



\$149,421,978

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE®

**Guaranteed HECM MBS REMIC Pass-Through Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2010-H05**

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the front cover of this offering circular supplement.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(1)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(2)	Interest Type(2)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(3)
AB	\$149,421,978	4.25%	HPT	FIX/HZ	38375BBK7	April 2060
FI	149,421,978	(4)	NTL (HPT)	HWAC/IO/DLY	38375BBL5	April 2060
Residual						
RR	0	0.00	NPR	NPR	38375BBM3	April 2060

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

- (1) Subject to increase as described under “Increase in Size” in this Supplement. The amount shown for the Notional Class (indicated by “NTL” under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.
- (2) As defined under “Terms Sheet — Class Types” in this Offering Circular Supplement or under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular, as applicable. The Class Notional Balance of the Notional Class will be either reduced or increased, as applicable, with the outstanding principal balance of the Trust Assets.
- (3) See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date” in this Supplement.
- (4) See “Terms Sheet — Interest Rates” in this Supplement.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own Ginnie Mae HECM MBS.

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See “Risk Factors” beginning on page S-6 which highlights some of these risks.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be April 30, 2010.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are “exempted securities” under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Barclays Capital Inc.

Aladdin Capital LLC

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this “Supplement”),
- the Base Offering Circular,
- the HECM MBS Base Prospectus dated October 1, 2007 (the “HECM MBS Base Prospectus”) and
- each HECM MBS Prospectus Supplement relating to the HECM MBS (the “HECM MBS Prospectus Supplements,” together with the HECM MBS Base Prospectus, the “HECM MBS Disclosure Documents”).

The Base Offering Circular and the HECM MBS Disclosure Documents are available on Ginnie Mae’s website located at <http://www.ginniemae.gov>.

If you do not have access to the internet, call The Bank of New York Mellon, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular. In addition, you can obtain copies of any other document listed above by contacting The Bank of New York Mellon at the telephone number listed above.

Unless otherwise specifically defined herein, please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the Glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly “Risk Factors,” and each of the other documents listed under “Available Information.”

Sponsor: Barclays Capital Inc.

Co-Sponsor: Aladdin Capital LLC

Trustee: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: April 30, 2010

Distribution Date: The 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in May 2010.

Trust Assets:

<u>Trust Asset Type⁽¹⁾</u>	<u>HECM MBS Principal Balance</u>	<u>HECM MBS Rate</u>	<u>Original Term To Maturity (in years)</u>
Ginnie Mae II	\$149,421,978	(2)	50

⁽¹⁾ The Trust Assets are HECM MBS backed by participation interests (each, a “Participation”) in advances made to borrowers and related amounts in respect of home equity conversion mortgage loans (“HECMs”) insured by FHA. The Trust Assets consist of Ginnie Mae HECM MBS Pools 710038, 730351 and 730352. See “*The Trust Assets— The Participations and the HECMs*” in this Supplement. Certain additional information regarding the HECM MBS is set forth in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

⁽²⁾ The HECM MBS Rate for each Trust Asset is the weighted average coupon of its related Participation interest rates (“WACR”). WACR constitutes the Weighted Average Coupon Rate for purposes of this Supplement. See “*The Trust Assets— The Trust MBS*” in this Supplement. The interest rates of the Participations underlying the HECM MBS pools range from 5.390% to 5.815%.

Assumed Characteristics of the HECMs and the Participations Underlying the Trust Assets:

The assumed characteristics of the HECMs and the Participations underlying the Trust Assets are identified in Exhibit A to this Supplement. The assumed characteristics may differ, perhaps significantly, from the characteristics of the HECMs and the related Participations as of the date of issuance of the related HECM MBS, which characteristics are identified in the related HECM MBS Prospectus Supplement. There can be no assurance that the actual characteristics of the HECMs and the Participations underlying the Trust Assets will be the same as the assumed characteristics identified in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the “Fedwire Book-Entry System”). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. See “*Description of the Securities— Form of Securities*” in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Regular Class. See “*Description of the Securities— Form of Securities*” in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rate for Class AB is shown on the front cover of this Supplement.

