeguidance that impose a 30% United States withholding tax on certain payments (which include interest payments in respect of Regular and MX Securities and will include gross proceeds, including the return of principal, from the sale or other disposition, including redemptions, of such Securities beginning January 1, 2017) made to a non-United States entity that fails to take required steps to provide information regarding its "United States accounts" or its direct or indirect "substantial United States owners," as applicable, or to certify that it has no such accounts or owners. Foreign investors should consult their own tax advisors regarding the application and impact of this legislation based upon their particular circumstances.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the United States federal, state, local, foreign and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participationstherein underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a "Plan"), solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See "ERISA Considerations" in the MultifamilyBase Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer the Regular and MX Classes to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest, from January 1, 2015. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) and (2) the Original Component Principal Balance of each Component of each related Class will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Sidley Austin LLP, for the Trust by Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C. and for the Trustee by Nixon Peabody LLP.

					Available	Available Combinations (1)	E			Schedule I
		REMIC Securities	urities				MX Securities	S		
	Class		Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
	Comb	Combination 1								
	Ν		\$21,385,500	IA(6)	\$97,160,000	\$97,160,000 NTL(CPT/SEQ)	(\mathcal{S})	WAC/IO/DLY		38378X6S5 November 2054
	IX		97,160,000)				
	XA		71,285,000							
	Χ		44,728,536							
	Comb	Combination 2								
	KE		\$ 6.350.000	KF	\$10,000,000	SEO	3.00000%	FIX	38378X6R7	Anril 2046
	KG		3,650,000) I				
		-		-						
S	(I) A	All exchanges n	(1) All exchanges must comply with minimum denomination restrictions.	unum d	enomination restr.	ictions.				
-I-1	(2) T	The amount she hat Class, assun	The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.	Class repressued on t	esents the maximulation be Closing Date.	um Original Clas	ss Principal E	salance (or origir	nal Class Noti	onal Balance) of
	(3) A	As defined unde	As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.	Appendix	I to the Multifami	ly Base Offering	Circular.			
	(4) S	Gee "Yield, Matu	See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.	nt Conside	rations — Final L	Distribution Date	" in this Supt	olement.		
	(5) T	The Interest Rate	The Interest Rate will be calculated as described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.	as describ	ed under "Terms	Sheet — Interesi	t Rates" in th	is Supplement.		
	(6) (6) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	In the event that either (1) Class Notional Balance of tl on the last Business Day o related Distribution Date or mandatory exchange of this Securities will be permitted.	In the event that either (1) the Interest Rate of this MX Class will equal or exceed 1,200% per annum for any Accrual Period, or (2) the Class Notional Balance of this MX Class will be reduced to zero on any Distribution Date, the Trustee will, prior to the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the related Distribution Date in the first case, and prior to the related Distribution Date on which the Class Notional Balance of this MX Class would be reduced to zero in the second case, effect a mandatory exchange of this MX Class for its related REMIC Securities and, thereafter, in either case, no further exchanges of such REMIC Securities will be permitted.	erest Rate Class will alendar m 1 the Class ass for its	of this MX Class be reduced to ze onth immediately s Notional Balanc related REMIC Se	will equal or ex- rro on any Distril - preceding the 1 - of this MX Cla :curities and, thei	ceed 1,200% bution Date, related Distri ass would be reafter, in eit	per annum for the Trustee will, bution Date in t e reduced to zer her case, no furt	any Accrual F prior to the c he first case, o in the seco her exchange	'eriod, or (2) the close of business and prior to the nd case, effect a s of such REMIC

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Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans⁽¹⁾

