



\$630,866,166

**Government National Mortgage Association**

**GINNIE MAE®**

**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities  
and MX Securities  
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2009-072**

**The Securities**

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the front cover of this offering circular supplement.

**The Ginnie Mae Guaranty**

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

**The Trust and its Assets**

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae Certificates.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(2)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(3)	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
<b>Security Group 1</b>						
LA(1) . . . . .	\$200,000,000	4.00%	SEQ	FIX	38373AGE0	December 2035
LG(1) . . . . .	58,866,166	5.00	SEQ	FIX	38373AGF7	August 2039
LI(1) . . . . .	40,000,000	5.00	NTL (SEQ)	FIX/IO	38373AGG5	December 2035
<b>Security Group 2</b>						
FM . . . . .	\$133,333,333	(5)	PAC/AD	FLT	38373AGH3	August 2039
MA . . . . .	100,000,000	4.50	PAC/AD	FIX	38373AGJ9	August 2039
MB . . . . .	100,000,000	4.50	PAC/AD	FIX	38373AGK6	August 2039
MZ . . . . .	156,275	5.50	PAC/AD	FIX/Z	38373AGL4	August 2039
SM . . . . .	133,333,333	(5)	NTL (PAC/AD)	INV/IO	38373AGM2	August 2039
ZA(1) . . . . .	25,000,000	5.50	NSJ/SUP	FIX/Z	38373AGN0	August 2039
ZB(1) . . . . .	13,510,392	5.50	NSJ/SUP	FIX/Z	38373AGP5	August 2039
<b>Residual</b>						
RR . . . . .	0	0.00	NPR	NPR	38373AGQ3	August 2039

- (1) These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I.
- (2) Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.
- (3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.
- (4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.
- (5) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

**The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.**

**See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 which highlights some of these risks.**

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be August 28, 2009.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

**Jefferies & Company**

**Loop Capital Markets LLC**

**The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is August 21, 2009.**

## AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this “Supplement”) and
- the Base Offering Circular.

The Base Offering Circular is available on Ginnie Mae’s website located at <http://www.ginniemae.gov>.

If you do not have access to the internet, call The Bank of New York Mellon, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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## TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly “Risk Factors,” and each of the other documents listed under “Available Information.”

**Sponsor:** Jefferies & Company, Inc.

**Co-Sponsor:** Loop Capital Markets LLC

**Trustee:** Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

**Tax Administrator:** The Trustee

**Closing Date:** August 28, 2009

**Distribution Date:** The 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in September 2009.

**Trust Assets:**

<u>Trust Asset Group</u>	<u>Trust Asset Type</u>	<u>Certificate Rate</u>	<u>Original Term To Maturity (in years)</u>
1	Ginnie Mae I	5.0%	30
2	Ginnie Mae I	5.5	30

**Security Groups:** This series of Securities consists of multiple Security Groups (each, a “Group”), as shown on the front cover of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. Payments on each Group will be based solely on payments on the Trust Asset Group with the same numerical designation.

**Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets<sup>1</sup>:**

<u>Principal Balance<sup>2</sup></u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Mortgage Rate</u>
<b>Group 1 Trust Assets</b>			
\$258,866,166	351	9	5.5%
<b>Group 2 Trust Assets</b>			
\$372,000,000	320	40	6.0%

<sup>1</sup> As of August 1, 2009.

<sup>2</sup> Does not include the Group 1 Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.

The actual remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See “*The Trust Assets — The Mortgage Loans*” in this Supplement.

**Issuance of Securities:** The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the “Fedwire Book-Entry System”). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. See “*Description of the Securities — Form of Securities*” in this Supplement.

**Modification and Exchange:** If you own exchangeable Securities you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities

shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See “Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange” in this Supplement.

**Increased Minimum Denomination Classes:** Each Class that constitutes an Interest Only, Non-Sticky Jump or Inverse Floating Rate Class. See “Description of the Securities — Form of Securities” in this Supplement.

**Interest Rates:** The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as “LIBOR”) as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Interest Rate Formula(1)</u>	<u>Initial Interest Rate(2)</u>	<u>Minimum Rate</u>	<u>Maximum Rate</u>	<u>Delay (in days)</u>	<u>LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate</u>
FM . . . . .	LIBOR + 0.75%	1.0240%	0.75%	7.00%	0	0.0000%
SM . . . . .	6.25% – LIBOR	5.9760%	0.00%	6.25%	0	6.2500%

- (1) LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under “Description of the Securities — Interest Distributions — Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes” in this Supplement.
- (2) The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly thereafter.

**Allocation of Principal:** On each Distribution Date, the following distributions will be made to the related Securities:

**SECURITY GROUP 1**

A percentage of the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount (the “Group 1 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount”) will be allocated sequentially, to LA and LG, in that order, until retired.

**SECURITY GROUP 2**

The Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount and the MZ, ZA and ZB Accrual Amounts will be allocated as follows:

- The MZ Accrual Amount in the following order of priority:
  1. Concurrently, to FM, MA and MB, pro rata, until retired
  2. To MZ, until retired
- The Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount and ZA and ZB Accrual Amounts in the following order of priority:
  1. To the Group 2 PAC Classes, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, in the following order of priority:
    - a. Concurrently, to FM, MA and MB, pro rata, while outstanding
    - b. To MZ, while outstanding
  2. If the Principal Balance of the Group 2 Trust Assets after giving effect to their reduction on the Distribution Date is less than or equal to the 401% PSA Balance for that Distribution Date, then to ZB, until retired
  3. Sequentially, to ZA and ZB, in that order, until retired
  4. To the Group 2 PAC Classes, in the same order and priority as described in step 1 above, but without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired

**Scheduled Principal Balances:** The Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances for the Classes listed below are included in Schedule II to this Supplement. They were calculated using, among other things, the following Structuring Range:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Structuring Range</u>
<b>PAC Classes</b>	
FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate) . . . . .	346% PSA through 450% PSA

**401% PSA Balances:** The 401% PSA Balances are included in Schedule III to this Supplement. The 401% PSA Balances were calculated using a Structuring Rate of 401% PSA and the assumed characteristics of the related Trust MBS to be delivered on the Closing Date. The actual characteristics of the related Trust MBS may vary from the characteristics assumed in preparing the 401% PSA Balances included in Schedule III to this Supplement and, if so, the Sponsor may recalculate such balances. The Sponsor will make them available on Ginnie Mae’s Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae’s website (“e-Access”) shortly after the Closing Date.

**Accrual Classes:** Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes as interest. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under “Allocation of Principal.”

**Notional Classes:** The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balance indicated:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Original Class Notional Balance</u>	<u>Represents Approximately</u>
LI . . . . .	\$ 40,000,000	20% of LA (SEQ Class)
SM . . . . .	133,333,333	100% of FM (PAC/AD Class)

**Tax Status:** Double REMIC Series. See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

**Regular and Residual Classes:** Class RR is a Residual Class and represents the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

## RISK FACTORS

*You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.*

***The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities.*** The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. Any historical data regarding mortgage loan prepayment rates may not be indicative of the rate of future prepayments on the underlying mortgage loans, and no assurances can be given about the rates at which the underlying mortgage loans will prepay. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

***Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield.*** The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

***Under certain circumstances, a Ginnie Mae issuer has the right to repurchase a defaulted mortgage loan from the related pool of mortgage loans underlying a particular Ginnie Mae MBS Certificate, the effect of which would be comparable to a prepayment of such mortgage loan.*** At its option and without Ginnie Mae's prior consent, a Ginnie Mae issuer may repurchase any mortgage loan at an amount equal to or less than any amounts previously advanced by such issuer in connection with its responsibilities as servicer of such mortgage loan to the extent that (i) in the case of

a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS Certificate issued on or before December 1, 2002, such mortgage loan has been delinquent for four consecutive months, and at least one delinquent payment remains uncured or (ii) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS Certificate issued on or after January 1, 2003, no payment has been made on such mortgage loan for three consecutive months. Any such repurchase will result in prepayment of the principal balance or reduction in the notional balance of the securities ultimately backed by such mortgage loan. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any such repurchases.