The approximate initial Interest Rate for the Interest Only Class set forth below was calculated using the assumed characteristics of the HECMs and the Participations underlying the Trust Assets set forth in Exhibit A, which is provided by the Sponsor as of April 1, 2010. The assumed characteristics include rounded weighted average gross coupons on the HECMs related to the Participations backing the Trust Assets. The actual initial Interest Rate for the Interest Only Class will be calculated based on the interest that accrues on each HECM, aggregated and then rounded to a different level of precision. Therefore the actual initial Interest Rate for the Interest Only Class may differ from the approximate initial Interest Rate set forth herein. Prior to the first Distribution Date, investors can obtain the actual initial Interest Rate for the Interest Only Class for the related Accrual Period from the Trustee's website, www.ctslink.com.

Class FI Interest Rate: For any Distribution Date, a per annum rate equal to the product of (i) 12 multiplied by (ii) the quotient of (a) the excess, if any, of (I) the interest accrued for the Accrual Period immediately preceding such Distribution Date on the Trust Assets over (II) the Class AB Interest Accrual Amount for such Distribution Date, divided by (b) the outstanding principal balance of the Trust Assets as of the related Record Date for Class FI. The initial interest rate for Class FI is approximately 1.22345%.

Distributions: On each Distribution Date, the Available Distribution Amount will be allocated in the following order of priority:

1. Concurrently, to AB and FI, pro rata based on their respective Interest Accrual Amounts, up to the Class AB Interest Accrual Amount and the Class FI Interest Accrual Amount for such Distribution Date
2. To AB, in reduction of its Class Principal Balance, up to the amount of the Class AB Principal Distribution Amount for such Distribution Date
3. To FI, until the Class FI Deferred Interest Amount is reduced to zero

Available Distribution Amount: With respect to each Distribution Date, the excess, if any, of (a) the sum of (i) the product of (A) the original principal amount of the HECM MBS and (B) the Certificate Factor or Calculated Certificate Factor, as applicable, for the preceding Distribution Date and (ii) the interest accrued with respect to such HECM MBS for the related Accrual Period over (b) the product of (i) the original principal amount of such HECM MBS and (ii) the Certificate Factor or Calculated Certificate Factor, as applicable, for the current Distribution Date.

Class AB Interest Accrual Amount: For any Distribution Date, interest accrued during the related Accrual Period for such Distribution Date at the related Interest Rate on the Class Principal Balance of Class AB as of the related Record Date. If, on any Distribution Date, the Class AB Interest Accrual Amount for such Distribution Date exceeds the amount distributed in respect of Class AB pursuant to step 1. in "Terms Sheet — Distributions" in this Supplement, such excess will be added to the Class Principal Balance of Class AB (the "Class AB Principal Balance").

Class AB Principal Distribution Amount: For any Distribution Date, the product of (i) the excess, if any, of (a) the Available Distribution Amount for such Distribution Date over (b) the sum of the Class AB Interest Accrual Amount and the Class FI Interest Accrual Amount for such Distribution Date, and (ii) the quotient of (a) the Class AB Principal Balance as of the related Record Date divided by (b) the outstanding principal balance of the Trust Assets as of the related Record Date for Class AB.

Class FI Deferred Interest Amount: With respect to any Distribution Date, the excess, if any, of (i) the sum of all Class FI Interest Accrual Amounts for each Accrual Period ending before such Distribution Date over (ii) the sum of (a) all amounts distributed in respect of Class FI on all prior Distribution Dates plus (b) the amount distributed in respect of Class FI on such Distribution Date pursuant to step 1. in "Terms Sheet — Distributions" in this Supplement. After the occurrence of any Distribution Date in any month, the remaining Class FI Deferred Interest Amount can be calculated by subtracting the Class AB Principal Balance after giving effect to any principal distribution (or any addition) made with respect to such Class as of such Distribution Date from the outstanding principal

balance of the Trust Assets after giving effect to any payments or accruals on the related HECM MBS as of such Distribution Date. Prior to any Distribution Date, the Class FI Deferred Interest Amount is available on reports published by the Trustee on its website, www.ctslink.com.