Total Remainin

Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Peralty Period	(mos.)(8)†	119	118	118	119	30	118	110	120	52	120	119	119	119	119	118	120	119	120	110	120	119	119	119	119	58	611	118	118	120	118	118	110	118	117	118	120	118	120	117	120	110	118	118	117	119	119	118
Remaining Lockout and Remaining Prepayment Lockout Period Period	' ≿l	N/A	N/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	0 N/N	W/M	N/A	0	0	0	0	N/A	V/N	N/A	0	N/A	0	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	0 N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
t t	Code(6)	v	< <	V	V	۲¢	д <	5 0	90	D	в	E i	а -	4 4	< <		в	۲¢	я -	4 4	¢ m	A	A (⊳ ر	V	Ш	¥ ª	γ	V	а <	< <	Y	£1 ⊲	V	A.	< ت	0	¥٩	ЯΗ	V	B.	4	V	¥.	V	V	V.	¢۵
Prepayment Penalty End	Date(5)†	Jan-25	Dec-24	Dec-24	Jan-25	Aug-17	Feb-25 Dec-24	Eah-25	Feb-25	Jun-19	Feb-25	Jan-25	Jan-25	Dac-24	Ian-25	Dec-24	Feb-25	Jan-25	Feb-25	Dec-24 120-25	Feb-25	Jan-25	Jan-25	1an-25	Jan-25	Dec-19	Jan-25	Dec-24	Dec-24	Feb-25 Doc 24	Dec-24 Dec-24	Dec-24	CZ-uel	Dec-24	Nov-24	Dec-24 Sen-24	Feb-25	Dec-24	Feb-25 Nov-19	Nov-24	Feb-25	Dec-24	Dec-24	Dec-24	Nov-24	Jan-25	Jan-25 Oct 26	Dec-24
Lockout End	Date(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Feb-15	Fab-15	N/A	Jun-11	Feb-15	Jan-15	Jan-15	N/A	N/A	N/A	Feb-15	N/A	Feb-15	N/A	Feb-15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A 10	V/A	N/A	Feb-15	N/A	N/A	CI-ng	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	Feb-15 N/A	N/A	Feb-15	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Issue	Date	Dec-14	Nov-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Jul-14	Dec-14 Nov-14	Dac-14	Dec-14	Mav-09	Dec-14	Nov-14	Nov-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Nov-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Nov-14	Nov-14	Dec-14	Nov-14	Oct-14	Sen-14 Sen-14	Dec-14	Nov-14	Dec-14 Oct-14	Oct-14	Dec-14	Dec-14	Nov-14	Nov-14	Nov-14 Oct-14	Dec-14	Son 16	oct-14 Oct-14
Period from Issuance	(mos.)	, -,	- 0	2	, ,	9,		- 1		89	1	0	- 17		ı —	- 0	1	, .,		7 -		1	(7 -		7	- 9	60	2		10	7	7 -	- 0	ŝ	14		0,	«	s m		7 -	- 01	00	7 10	, , , ,	>	+ ω
Remaining Term to Maturity	(mos.)	419 650	454	478	419	354	420 A18	410 007	420	147	360	419	419	419 22/	419 4	310	420	359	200	/ C2 @	300	324	449 449	419 242	307	245	419	$^{292}_{418}$	251	420 275	£9	465	299 410	315	452	876 974	420	418 ,,	420 196	196	360	CCI 8	203	312 330	000 714	307	316 427	40/ 418
Original Term to Maturity	(mos.)	420 421	456	480	420	360	421	420 721	421	215	361	421	421	420 336	420	312	421	360	361	607	301	325	450	471 343	308	247	420	201 420	253	421 247	442	467	501 420	317	455	200 480	421	420	421 199	199	361	15/ 310	205	314 315	222 420	308	317	441 421
Monthly Principal and	Interest(3)	\$54,511.45	40,814.16	39,173.88	38,673.66	44,386.73	30,298.99 37 371 80	22,221.09 30.684.46	27.685.48	55,813.90	22,648.06	20,375.88	19,825.78	19,020.14 23.285.06	16.984.28	19.221.09	15,784.69	15,375.52	15,222.05	16.205.30	15,296.80	16,294.47	13,737.62	02-000.21	15,168.55	16,312.53	11,799.98	10,425.05 $10.653.44$	13,223.31	9,787.39 0.700.15	8,961.48	8,056.96	10,209.01	7,947.35	6,906.11	/,000.28 6.456.94	5,733.85	6,194.75	5,059.30 8 783 70	7,611.80	5,824.25	8,590.67	7,212.06	5,367.54	4,487.97 3,963.41	4,231.11	3,285.65	2,213.87
Maturity	Date	Dec-49	Nov-52	Nov-54	Dec-49	Jul-44	Jan-50 Nov-40	Inn-50	Jan-50	Apr-27	Jan-45	Dec-49	Dec-49	Nov-49	Dec-49	Nov-40	Jan-50	Dec-44	Jan-45	00-1-20	lan-40	Jan-42	Jun-52	Dec-49 Inl_43	Aug-40	Jun-35	Dec-49	Vov-49	Dec-35	Jan-50 Oct 42	Sep-51	Oct-53	Dec-39	Apr-41	Sep-52	Sen-54	Jan-50	Nov-49	Jan-50 Mav-31	May-31	Jan-45	Dec-2/ Ini-/1	Dec-31	Jan-41	Jui-42 Oct-49	Aug-40	May-41	1C-IIII Nov-49