***The level of LIBOR will affect the yields on floating rate and inverse floating rate securities.*** If LIBOR performs differently from what you expect, the yield on your securities may be lower than you expect. Lower levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on floating rate securities; higher levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on inverse floating rate securities. You should bear in mind that the timing of changes in the level of LIBOR may affect your yield: generally, the earlier a change, the greater the effect on your yield. It is doubtful that LIBOR will remain constant.

***An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk.*** The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

***Support securities will be more sensitive to rates of principal payments than other securities.*** If principal prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date equal to or less than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC classes, the support classes will not receive any principal distribution on that date. If prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date greater than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC classes for that distribution date, this excess will be distributed to the support classes.

***The occurrence of a trigger event may significantly affect the weighted average life of non-sticky jump securities.*** The principal distribution priorities of non-sticky jump securities will change temporarily upon the occurrence of a specified trigger event on any Distribution Date as described under “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal” in this Supplement. A change in principal distribution priority could significantly extend or shorten the weighted average life of any non-sticky jump class from the anticipated weighted average life at the time of purchase. Consequently, an investor in non-sticky jump securities should carefully consider the likelihood and probable frequency of the occurrence of the trigger event in analyzing the anticipated weighted average life of the securities acquired.

***Up to 10% of the mortgage loans underlying the trust assets may consist of higher balance mortgage loans or high balance loans.*** Subject to special pooling parameters set forth in the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide, qualifying federally-insured or guaranteed mortgage loans that exceed certain balance thresholds established by Ginnie Mae (“higher balance mortgage loans”) may be included in Ginnie Mae guaranteed pools. There are no historical performance data regarding the prepayment rates for higher balance mortgage loans. If the higher balance mortgage loans prepay faster or slower than expected, the weighted average lives and yields of the related securities are likely to be affected, perhaps significantly. Furthermore, higher balance mortgage loans tend to be concentrated in certain geographic areas, which may experience relatively higher rates of defaults in the event of adverse economic

conditions. No assurances can be given about the prepayment experience or performance of the higher balance mortgage loans.

***The securities may not be a suitable investment for you.*** The securities, in particular, the support, interest only, inverse floating rate, non-sticky jump, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. *See “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in this supplement and in the base offering circular.*

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

***The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted***

***average lives and yields of your securities.***

The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the

mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

## **THE TRUST ASSETS**

### **General**

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

### **The Trust MBS**

The Trust Assets are either:

1. Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. The difference between the Mortgage Rate and the Certificate Rate is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee and Ginnie Mae a fee for its guaranty of the Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate of 0.44% per annum and 0.06% per annum, respectively, of the outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loan.

### **The Mortgage Loans**

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under “Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets” and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, Rural Development (formerly the Rural Housing Service) or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”). See *“The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General” in the Base Offering Circular.*

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of the Mortgage Loans. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. See *“Risk Factors” and “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement.*

## **The Trustee Fee**

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on specified Trust Assets in payment of its fee.

## **GINNIE MAE GUARANTY**

The Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See “*Ginnie Mae Guaranty*” in the Base Offering Circular.

## **DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES**

### **General**

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See “*Description of the Securities*” in the Base Offering Circular.

### **Form of Securities**

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained, and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See “*Description of the Securities—Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures*” in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Regular and MX Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial principal or notional balance.

### **Distributions**

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date as specified under “Terms Sheet — Distribution Date” in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Base

Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” and “— Method of Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

### **Interest Distributions**

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable (or accrued in the case of an Accrual Class) on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days’ interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed (or accrued in the case of an Accrual Class) on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See “— Class Factors” below.

### *Categories of Classes*

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Interest Type” on the front cover of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the front cover and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

### *Accrual Periods*

The Accrual Period for each Class is set forth in the table below:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Accrual Period</u>
Fixed Rate Classes	The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date
Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	From the 16th day of the month preceding the month of the related Distribution Date through the 15th day of the month of that Distribution Date

### *Fixed Rate Classes*

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

### *Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes*

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest as shown under “Terms Sheet — Interest Rates” in this Supplement. The Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be based on LIBOR. LIBOR will be determined based on the BBA LIBOR method, as described under “Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR — BBA LIBOR” in the Base Offering Circular.

*For information regarding the manner in which the Trustee determines LIBOR and calculates the Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, see “Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR” in the Base Offering Circular.*

The Trustee’s determination of LIBOR and its calculation of the Interest Rates will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain LIBOR levels and Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods on e-Access or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

### *Accrual Classes*

Each of Class MZ, ZA and ZB is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes and be distributed as described under “Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes” in this Supplement.

### **Principal Distributions**

The Principal Distribution Amount or the Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount for each Group, as applicable, and the Accrual Amounts will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described under “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal” in this Supplement. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See “— Class Factors” below.

### *Categories of Classes*

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Principal Type” on the front cover of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the front cover, in the Terms Sheet and on Schedule I to this Supplement are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

### *Notional Classes*

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the front cover of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced as shown under “Terms Sheet — Notional Classes” in this Supplement.

### **Residual Securities**

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

### **Class Factors**

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of an Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a “Class Factor”).

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for the month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.

- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class and investors in an Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal and interest to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) that Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

### **Termination**

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee’s determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder’s allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder’s allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

### **Modification and Exchange**

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the front cover may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Classes of REMIC Securities. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner’s Book-Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal and notional balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at 45 Broadway, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor, New York, NY 10006, Attention: Trust Administrator Ginnie Mae 2009-072. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (212) 515-5262 and by fax at (212) 509-1042.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to  $\frac{1}{32}$  of 1% of the outstanding principal balance of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000). The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See “Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange” in the Base Offering Circular.

## **YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

### **General**

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the related Securities.

- The Mortgage Loans do not contain “due-on-sale” provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.
- The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae’s guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.

### **Accretion Directed Classes**

Classes FM, MA, MB, and MZ are Accretion Directed Classes. The related Accrual Amount will be applied to making principal distributions on those Classes as described in this Supplement. Class SM is a Notional Class whose Class Notional Balance is determined by reference to the Class Principal Balance of Class FM.

Each of the Accretion Directed Classes has the AD designation in the suffix position, rather than the prefix position, in its class principal type because it does not have principal payment stability through the applicable pricing prepayment assumption. Although the Accretion Directed Classes are entitled to receive payments from the related Accrual Amounts, they do not have principal payment stability through any prepayment rate significantly higher than 0% PSA, except through their structuring range.

**Securities that Receive Principal on the Basis of Schedules**

As described in this Supplement, each PAC Class will receive principal payments in accordance with a schedule calculated on the basis of, among other things, a Structuring Range. See “*Terms Sheet — Scheduled Principal Balances.*” However, whether any such Class will adhere to its schedule and receive “Scheduled Payments” on a Distribution Date will largely depend on the level of prepayments experienced by the related Mortgage Loans.

Each PAC Class exhibits an Effective Range of constant prepayment rates at which such Class will receive Scheduled Payments. That range may differ from the Structuring Range used to create the principal balance schedule. Based on the Modeling Assumptions, the *initial* Effective Range for the PAC Classes is as follows:

<b>PAC Classes</b>	<u><b>Initial Effective Range</b></u>
FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate) . . . . .	346% PSA through 450% PSA

- The principal payment stability of the PAC Classes will be supported by the Support Classes.