Class FI Interest Accrual Amount: For any Distribution Date, interest accrued during the related Accrual Period for such Distribution Date at the Class FI Interest Rate on the Class Notional Balance of Class FI (the “Class FI Notional Balance”) as of the related Record Date.

Class Types: The following list contains abbreviations used to describe certain Class Types. Definitions of the Class Types are found below.

<u>Abbreviation</u>	<u>Class Types</u>
HPT	HECM MBS Pass-Through Class
HWAC	HECM MBS Weighted Average Coupon Class
HZ	HECM MBS Accrual Class

HECM MBS Accrual Class: A HECM MBS Accrual Class (“HZ”) is a Class that is backed in whole or in part by Trust Assets consisting of HECM MBS on which interest accrues during any Accrual Period and all or a portion of the accrued interest is (a) distributable as interest up to the amount available in respect of the underlying HECM MBS and is (b) added to its Class Principal Balance on each Distribution Date to the extent that there is not available cashflow from the Trust Assets to distribute the total accrued interest. There are no Accretion Directed Classes associated with any HECM MBS Accrual Class.

HECM MBS Pass-Through Class: A HECM MBS Pass-Through Class (“HPT”) is a Class that is backed in whole or in part by Trust Assets consisting of HECM MBS that either individually or together with other Classes receives on each Distribution Date all or substantially all of the principal and/or interest payments received on the related Trust Assets and that is not a Strip or Sequential Pay Class.

HECM MBS Weighted Average Coupon Class: A HECM MBS Weighted Average Coupon Class (“HWAC”) is a Class that is backed in whole or in part by Trust Assets consisting of HECM MBS and whose Interest Rate is based on or determined by reference to a Weighted Average Coupon Rate as described in this Supplement.

Notional Class: The Notional Class will not receive distributions of principal based on its Class Notional Balance but has a Class Notional Balance for convenience in describing its entitlement to interest. The Class Notional Balance of the Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces or increases to that extent with, the outstanding principal balance of the Trust Assets indicated:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Original Class Notional Balance</u>	<u>Represents</u>
FI	\$149,421,978	100% of the Trust Assets

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and represents the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the HECMs related to the participations underlying the trust assets will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the HECMs related to the participations underlying the trust assets. Any historical data regarding mortgage loan prepayment rates may not be indicative of the rate of future prepayments on the related HECMs, and no assurances can be given about the rates at which the related HECMs will prepay. We expect the rate of principal payments on the HECMs related to the participations underlying the trust assets to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their HECMs at any time without penalty.

It is uncertain when payments will be made in respect of securities backed by HECM MBS. The rate of voluntary prepayments and the occurrence of maturity events and Ginnie Mae issuer purchase events with respect to HECMs are uncertain. A borrower may prepay in whole or in part the outstanding balance of a HECM at any time without penalty. No interest or principal is required to be paid by the borrower, however, until maturity, which generally occurs upon the occurrence of a maturity event. A Ginnie Mae issuer of a HECM MBS is permitted and obligated to purchase, under certain circumstances, all participations related to a HECM.

Because (i) it is uncertain whether a HECM borrower will choose to prepay amounts advanced in whole or in part, (ii) it is uncertain when any maturity event might occur, (iii) it is uncertain when amounts owed on a HECM will equal or exceed 98% of the maximum claim amount and (iv) it is uncertain whether a Ginnie Mae issuer will exercise any option to purchase any participation related to a HECM, it is uncertain when any amounts might be paid on securities backed by HECM MBS and thus the yields on and weighted average lives of the securities backed by HECM MBS may differ substantially from an investor's expectations. See "Risk Factors" and

"Prepayment and Yield Considerations" in the HECM MBS Base Prospectus and "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this supplement.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you bought your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

HECM borrowers may choose or change to one of five payment plans, each of which has different prepayment characteristics that may affect the weighted average lives and yields of the securities. For example, line of credit payment plans generally experience higher prepayment rates than other payment plans. Because the HECM MBS consists of line of credit HECMs, the HECMs may experience higher prepayment rates. Higher prepayment rates will reduce, perhaps significantly, the weighted average lives of the securities. Reductions in the weighted average lives of the securities will affect the yields on the securities.