Servicing and Guaranty Fee h		0.380%	0.250	0.250	0.380	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.300	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.270	0.250	0.250	0.290	0.250	0.230	0.250	0.500	0.250	0.230	0.280	0.250	0.250		_	_		0.250		_	0.250	0.500	0.250	0.630	0.250	0.250	0.500	0,62.0	0.500	0.500	0.250	0.250	0.500	0.250
Certificate	Rate	3.050%	3.440	3.490	3.050	3.750	5.580 3.380	0.000	.400	5.000	3.270	3.150	3.350	0.000	3.150	3.100	3.230	3.410	3.440 2.850	2.520	3.310	4.080	4.210	0.400 800	4.030	3.700	3.600	3.470	3.460	3.550	4.000	3.425	5.280 8.430	3.570	4.280	4.000 3.950	3.100	3.320	3.500 3.730	3.420	4.440	5.910 2.000	4.070	3.900	5./00 3.580	3.250	4.090 150	3.750
Mortgage Interest	Rate	3.430%	3.690	3.740	3.430	4.000	3.630 3.630	0.000 %	3.650	5.250	3.570	3.400	3.600	00097	3.420	3.350	3.480	3.700	5.690	2.100 3.860	3.560	4.580	4.460	0.050 4 130	4.310	3.950	5.850	3.720	3.790	3.800	<i>4.250</i>	3.675	5.850 3.680	3.950	4.530	4.500 4.200	3.350	3.950	3.750 3.080 6	3.670	4.940	4.100 4.500	4.570	4.400	3.960 3.960	3.500	4.590	4.000
Principal Balance as of the Cut-off	Date	\$13,303,561.52	9.979.840.70	9,729,179.93		9,216,252.83	8,625,000.00 7,661 702 72	7 1 21 700 00	6.560.100.00	6,042,125.13	5,000,000.00	4,993,790.80	4,724,865.74	4,215,449.2/	4.150.860.32	3,983,868,68	3,830,000.00		3,311,300.00	2,200,2/2.41	3,036,000.00	3,026,697.47	2,997,412.41	2,990,404.14 2 850 078 87	2,818,396.27	2,740,366.79	2,716,926.70	2.494.184.13	2,289,476.19	2,271,600.00	1.996.237.14	1,996,130.16	1,990,015.42	1,556,878.80	1,496,255.09	1,490,042.04 1 405 146 83	1,417,000.00	1,405,478.66	1,317,900.00 1 264 408 51	1,120,924.95	1,092,400.00	1,028,/80.11	1,018,344.17	996,592.01	902,480.09 897,009.93	857,386.29	601,919.43	747,0001.21 498,903.76
	a I	_				CA			MA			ĺ2	ZC	36	12	CA	\mathbf{PA}	8	XI	N N	PA	LT.	XI	T II	HO	ΛM	M	51	GA	ΓA	MO	MIN	ZK CK	HO	KY	2 4 1 1	Z	λN	NA WA	WA.	NC	HO HO	I	ZZ	AA	ZI	59	
	City	Willoughby Hills	Dallas	Fort Worth	Willoughby	Claremont	Lansing Columbue	Dichmond	Clinton	Riverdale	Huntington Station	Trenton	Winston-Salem	Chicley	Indiananolis	Chula Vista	Harrisburg	Grand Junction	Garland	Las vegas Miami	West Chester	Ogden	Dallas	Miami	Cincinnati	Wheeling	Green Bay	Chicago	Union City	New Orleans	Ellisville	Rochester	Portland Richmond	Reading	Louisville	Keno Zacharv	Warsaw	Buffalo	Cottonwood Union Gan	Colville	Durham	Sidney	Bettendorf	Dyersburg	y orktown Leesville	Chattanooga	South Salt Lake	Upper Yoder Township
FHA Insurance	Program(2)	223(f)	221(d)(4)/223(a)(7)	221(d)(4)/223(a)(7)	223(f)	207/223(f)	207/223(t) 207/223(f)	20//222/02 207/223(F)	207/223(f)	241/232	232/223(f)	207/223(f)	207/223(t)	20// 225(T)	207/223(f)	232/223(f)	207/223(f)	232/223(f)	252/225(a)(7)	222UD 2077/273(F)	232/223(f)	207/223(f)	221(d)(4)	20// 225U) 207/223(f)	232/223(f)	221(d)(4)/223(a)(7)	225(t) 207/202/6	232/223(f)	207/223(f)	223(f) 372/f/372/6/VT/	221(d)(4)/223(a)(7)	221(d)(4)/223(a)(7)	252/225(T) 207/223(F)	207/223(f)	221(d)(4)/223(a)(7)	225(U)/225(a)(/) 223(A/223(a)(7)	207/223(f)	207/223(f)	207//223(f) 232/223(f)	232/223(f)	207/223(f)	252/225(a)(/) 207/223(f)	207/223(f)	207/223(f)	207/223(f)	207/223(f)		223(f)
Pool	Number	AK0969	AH(239 AH(239	A19464	AE2130	6	AF7402 AF7308	0/C/JA	AI8820		AJ9763	5	AG5198	27	30	16	AG5069	AJ4702	62	<u>t</u>	744354	AK4303	AH6242	/ CCOLA	A19764	ÅK0558	21	AH5285	.	AH7378 A16071	- 8	AJ6556	2020MA	AJ9746	AI8804	A17068	2.4	AJ6929	bo oc	AK0928	AJ7131	58	20	AJ7123	AI /080 AI 9551	AG5209	AK4305	AC0879