**If all of the Classes supporting a given Class are retired before the Class being supported is retired, the outstanding Class will no longer have an Effective Range and will become more sensitive to prepayments on the related Mortgage Loans.**

There is no assurance that the related Mortgage Loans will have the characteristics assumed in the Modeling Assumptions, which were used to determine the initial Effective Range. If the initial Effective Range was calculated using the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans, the initial Effective Range could differ from that shown in the above table. Therefore, even if the Mortgage Loans were to prepay at a constant rate within the initial Effective Range shown for any Class in the above table, that Class could fail to receive Scheduled Payments.

Moreover, the related Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any *constant* rate. Non-constant prepayment rates can cause any PAC Class not to receive Scheduled Payments, even if prepayment rates remain within the initial Effective Range, if any, for that Class. Further, the Effective Range for any PAC Class can narrow, shift over time or cease to exist depending on the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans.

If the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally below the Effective Range for any PAC Class, the amount available to pay principal on the Securities may be insufficient to produce Scheduled Payments on such PAC Class, and its Weighted Average Life may be extended, perhaps significantly.

If the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally above the Effective Range for any PAC Class, its supporting Classes may be retired earlier than that PAC Class, and its Weighted Average Life may be shortened, perhaps significantly.

**Assumability**

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. See “*Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans*” in the Base Offering Circular.

**Non-Sticky Jump Classes**

Classes ZA and ZB have been designated as Non-Sticky Jump Classes because their principal distribution priorities will change temporarily (“jump”) on any Distribution Date that the applicable trigger is met but will revert (not “stick”) on any subsequent Distribution Date that the applicable trigger is not met. See “*Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal*” in this Supplement.

The Weighted Average Life of a Non-Sticky Jump Class that jumps ahead in priority of principal distributions may be shortened, perhaps significantly. Conversely, the Weighted Average Life of a Non-Sticky Jump Class that is jumped by another Class may be extended, perhaps significantly. The yield to investors may be less than anticipated for any Class purchased at a premium if the Weighted Average Life is shortened and for any Class purchased at a discount if the Weighted Average Life is extended.

The trigger event for the Non-Sticky Jump Classes are determined by reference to the 401% PSA Balances, which were calculated as set forth under “Terms Sheet — 401% PSA Balances” in this Supplement.

The Sponsor may recalculate the 401% PSA Balances based upon the actual characteristics of the Group 2 Trust Assets delivered on the Closing Date, which may vary from the characteristics assumed in preparing the 401% PSA Balances set forth in Schedule III to this Supplement. If recalculated, the 401% PSA Balances will reflect the aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Group 2 Trust Assets for each Distribution Date assuming that the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 Trust Assets prepay at a constant rate of approximately 401% PSA and that each of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 Trust Assets has the same interest rate, remaining term to maturity and loan age as the weighted average mortgage rate, weighted average remaining term to maturity and weighted average loan age of the Group 2 Trust Assets delivered on the Closing Date. If recalculated, the 401% PSA Balances will be made available on e-Access shortly after the Closing Date.

### **Final Distribution Date**

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

### **Modeling Assumptions**

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the “Modeling Assumptions”), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under “Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets” in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 360 months.
2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.
3. Distributions on the Securities are always received on the 16th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in September 2009.
4. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
5. The Closing Date for the Securities is August 28, 2009.
6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.
7. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.
8. The 401% PSA Balances are as set forth in Schedule III.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 16th of the month and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

## Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement, Prepayment Speed Assumption (“PSA”), is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association. PSA represents an assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models” in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the “PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates”). As used in the tables, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. **The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.**

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of a Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- summing the results, and
- dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

**The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the related Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.**

## Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

Distribution Date	Security Group 1 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates														
	Classes JA, KA, LA, LB, LC, LD, LE and LI					Class LG					Class LX				
	0%	200%	365%	550%	750%	0%	200%	365%	550%	750%	0%	200%	365%	550%	750%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2010	98	90	84	76	68	100	100	100	100	100	99	92	87	82	75
August 2011	96	76	60	44	28	100	100	100	100	100	97	81	69	56	44
August 2012	94	62	39	19	1	100	100	100	100	100	96	70	53	37	24
August 2013	92	49	23	2	0	100	100	100	100	57	94	61	41	25	13
August 2014	90	38	11	0	0	100	100	100	71	31	92	52	31	16	7
August 2015	88	29	1	0	0	100	100	100	47	16	91	45	24	11	4
August 2016	86	21	0	0	0	100	100	80	30	9	89	39	18	7	2
August 2017	83	14	0	0	0	100	100	61	20	5	87	33	14	5	1
August 2018	80	8	0	0	0	100	100	47	13	3	85	29	11	3	1
August 2019	77	2	0	0	0	100	100	35	8	1	83	25	8	2	0
August 2020	74	0	0	0	0	100	92	27	6	1	80	21	6	1	0
August 2021	71	0	0	0	0	100	78	20	4	0	78	18	5	1	0
August 2022	68	0	0	0	0	100	67	15	2	0	75	15	3	1	0
August 2023	64	0	0	0	0	100	56	11	1	0	72	13	3	0	0
August 2024	61	0	0	0	0	100	47	9	1	0	69	11	2	0	0
August 2025	57	0	0	0	0	100	40	6	1	0	66	9	1	0	0
August 2026	52	0	0	0	0	100	33	5	0	0	63	8	1	0	0
August 2027	48	0	0	0	0	100	27	3	0	0	60	6	1	0	0
August 2028	43	0	0	0	0	100	23	3	0	0	56	5	1	0	0
August 2029	38	0	0	0	0	100	18	2	0	0	52	4	0	0	0
August 2030	33	0	0	0	0	100	15	1	0	0	48	3	0	0	0
August 2031	28	0	0	0	0	100	12	1	0	0	44	3	0	0	0
August 2032	22	0	0	0	0	100	9	1	0	0	40	2	0	0	0
August 2033	16	0	0	0	0	100	7	0	0	0	35	2	0	0	0
August 2034	9	0	0	0	0	100	5	0	0	0	30	1	0	0	0
August 2035	2	0	0	0	0	100	3	0	0	0	24	1	0	0	0
August 2036	0	0	0	0	0	83	2	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0
August 2037	0	0	0	0	0	57	1	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0
August 2038	0	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0
August 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	16.2	4.4	2.7	1.9	1.5	28.2	15.9	9.8	6.6	4.7	18.9	7.0	4.3	3.0	2.2

Distribution Date	Security Group 2 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																
	Classes FM, MA, MB and SM					Class MZ					Class ZA						
	0%	346%	395%	450%	800%	0%	346%	395%	450%	800%	0%	346%	395%	400%	401%	450%	800%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2010	98	75	75	75	57	106	106	106	106	106	106	98	55	50	106	63	0
August 2011	96	56	56	56	29	112	112	112	112	112	112	94	29	22	81	18	0
August 2012	94	41	41	41	15	118	118	118	118	118	118	91	16	8	70	1	0
August 2013	91	29	29	29	8	125	125	125	125	125	125	85	9	1	67	0	0
August 2014	89	21	21	21	4	132	132	132	132	132	132	71	0	0	61	0	0
August 2015	86	15	15	15	2	139	139	139	139	139	139	52	0	0	54	0	0
August 2016	83	11	11	11	1	147	147	147	147	147	147	31	0	0	45	0	0
August 2017	80	8	8	8	0	155	155	155	155	155	155	10	0	0	38	0	0
August 2018	77	5	5	5	0	164	164	164	164	164	164	0	0	0	31	0	0
August 2019	73	4	4	4	0	173	173	173	173	173	173	0	0	0	25	0	0
August 2020	70	3	3	3	0	183	183	183	183	137	183	0	0	0	19	0	0
August 2021	66	2	2	2	0	193	193	193	193	68	193	0	0	0	15	0	0
August 2022	62	1	1	1	0	204	204	204	204	34	204	0	0	0	12	0	0
August 2023	57	1	1	1	0	216	216	216	216	17	216	0	0	0	9	0	0
August 2024	53	1	1	1	0	228	228	228	228	8	228	0	0	0	7	0	0
August 2025	48	0	0	0	0	241	241	241	241	4	241	0	0	0	5	0	0
August 2026	43	0	0	0	0	254	254	254	254	2	254	0	0	0	4	0	0
August 2027	37	0	0	0	0	269	269	269	269	1	269	0	0	0	3	0	0
August 2028	32	0	0	0	0	284	278	278	278	0	284	0	0	0	2	0	0
August 2029	26	0	0	0	0	300	181	181	181	0	300	0	0	0	1	0	0
August 2030	19	0	0	0	0	317	116	116	116	0	317	0	0	0	1	0	0
August 2031	12	0	0	0	0	334	72	72	72	0	334	0	0	0	1	0	0
August 2032	5	0	0	0	0	353	42	42	42	0	353	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2033	0	0	0	0	0	23	23	23	23	0	336	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2034	0	0	0	0	0	11	11	11	11	0	248	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2035	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	0	155	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
August 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	14.5	3.2	3.2	3.2	1.6	23.7	21.1	21.1	21.1	12.1	25.7	5.8	1.5	1.3	6.7	1.4	0.2