Certain of the trust assets consist of participations in fully drawn line of credit HECMs which could result in an earlier occurrence of a Ginnie Mae issuer purchase event which may reduce the weighted average lives of, and yields on, the securities. When a HECM approaches its maximum claim amount, a Ginnie Mae issuer purchase event may occur, resulting in a payment in respect of the securities. A line of credit HECM that is fully drawn is likely to be closer to its

maximum claim amount and therefore could result in a Ginnie Mae issuer purchase event occurring sooner than a line of credit HECM that still has an available line of credit. Earlier payments on the securities resulting from any such Ginnie Mae issuer purchase event will reduce the weighted average lives of the securities and will affect, perhaps significantly, the yields on the securities.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the interest only and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that

have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this supplement and in the base offering circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the HECMs and the participations underlying the trust assets affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. Furthermore, certain of the assumed characteristics identified in Exhibit A to this supplement, such as maximum claim amount and HECM MBS principal balance, are calculated on an aggregate basis which may cause results to differ, perhaps significantly, from those calculated using the actual characteristics of the trust assets on a HECM or participation level basis. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the HECMs prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the HECMs will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

Lack of publicly available information on the HECMs and the related participations underlying the trust assets may adversely affect the liquidity of your securities. Limited information will be made publicly available regarding the performance of the HECMs and the related participations underlying the trust assets after the closing date. The absence of publicly available information may affect your ability to sell your securities to prospective investors.

THE TRUST ASSETS

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Trust MBS

The Trust Assets are HECM MBS guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, and are based on or backed by Participations in advances made to borrowers and related amounts in respect of HECMs. Each such HECM MBS will accrue interest at the interest rate for that HECM MBS for each accrual period (the “HECM MBS Rate”) as set forth in the related HECM MBS Disclosure Documents. The HECM MBS Rate is generally equal to the weighted average of the interest rates on the Participations (each, the “Participation Interest Rate”).

With respect to each Participation, the Participation Interest Rate generally equals the interest rate of the related HECM less the Servicing Fee Margin. The Servicing Fee Margin generally represents the amount of the servicing compensation payable to the Ginnie Mae Issuer and the Ginnie Mae guaranty fee. However, the Servicing Fee Margin will vary depending on whether the servicing compensation for the HECM is paid on a flat monthly fee arrangement or as a portion of the mortgage interest rate. With respect to a HECM for which the servicing compensation is based on a flat monthly fee arrangement, the Servicing Fee Margin cannot be less than 0.06% or more than 0.75%.

Amounts accrued on each HECM MBS in respect of interest each month will equal the product of (i) one-twelfth of the HECM MBS Rate and (ii) the unpaid and outstanding principal amount of such HECM MBS at the end of the prior month. Each month the accrued interest with respect to each HECM MBS will be added to the then outstanding principal balance of such HECM MBS. There are no scheduled payments of interest. It is generally anticipated that no payment in respect of any HECM MBS will be paid until the occurrence of a maturity event, or in the event that a borrower makes a voluntary prepayment in whole or in part of the outstanding principal balance of the related HECM or a Ginnie Mae Issuer purchase event occurs.

The HECM MBS Disclosure Documents may be obtained from the Information Agent as described under “Available Information” in this Supplement. Investors are cautioned that material changes in facts and circumstances may have occurred since the date of the HECM MBS Disclosure Documents, including changes in prepayment rates, prevailing interest rates and other economic factors, which may limit the usefulness of, and be directly contrary to the assumptions used in preparing the information included in, the offering document.

The Participations and the related HECMs are further described in the tables in the Terms Sheet hereof and in Exhibit A to this Supplement. Exhibit A also sets forth information regarding approximate loan ages of the related HECMs and weighted average information regarding various characteristics of the HECMs relating to the Participations underlying the related HECM MBS.

The Participations and the HECMs

The Participations and the related HECMs underlying the Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in Exhibit A and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular and the HECM MBS Disclosure Documents. The Participations are related to interests in advances made to borrowers and related amounts in respect of first lien, single-family fixed-rate residential HECM loans insured by the Federal Housing Administration. See “*The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General*” in the Base Offering Circular.