Market Market
Protect Control (C)

A-2

(9) Pool Numbers AJ1987 and AK0956 will have monthly principal and interest payments as described in this Supplement. *See "Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans— Level Payments" in this Supplement.*

are based on the Sponsor's interpretation of provisions in the related notes. Differing interpretations of these provisions can result in dates and The Lockout End Date, Prepayment Penalty End Date, Remaining Lockout Period and Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period periods that may vary by as much as one month. ----

Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Codes:

- No lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 10% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the thirteenth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. Ð
- No remaining lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 10% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 8
- No lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 10% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the fourteenth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 0
- No remaining lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 8% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 9
- beyond the Issue Date disclosed above; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 9% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the twentyfifth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 6% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the thirty-seventh mortgage loan payment date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 2% No lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 10% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the thirteenth mortgage loan payment date annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. E
 - No remaining lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 7% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. £
- No lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 10% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 9
- No lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 5% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the thirteenth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Issue Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. Ð
 - Lockout up to but not including the Lockout End Date; thereafter a Prepayment Penalty of 10% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. Ξ
- No remaining lockout. Prepayment Penalty of 9% of the prepaid amount up to but not including the twelfth mortgage loan payment date beyond the Lockout End Date disclosed above; declining thereafter by 1% annually up to but not including the Prepayment Penalty End Date. 9



\$222,010,636

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE[®]

Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2015-005

OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT January 23, 2015

BARCLAYS MISCHLER FINANCIAL GROUP, INC.