Security Group 2 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates												
Distribution Date	Class ZB							Class ZM				
	0%	346%	395%	400%	401%	450%	800%	0%	346%	395%	450%	800%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
August 2010	106	106	106	106	1	0	0	106	100	73	41	0
August 2011	112	112	112	112	0	0	0	112	100	58	12	0
August 2012	118	118	118	118	0	0	0	118	100	51	1	0
August 2013	125	125	125	125	0	0	0	125	99	49	0	0
August 2014	132	132	129	116	0	0	0	132	93	45	0	0
August 2015	139	139	113	101	0	0	0	139	83	40	0	0
August 2016	147	147	96	86	0	0	0	147	72	34	0	0
August 2017	155	155	80	71	0	0	0	155	61	28	0	0
August 2018	164	145	65	58	0	0	0	164	51	23	0	0
August 2019	173	119	52	46	0	0	0	173	42	18	0	0
August 2020	183	97	41	37	0	0	0	183	34	14	0	0
August 2021	193	77	32	29	0	0	0	193	27	11	0	0
August 2022	204	61	25	22	0	0	0	204	22	9	0	0
August 2023	216	48	19	17	0	0	0	216	17	7	0	0
August 2024	228	37	15	13	0	0	0	228	13	5	0	0
August 2025	241	29	11	10	0	0	0	241	10	4	0	0
August 2026	254	22	8	7	0	0	0	254	8	3	0	0
August 2027	269	16	6	5	0	0	0	269	6	2	0	0
August 2028	284	12	4	4	0	0	0	284	4	1	0	0
August 2029	300	9	3	3	0	0	0	300	3	1	0	0
August 2030	317	6	2	2	0	0	0	317	2	1	0	0
August 2031	334	4	1	1	0	0	0	334	1	0	0	0
August 2032	353	3	1	1	0	0	0	353	1	0	0	0
August 2033	373	2	1	0	0	0	0	349	1	0	0	0
August 2034	394	1	0	0	0	0	0	300	0	0	0	0
August 2035	417	0	0	0	0	0	0	247	0	0	0	0
August 2036	440	0	0	0	0	0	0	190	0	0	0	0
August 2037	372	0	0	0	0	0	0	131	0	0	0	0
August 2038	192	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	0	0	0	0
August 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average												
Life (years)	28.8	12.8	9.9	9.5	0.5	0.2	0.1	27.0	10.0	5.3	1.0	0.1

## Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor’s own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios and in the case of the Floating Rate or Inverse Floating Rate Class, the investor’s own projection of levels of LIBOR under a variety of scenarios. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, rates of reduction in notional balances, LIBOR levels or the yield of any Class.**

### *Prepayments: Effect on Yields*

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the related Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

*See “Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield” in this Supplement.*

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

#### *LIBOR: Effect on Yields of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes*

Low levels of LIBOR can reduce the yield of the Floating Rate Class. High levels of LIBOR can significantly reduce the yield of the Inverse Floating Rate Class. In addition, the Floating Rate Class will not necessarily benefit from a higher yield at high levels of LIBOR because the rate on such Class is capped at a maximum rate described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

#### *Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Classes*

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because, on each Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 days earlier.

### **Yield Tables**

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA and, in the case of the Inverse Floating Rate Class, at various constant levels of LIBOR.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, and it is unlikely that LIBOR will remain constant. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. **Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.**

The yields were calculated by

1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest, and
2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumptions that (1) the Interest Rate applicable to the Inverse Floating Rate Class for each Accrual Period following the first Accrual Period will be based on the indicated level of LIBOR and (2) the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

### SECURITY GROUP 1

#### Sensitivity of Class LI to Prepayments Assumed Price 8.0%\*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates				
<u>200%</u>	<u>365%</u>	<u>550%</u>	<u>659%</u>	<u>750%</u>
49.7%	33.0%	12.4%	0.0%	(10.2)%

### SECURITY GROUP 2

#### Sensitivity of Class SM to Prepayments Assumed Price 10.31250%\*

<u>LIBOR</u>	PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates			
	<u>346%</u>	<u>395%</u>	<u>450%</u>	<u>800%</u>
0.250%.....	29.8%	29.8%	29.8%	(2.7)%
0.274%.....	29.6%	29.6%	29.6%	(3.0)%
3.262%.....	(1.9)%	(1.9)%	(1.9)%	(32.9)%
6.250% and above.....	**	**	**	**

\* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

\*\* Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

### CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

#### U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

**The discussion contained in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular as to certain federal tax consequences is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. Such discussion is written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular. Each taxpayer to whom such transactions or matters are being promoted, marketed or recommended should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.**

#### REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

## **Regular Securities**

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Class LI and SM Securities are “Interest Weighted Securities” as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities” in the Base Offering Circular. Although the tax treatment of Interest Weighted Securities is not entirely certain, Holders of the Interest Weighted Securities should expect to accrue all income on these Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the original issue discount (“OID”) rules based on the expected payments on these Securities at the prepayment assumptions described below.

The Class MZ, ZA and ZB Securities are Accrual Securities. Holders of Accrual Securities are required to accrue all income from their Securities (other than income attributable to market discount or *de minimis* market discount) under the OID rules based on the expected payments on the Accrual Securities at the prepayment assumptions described below.

Other than the Regular Securities described in the preceding two paragraphs, based on anticipated prices (including accrued interest), the assumed Mortgage Loan characteristics, the prepayment assumptions described below and, for the Class FM Securities, the interest rate value in the following paragraph, no Class is expected to be issued with OID.

Prospective investors in the Regular Securities should be aware, however, that the foregoing expectations about OID could change because of differences (1) between anticipated purchase prices and actual purchase prices or (2) between the assumed characteristics of the Trust Assets and the characteristics of the Trust Assets actually delivered to the Trust. The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 365% PSA in the case of the Group 1 Securities and 395% PSA in the case of the Group 2 Securities (as described in “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement). In the case of the Class FM Securities, the interest rate value to be used for these determinations is the initial Interest Rate as set forth in the Terms Sheet under “Interest Rates.” No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets actually will occur or the level of LIBOR at any time after the date of this Supplement. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the *Base Offering Circular*.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as “regular interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts (“REITs”) as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered “interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property” for REITs.

## **Residual Securities**

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, *i.e.*, the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as “residual interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as “real estate assets” for REITs, as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual

Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. Even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Trust REMICs may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as “noneconomic residual interests” as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

### **MX Securities**

For a discussion of certain federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities”, “— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes” and “— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities” in the Base Offering Circular.

**Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.**

### **ERISA MATTERS**

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates” within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate” will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a “Plan”), solely by reason of the Plan’s purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

**Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.**

*See “ERISA Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.*

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

### **LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS**

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. **No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or**

**other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.**

**Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.**

*See “Legal Investment Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.*

#### **PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION**

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest, if any, from (1) August 1, 2009 on the Fixed Rate Classes, and (2) August 16, 2009 on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

#### **INCREASE IN SIZE**

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance), (2) the 401% PSA Balances and (3) the Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances of each Class receiving principal distributions or interest distributions based upon a notional balance from the same Trust Asset Group will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement, the Final Schedules and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

#### **LEGAL MATTERS**

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton & Williams LLP, for the Trust by Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., and for the Trustee by Seward & Kissel LLP.

Schedule I

Available Combinations(1)

REMIC Securities		MX Securities						
Class	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
<b>Security Group 1</b>								
Combination 1								
LA	\$200,000,000	LB	\$200,000,000	SEQ	4.25%	FIX	38373AGR1	December 2035
LI	10,000,000							
Combination 2								
LA	\$200,000,000	LC	\$200,000,000	SEQ	4.50%	FIX	38373AGS9	December 2035
LI	20,000,000							
Combination 3								
LA	\$200,000,000	LD	\$200,000,000	SEQ	4.75%	FIX	38373AGT7	December 2035
LI	30,000,000							
Combination 4								
LA	\$200,000,000	LE	\$200,000,000	SEQ	5.00%	FIX	38373AGU4	December 2035
LI	40,000,000							
Combination 5								
LA	\$200,000,000	LX	\$258,866,166	PT	5.00%	FIX	38373AGV2	August 2039
IG	58,866,166							
LI	40,000,000							
Combination 6								
LA	\$200,000,000	JA	\$200,000,000	SEQ	4.00%	FIX	38373A7L4	December 2035
Combination 7								
LA	\$200,000,000	KA	\$200,000,000	SEQ	4.00%	FIX	38373A7M2	December 2035
<b>Security Group 2</b>								
Combination 8								
ZA	\$ 25,000,000	ZM	\$ 38,510,392	SUP	5.50%	FIX/Z	38373AGW0	August 2039
ZB	13,510,392							

(1) All exchanges must comply with minimum denominations restrictions.

(2) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

(4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

**Schedule II**

**SCHEDULED PRINCIPAL BALANCES**

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
Initial Balance . . . . .	\$333,489,608.00
September 2009 . . . . .	325,705,429.39
October 2009 . . . . .	318,250,486.50
November 2009 . . . . .	310,945,245.51
December 2009 . . . . .	303,786,738.05
January 2010 . . . . .	296,772,054.13
February 2010 . . . . .	289,898,340.91
March 2010 . . . . .	283,162,801.69
April 2010 . . . . .	276,562,694.71
May 2010 . . . . .	270,095,332.15
June 2010 . . . . .	263,758,079.06
July 2010 . . . . .	257,548,352.28
August 2010 . . . . .	251,463,619.50
September 2010 . . . . .	245,501,398.23
October 2010 . . . . .	239,659,254.80
November 2010 . . . . .	233,934,803.46
December 2010 . . . . .	228,325,705.42
January 2011 . . . . .	222,829,667.90
February 2011 . . . . .	217,444,443.28
March 2011 . . . . .	212,167,828.21
April 2011 . . . . .	206,997,662.69
May 2011 . . . . .	201,931,829.30
June 2011 . . . . .	196,968,252.30
July 2011 . . . . .	192,104,896.88
August 2011 . . . . .	187,339,768.28
September 2011 . . . . .	182,670,911.08
October 2011 . . . . .	178,096,408.39
November 2011 . . . . .	173,614,381.10
December 2011 . . . . .	169,222,987.17
January 2012 . . . . .	164,920,420.84
February 2012 . . . . .	160,704,912.01
March 2012 . . . . .	156,574,725.44
April 2012 . . . . .	152,528,160.16
May 2012 . . . . .	148,563,548.74
June 2012 . . . . .	144,679,256.65
July 2012 . . . . .	140,873,681.63
August 2012 . . . . .	137,145,253.04
September 2012 . . . . .	133,492,431.24

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
October 2012 . . . . .	\$129,913,706.99
November 2012. . . . .	126,407,600.86
December 2012. . . . .	122,972,662.63
January 2013 . . . . .	119,607,470.72
February 2013 . . . . .	116,318,595.76
March 2013 . . . . .	113,118,905.65
April 2013 . . . . .	110,006,006.67
May 2013 . . . . .	106,977,568.87
June 2013 . . . . .	104,031,324.35
July 2013. . . . .	101,165,065.65
August 2013 . . . . .	98,376,644.10
September 2013 . . . . .	95,663,968.32
October 2013 . . . . .	93,025,002.67
November 2013. . . . .	90,457,765.75
December 2013. . . . .	87,960,329.02
January 2014 . . . . .	85,530,815.37
February 2014 . . . . .	83,167,397.73
March 2014 . . . . .	80,868,297.81
April 2014 . . . . .	78,631,784.74
May 2014 . . . . .	76,456,173.84
June 2014 . . . . .	74,339,825.42
July 2014. . . . .	72,281,143.52
August 2014 . . . . .	70,278,574.85
September 2014 . . . . .	68,330,607.55
October 2014 . . . . .	66,435,770.16
November 2014. . . . .	64,592,630.54
December 2014. . . . .	62,799,794.80
January 2015 . . . . .	61,055,906.32
February 2015 . . . . .	59,359,644.72
March 2015 . . . . .	57,709,724.93
April 2015 . . . . .	56,104,896.24
May 2015 . . . . .	54,543,941.40
June 2015 . . . . .	53,025,675.70
July 2015. . . . .	51,548,946.16
August 2015 . . . . .	50,112,630.60
September 2015 . . . . .	48,715,636.94
October 2015 . . . . .	47,356,902.27
November 2015. . . . .	46,035,392.20
December 2015. . . . .	44,750,100.00
January 2016 . . . . .	43,500,045.91
February 2016 . . . . .	42,284,276.45
March 2016 . . . . .	41,101,863.65

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
April 2016 . . . . .	\$ 39,951,904.44
May 2016 . . . . .	38,833,519.94
June 2016 . . . . .	37,745,854.86
July 2016 . . . . .	36,688,076.81
August 2016 . . . . .	35,659,375.77
September 2016 . . . . .	34,658,963.42
October 2016 . . . . .	33,686,072.62
November 2016 . . . . .	32,739,956.79
December 2016 . . . . .	31,819,889.42
January 2017 . . . . .	30,925,163.51
February 2017 . . . . .	30,055,091.02
March 2017 . . . . .	29,209,002.43
April 2017 . . . . .	28,386,246.18
May 2017 . . . . .	27,586,188.24
June 2017 . . . . .	26,808,211.61
July 2017 . . . . .	26,051,715.90
August 2017 . . . . .	25,316,116.85
September 2017 . . . . .	24,600,845.91
October 2017 . . . . .	23,905,349.85
November 2017 . . . . .	23,229,090.32
December 2017 . . . . .	22,571,543.45
January 2018 . . . . .	21,932,199.49
February 2018 . . . . .	21,310,562.40
March 2018 . . . . .	20,706,149.53
April 2018 . . . . .	20,118,491.22
May 2018 . . . . .	19,547,130.45
June 2018 . . . . .	18,991,622.55
July 2018 . . . . .	18,451,534.82
August 2018 . . . . .	17,926,446.24
September 2018 . . . . .	17,415,947.14
October 2018 . . . . .	16,919,638.91
November 2018 . . . . .	16,437,133.70
December 2018 . . . . .	15,968,054.12
January 2019 . . . . .	15,512,032.98
February 2019 . . . . .	15,068,713.02
March 2019 . . . . .	14,637,746.60
April 2019 . . . . .	14,218,795.50
May 2019 . . . . .	13,811,530.64
June 2019 . . . . .	13,415,631.84
July 2019 . . . . .	13,030,787.55
August 2019 . . . . .	12,656,694.70
September 2019 . . . . .	12,293,058.38

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
October 2019 . . . . .	\$ 11,939,591.67
November 2019 . . . . .	11,596,015.43
December 2019 . . . . .	11,262,058.08
January 2020 . . . . .	10,937,455.39
February 2020 . . . . .	10,621,950.28
March 2020 . . . . .	10,315,292.65
April 2020 . . . . .	10,017,239.19
May 2020 . . . . .	9,727,553.18
June 2020 . . . . .	9,446,004.30
July 2020 . . . . .	9,172,368.53
August 2020 . . . . .	8,906,427.87
September 2020 . . . . .	8,647,970.30
October 2020 . . . . .	8,396,789.50
November 2020 . . . . .	8,152,684.80
December 2020 . . . . .	7,915,460.97
January 2021 . . . . .	7,684,928.08
February 2021 . . . . .	7,460,901.36
March 2021 . . . . .	7,243,201.08
April 2021 . . . . .	7,031,652.40
May 2021 . . . . .	6,826,085.23
June 2021 . . . . .	6,626,334.11
July 2021 . . . . .	6,432,238.10
August 2021 . . . . .	6,243,640.63
September 2021 . . . . .	6,060,389.40
October 2021 . . . . .	5,882,336.26
November 2021 . . . . .	5,709,337.12
December 2021 . . . . .	5,541,251.78
January 2022 . . . . .	5,377,943.91
February 2022 . . . . .	5,219,280.87
March 2022 . . . . .	5,065,133.66
April 2022 . . . . .	4,915,376.79
May 2022 . . . . .	4,769,888.21
June 2022 . . . . .	4,628,549.19
July 2022 . . . . .	4,491,244.28
August 2022 . . . . .	4,357,861.14
September 2022 . . . . .	4,228,290.55
October 2022 . . . . .	4,102,426.25
November 2022 . . . . .	3,980,164.89
December 2022 . . . . .	3,861,405.97
January 2023 . . . . .	3,746,051.74
February 2023 . . . . .	3,634,007.10
March 2023 . . . . .	3,525,179.59

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
April 2023 . . . . .	\$ 3,419,479.29
May 2023 . . . . .	3,316,818.71
June 2023 . . . . .	3,217,112.80
July 2023 . . . . .	3,120,278.83
August 2023 . . . . .	3,026,236.34
September 2023 . . . . .	2,934,907.09
October 2023 . . . . .	2,846,214.97
November 2023 . . . . .	2,760,086.00
December 2023 . . . . .	2,676,448.20
January 2024 . . . . .	2,595,231.60
February 2024 . . . . .	2,516,368.13
March 2024 . . . . .	2,439,791.61
April 2024 . . . . .	2,365,437.69
May 2024 . . . . .	2,293,243.78
June 2024 . . . . .	2,223,149.02
July 2024 . . . . .	2,155,094.23
August 2024 . . . . .	2,089,021.87
September 2024 . . . . .	2,024,875.99
October 2024 . . . . .	1,962,602.17
November 2024 . . . . .	1,902,147.50
December 2024 . . . . .	1,843,460.55
January 2025 . . . . .	1,786,491.30
February 2025 . . . . .	1,731,191.10
March 2025 . . . . .	1,677,512.67
April 2025 . . . . .	1,625,410.04
May 2025 . . . . .	1,574,838.49
June 2025 . . . . .	1,525,754.56
July 2025 . . . . .	1,478,115.99
August 2025 . . . . .	1,431,881.69
September 2025 . . . . .	1,387,011.72
October 2025 . . . . .	1,343,467.25
November 2025 . . . . .	1,301,210.50
December 2025 . . . . .	1,260,204.79
January 2026 . . . . .	1,220,414.41
February 2026 . . . . .	1,181,804.68
March 2026 . . . . .	1,144,341.87
April 2026 . . . . .	1,107,993.18
May 2026 . . . . .	1,072,726.76
June 2026 . . . . .	1,038,511.61
July 2026 . . . . .	1,005,317.61
August 2026 . . . . .	973,115.48
September 2026 . . . . .	941,876.76

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
October 2026 . . . . .	\$ 911,573.78
November 2026 . . . . .	882,179.66
December 2026 . . . . .	853,668.24
January 2027 . . . . .	826,014.12
February 2027 . . . . .	799,192.61
March 2027 . . . . .	773,179.69
April 2027 . . . . .	747,952.03
May 2027 . . . . .	723,486.96
June 2027 . . . . .	699,762.43
July 2027 . . . . .	676,757.02
August 2027 . . . . .	654,449.90
September 2027 . . . . .	632,820.85
October 2027 . . . . .	611,850.20
November 2027 . . . . .	591,518.83
December 2027 . . . . .	571,808.17
January 2028 . . . . .	552,700.16
February 2028 . . . . .	534,177.27
March 2028 . . . . .	516,222.44
April 2028 . . . . .	498,819.12
May 2028 . . . . .	481,951.19
June 2028 . . . . .	465,603.03
July 2028 . . . . .	449,759.42
August 2028 . . . . .	434,405.60
September 2028 . . . . .	419,527.22
October 2028 . . . . .	405,110.32
November 2028 . . . . .	391,141.36
December 2028 . . . . .	377,607.17
January 2029 . . . . .	364,494.97
February 2029 . . . . .	351,792.32
March 2029 . . . . .	339,487.14
April 2029 . . . . .	327,567.71
May 2029 . . . . .	316,022.62
June 2029 . . . . .	304,840.81
July 2029 . . . . .	294,011.52
August 2029 . . . . .	283,524.29
September 2029 . . . . .	273,368.98
October 2029 . . . . .	263,535.71
November 2029 . . . . .	254,014.93
December 2029 . . . . .	244,797.31
January 2030 . . . . .	235,873.81
February 2030 . . . . .	227,235.66
March 2030 . . . . .	218,874.33

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
April 2030 . . . . .	\$ 210,781.54
May 2030 . . . . .	202,949.23
June 2030 . . . . .	195,369.60
July 2030 . . . . .	188,035.05
August 2030 . . . . .	180,938.22
September 2030 . . . . .	174,071.93
October 2030 . . . . .	167,429.25
November 2030 . . . . .	161,003.42
December 2030 . . . . .	154,787.89
January 2031 . . . . .	148,776.27
February 2031 . . . . .	142,962.40
March 2031 . . . . .	137,340.27
April 2031 . . . . .	131,904.05
May 2031 . . . . .	126,648.08
June 2031 . . . . .	121,566.85
July 2031 . . . . .	116,655.04
August 2031 . . . . .	111,907.47
September 2031 . . . . .	107,319.10
October 2031 . . . . .	102,885.04
November 2031 . . . . .	98,600.57
December 2031 . . . . .	94,461.06
January 2032 . . . . .	90,462.07
February 2032 . . . . .	86,599.24
March 2032 . . . . .	82,868.36
April 2032 . . . . .	79,265.36
May 2032 . . . . .	75,786.26
June 2032 . . . . .	72,427.20
July 2032 . . . . .	69,184.47
August 2032 . . . . .	66,054.41
September 2032 . . . . .	63,033.52
October 2032 . . . . .	60,118.38
November 2032 . . . . .	57,305.66
December 2032 . . . . .	54,592.16
January 2033 . . . . .	51,974.75
February 2033 . . . . .	49,450.40
March 2033 . . . . .	47,016.16
April 2033 . . . . .	44,669.19
May 2033 . . . . .	42,406.72
June 2033 . . . . .	40,226.06
July 2033 . . . . .	38,124.60
August 2033 . . . . .	36,099.81
September 2033 . . . . .	34,149.25

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>FM, MA, MB and MZ (in the aggregate)</u>
October 2033 . . . . .	\$ 32,270.54
November 2033. . . . .	30,461.35
December 2033. . . . .	28,719.46
January 2034. . . . .	27,042.70
February 2034. . . . .	25,428.95
March 2034. . . . .	23,876.18
April 2034. . . . .	22,382.40
May 2034 . . . . .	20,945.68
June 2034 . . . . .	19,564.18
July 2034. . . . .	18,236.07
August 2034 . . . . .	16,959.60
September 2034 . . . . .	15,733.08
October 2034 . . . . .	14,554.86
November 2034. . . . .	13,423.34
December 2034. . . . .	12,336.97
January 2035. . . . .	11,294.24
February 2035. . . . .	10,293.71
March 2035 . . . . .	9,333.96
April 2035 . . . . .	8,413.62
May 2035 . . . . .	7,531.37
June 2035 . . . . .	6,685.92
July 2035. . . . .	5,876.02
August 2035 . . . . .	5,100.46
September 2035 . . . . .	4,358.09
October 2035 . . . . .	3,647.75
November 2035. . . . .	2,968.36
December 2035. . . . .	2,318.85
January 2036. . . . .	1,698.19
February 2036. . . . .	1,105.37
March 2036. . . . .	539.43
April 2036 and thereafter. . . . .	0.00

**Schedule III**

**401% PSA BALANCES**

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
Initial Balance . . . . .	\$372,000,000.00
September 2009 . . . . .	363,102,914.11
October 2009 . . . . .	354,415,786.33
November 2009 . . . . .	345,933,709.74
December 2009 . . . . .	337,651,891.26
January 2010 . . . . .	329,565,649.06
February 2010 . . . . .	321,670,409.97
March 2010 . . . . .	313,961,706.99
April 2010 . . . . .	306,435,176.80
May 2010 . . . . .	299,086,557.44
June 2010 . . . . .	291,911,685.88
July 2010 . . . . .	284,906,495.81
August 2010 . . . . .	278,067,015.35
September 2010 . . . . .	271,389,364.91
October 2010 . . . . .	264,869,755.04
November 2010 . . . . .	258,504,484.34
December 2010 . . . . .	252,289,937.45
January 2011 . . . . .	246,222,583.03
February 2011 . . . . .	240,298,971.85
March 2011 . . . . .	234,515,734.86
April 2011 . . . . .	228,869,581.37
May 2011 . . . . .	223,357,297.20
June 2011 . . . . .	217,975,742.97
July 2011 . . . . .	212,721,852.30
August 2011 . . . . .	207,592,630.16
September 2011 . . . . .	202,585,151.23
October 2011 . . . . .	197,696,558.26
November 2011 . . . . .	192,924,060.52
December 2011 . . . . .	188,264,932.24
January 2012 . . . . .	183,716,511.11
February 2012 . . . . .	179,276,196.84
March 2012 . . . . .	174,941,449.67
April 2012 . . . . .	170,709,789.04
May 2012 . . . . .	166,578,792.15
June 2012 . . . . .	162,546,092.68
July 2012 . . . . .	158,609,379.42
August 2012 . . . . .	154,766,395.06
September 2012 . . . . .	151,014,934.92
October 2012 . . . . .	147,352,845.68
November 2012 . . . . .	143,778,024.29

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
December 2012	\$140,288,416.70
January 2013	136,882,016.80
February 2013	133,556,865.27
March 2013	130,311,048.52
April 2013	127,142,697.61
May 2013	124,049,987.24
June 2013	121,031,134.69
July 2013	118,084,398.89
August 2013	115,208,079.42
September 2013	112,400,515.57
October 2013	109,660,085.45
November 2013	106,985,205.04
December 2013	104,374,327.35
January 2014	101,825,941.52
February 2014	99,338,572.05
March 2014	96,910,777.90
April 2014	94,541,151.75
May 2014	92,228,319.20
June 2014	89,970,937.97
July 2014	87,767,697.22
August 2014	85,617,316.76
September 2014	83,518,546.38
October 2014	81,470,165.12
November 2014	79,470,980.62
December 2014	77,519,828.45
January 2015	75,615,571.42
February 2015	73,757,099.01
March 2015	71,943,326.71
April 2015	70,173,195.43
May 2015	68,445,670.90
June 2015	66,759,743.09
July 2015	65,114,425.68
August 2015	63,508,755.45
September 2015	61,941,791.79
October 2015	60,412,616.16
November 2015	58,920,331.57
December 2015	57,464,062.08
January 2016	56,042,952.33
February 2016	54,656,167.02
March 2016	53,302,890.48
April 2016	51,982,326.21
May 2016	50,693,696.40
June 2016	49,436,241.54

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
July 2016 . . . . .	\$ 48,209,219.95
August 2016 . . . . .	47,011,907.41
September 2016 . . . . .	45,843,596.71
October 2016 . . . . .	44,703,597.28
November 2016 . . . . .	43,591,234.80
December 2016 . . . . .	42,505,850.81
January 2017 . . . . .	41,446,802.34
February 2017 . . . . .	40,413,461.56
March 2017 . . . . .	39,405,215.43
April 2017 . . . . .	38,421,465.33
May 2017 . . . . .	37,461,626.77
June 2017 . . . . .	36,525,128.98
July 2017 . . . . .	35,611,414.69
August 2017 . . . . .	34,719,939.74
September 2017 . . . . .	33,850,172.80
October 2017 . . . . .	33,001,595.07
November 2017 . . . . .	32,173,700.00
December 2017 . . . . .	31,365,992.96
January 2018 . . . . .	30,577,991.02
February 2018 . . . . .	29,809,222.64
March 2018 . . . . .	29,059,227.40
April 2018 . . . . .	28,327,555.77
May 2018 . . . . .	27,613,768.84
June 2018 . . . . .	26,917,438.04
July 2018 . . . . .	26,238,144.95
August 2018 . . . . .	25,575,481.04
September 2018 . . . . .	24,929,047.43
October 2018 . . . . .	24,298,454.69
November 2018 . . . . .	23,683,322.56
December 2018 . . . . .	23,083,279.83
January 2019 . . . . .	22,497,964.04
February 2019 . . . . .	21,927,021.32
March 2019 . . . . .	21,370,106.17
April 2019 . . . . .	20,826,881.28
May 2019 . . . . .	20,297,017.35
June 2019 . . . . .	19,780,192.84
July 2019 . . . . .	19,276,093.87
August 2019 . . . . .	18,784,413.97
September 2019 . . . . .	18,304,853.97
October 2019 . . . . .	17,837,121.78
November 2019 . . . . .	17,380,932.22
December 2019 . . . . .	16,936,006.92
January 2020 . . . . .	16,502,074.09

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
February 2020 . . . . .	\$ 16,078,868.39
March 2020 . . . . .	15,666,130.81
April 2020 . . . . .	15,263,608.47
May 2020 . . . . .	14,871,054.50
June 2020 . . . . .	14,488,227.92
July 2020 . . . . .	14,114,893.45
August 2020 . . . . .	13,750,821.44
September 2020 . . . . .	13,395,787.67
October 2020 . . . . .	13,049,573.28
November 2020 . . . . .	12,711,964.61
December 2020 . . . . .	12,382,753.10
January 2021 . . . . .	12,061,735.14
February 2021 . . . . .	11,748,711.98
March 2021 . . . . .	11,443,489.61
April 2021 . . . . .	11,145,878.65
May 2021 . . . . .	10,855,694.22
June 2021 . . . . .	10,572,755.87
July 2021 . . . . .	10,296,887.44
August 2021 . . . . .	10,027,916.98
September 2021 . . . . .	9,765,676.66
October 2021 . . . . .	9,510,002.63
November 2021 . . . . .	9,260,734.98
December 2021 . . . . .	9,017,717.62
January 2022 . . . . .	8,780,798.18
February 2022 . . . . .	8,549,827.94
March 2022 . . . . .	8,324,661.73
April 2022 . . . . .	8,105,157.88
May 2022 . . . . .	7,891,178.08
June 2022 . . . . .	7,682,587.35
July 2022 . . . . .	7,479,253.95
August 2022 . . . . .	7,281,049.27
September 2022 . . . . .	7,087,847.81
October 2022 . . . . .	6,899,527.07
November 2022 . . . . .	6,715,967.49
December 2022 . . . . .	6,537,052.37
January 2023 . . . . .	6,362,667.82
February 2023 . . . . .	6,192,702.70
March 2023 . . . . .	6,027,048.51
April 2023 . . . . .	5,865,599.37
May 2023 . . . . .	5,708,251.95
June 2023 . . . . .	5,554,905.41
July 2023 . . . . .	5,405,461.32
August 2023 . . . . .	5,259,823.63

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
September 2023 . . . . .	\$ 5,117,898.59
October 2023 . . . . .	4,979,594.73
November 2023 . . . . .	4,844,822.77
December 2023 . . . . .	4,713,495.58
January 2024 . . . . .	4,585,528.13
February 2024 . . . . .	4,460,837.45
March 2024 . . . . .	4,339,342.57
April 2024 . . . . .	4,220,964.47
May 2024 . . . . .	4,105,626.03
June 2024 . . . . .	3,993,252.02
July 2024 . . . . .	3,883,769.00
August 2024 . . . . .	3,777,105.33
September 2024 . . . . .	3,673,191.07
October 2024 . . . . .	3,571,958.01
November 2024 . . . . .	3,473,339.57
December 2024 . . . . .	3,377,270.79
January 2025 . . . . .	3,283,688.27
February 2025 . . . . .	3,192,530.17
March 2025 . . . . .	3,103,736.13
April 2025 . . . . .	3,017,247.26
May 2025 . . . . .	2,933,006.10
June 2025 . . . . .	2,850,956.59
July 2025 . . . . .	2,771,044.03
August 2025 . . . . .	2,693,215.05
September 2025 . . . . .	2,617,417.56
October 2025 . . . . .	2,543,600.76
November 2025 . . . . .	2,471,715.08
December 2025 . . . . .	2,401,712.15
January 2026 . . . . .	2,333,544.79
February 2026 . . . . .	2,267,166.96
March 2026 . . . . .	2,202,533.74
April 2026 . . . . .	2,139,601.32
May 2026 . . . . .	2,078,326.94
June 2026 . . . . .	2,018,668.91
July 2026 . . . . .	1,960,586.52
August 2026 . . . . .	1,904,040.10
September 2026 . . . . .	1,848,990.92
October 2026 . . . . .	1,795,401.19
November 2026 . . . . .	1,743,234.08
December 2026 . . . . .	1,692,453.64
January 2027 . . . . .	1,643,024.79
February 2027 . . . . .	1,594,913.34
March 2027 . . . . .	1,548,085.90

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
April 2027 . . . . .	\$ 1,502,509.94
May 2027 . . . . .	1,458,153.70
June 2027 . . . . .	1,414,986.21
July 2027 . . . . .	1,372,977.26
August 2027 . . . . .	1,332,097.38
September 2027 . . . . .	1,292,317.84
October 2027 . . . . .	1,253,610.60
November 2027 . . . . .	1,215,948.31
December 2027 . . . . .	1,179,304.31
January 2028 . . . . .	1,143,652.58
February 2028 . . . . .	1,108,967.76
March 2028 . . . . .	1,075,225.10
April 2028 . . . . .	1,042,400.46
May 2028 . . . . .	1,010,470.32
June 2028 . . . . .	979,411.72
July 2028 . . . . .	949,202.26
August 2028 . . . . .	919,820.13
September 2028 . . . . .	891,244.02
October 2028 . . . . .	863,453.18
November 2028 . . . . .	836,427.36
December 2028 . . . . .	810,146.81
January 2029 . . . . .	784,592.27
February 2029 . . . . .	759,744.98
March 2029 . . . . .	735,586.62
April 2029 . . . . .	712,099.33
May 2029 . . . . .	689,265.71
June 2029 . . . . .	667,068.78
July 2029 . . . . .	645,491.99
August 2029 . . . . .	624,519.20
September 2029 . . . . .	604,134.67
October 2029 . . . . .	584,323.06
November 2029 . . . . .	565,069.41
December 2029 . . . . .	546,359.13
January 2030 . . . . .	528,178.01
February 2030 . . . . .	510,512.17
March 2030 . . . . .	493,348.11
April 2030 . . . . .	476,672.64
May 2030 . . . . .	460,472.91
June 2030 . . . . .	444,736.41
July 2030 . . . . .	429,450.92
August 2030 . . . . .	414,604.55
September 2030 . . . . .	400,185.68
October 2030 . . . . .	386,183.01

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
November 2030 .....	\$ 372,585.52
December 2030 .....	359,382.45
January 2031 .....	346,563.33
February 2031 .....	334,117.96
March 2031 .....	322,036.38
April 2031 .....	310,308.89
May 2031 .....	298,926.03
June 2031 .....	287,878.59
July 2031 .....	277,157.60
August 2031 .....	266,754.29
September 2031 .....	256,660.13
October 2031 .....	246,866.82
November 2031 .....	237,366.25
December 2031 .....	228,150.53
January 2032 .....	219,211.96
February 2032 .....	210,543.05
March 2032 .....	202,136.49
April 2032 .....	193,985.16
May 2032 .....	186,082.12
June 2032 .....	178,420.62
July 2032 .....	170,994.07
August 2032 .....	163,796.05
September 2032 .....	156,820.31
October 2032 .....	150,060.77
November 2032 .....	143,511.48
December 2032 .....	137,166.67
January 2033 .....	131,020.70
February 2033 .....	125,068.09
March 2033 .....	119,303.49
April 2033 .....	113,721.69
May 2033 .....	108,317.64
June 2033 .....	103,086.37
July 2033 .....	98,023.09
August 2033 .....	93,123.10
September 2033 .....	88,381.84
October 2033 .....	83,794.86
November 2033 .....	79,357.84
December 2033 .....	75,066.55
January 2034 .....	70,916.89
February 2034 .....	66,904.86
March 2034 .....	63,026.56
April 2034 .....	59,278.21
May 2034 .....	55,656.10

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Group 2 Trust Asset Balance</u>
June 2034 . . . . .	\$ 52,156.64
July 2034 . . . . .	48,776.33
August 2034 . . . . .	45,511.76
September 2034 . . . . .	42,359.60
October 2034 . . . . .	39,316.64
November 2034 . . . . .	36,379.72
December 2034 . . . . .	33,545.77
January 2035 . . . . .	30,811.82
February 2035 . . . . .	28,174.96
March 2035 . . . . .	25,632.37
April 2035 . . . . .	23,181.29
May 2035 . . . . .	20,819.05
June 2035 . . . . .	18,543.04
July 2035 . . . . .	16,350.73
August 2035 . . . . .	14,239.65
September 2035 . . . . .	12,207.39
October 2035 . . . . .	10,251.62
November 2035 . . . . .	8,370.06
December 2035 . . . . .	6,560.50
January 2036 . . . . .	4,820.78
February 2036 . . . . .	3,148.81
March 2036 . . . . .	1,542.54
April 2036 and thereafter . . . . .	0.00



**\$630,866,166**

**Government National  
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**GINNIE MAE<sup>®</sup>**

**Guaranteed REMIC  
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***OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT***  
**August 21, 2009**

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**Jefferies & Company  
Loop Capital Markets LLC**