HECM borrowers may choose one of five payment plans and may change payment plans at any time as long as the outstanding principal balance does not exceed the principal limit. The “tenure” payment plan guarantees that the borrower will receive equal monthly payments for so long as the property remains the borrower’s principal residence. The “term” payment plan guarantees that the borrower will receive monthly payments for a fixed term of months as selected by the borrower. The “line of credit” payment plan allows the borrower to draw up to the available line of credit and in amounts of the borrower’s choosing. The “modified tenure” payment plan allows the borrower to set aside a portion of loan proceeds as a line of credit and receive the remaining balance in the form of equal monthly payments. The “modified term” payment plan allows the borrower to set aside a portion of the loan proceeds as a line of credit and receive the remaining balance as equal monthly payments for a fixed period of time selected by the borrower. Each payment plan is designed so that no repayments of principal or interest are required until a maturity event occurs. Any HECM may be prepaid in whole or in part at any time without penalty under each of the five payment plans. *See “Risk Factors—HECM borrowers may choose or change to one of five payment plans, each of which has different prepayment characteristics that may affect the weighted average lives and yields of the securities” in this Supplement.*

Specific information regarding the individual characteristics of the Participations and the related HECMs is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the characteristics of the Participations and the related HECMs. However, the actual characteristics of many of the Participations and the related HECMs will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Participations and the related HECMs are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Participations and the related HECMs can have a significant effect on the weighted average lives and yields of the Securities. *See “Terms Sheet— Assumed Characteristics of the HECMs and the Participations underlying the Trust Assets,” “Risk Factors,” and “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” and Exhibit A in this Supplement.*

The Trustee Fee

The Sponsor will contribute certain Ginnie Mae Certificates in respect of the fee to be paid to the Trustee (the “Trustee Fee”). On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain all principal and interest distributions received on such Ginnie Mae Certificates in payment of the Trustee Fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. *See “Ginnie Mae Guaranty” in the Base Offering Circular.*

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. *See “Description of the Securities” in the Base Offering Circular.*

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained, and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. *See “Description of the Securities—Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures” in the Base Offering Circular.*

Each Regular Class will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal or notional balance of \$100,000.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date as specified under “Terms Sheet — Distribution Date” in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Available Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the close of business on the last Business Day of the calendar month immediately preceding the month in which the Distribution Date occurs. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. *See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” and “— Method of Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.*

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed or accrued as described under “Terms Sheet — Distributions” in this Supplement.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable or accrued on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days’ interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Interest Type” on the front cover of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the front cover of this Supplement are explained in the Terms Sheet and under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Period

The Accrual Period for each Regular Class is the calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date.

Fixed Rate Class

Class AB will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the front cover of this Supplement.

HECM MBS Weighted Average Coupon Class

Class FI will bear interest as shown under “Terms Sheet — Interest Rates” in this Supplement.

The interest that will be distributed or accrued, as applicable, on Class FI will be limited by the interest that is distributed or accrued in respect of the HECM MBS.

The Trustee’s determination of this Interest Rate will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae’s Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae’s website (“e-Access”) or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

HECM MBS Accrual Class

Class AB is a HECM MBS Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on Class AB and be distributed as described under “Terms Sheet — HECM MBS Accrual Class” in this Supplement.

Class FI Deferred Interest Amount

Any interest accrued and unpaid on Class FI during the Accrual Period for any Distribution Date that is not distributed because of an insufficiency in the Available Distribution Amount for such Distribution Date increases the Class FI Deferred Interest Amount. Any such amounts distributable to the Holders of Class FI will be paid no later than the Final Distribution Date of Class FI.

Principal Distributions

The Principal Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described under “Terms Sheet — Distributions” in this Supplement. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. *See “— Class Factors” below.*

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Principal Type” on the front cover of this Supplement. The abbreviations used on the front cover and in the Terms Sheet are explained in the Terms Sheet to this Supplement and under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Notional Class

The Notional Class will not receive principal distributions based on its Class Notional Balance. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Class will have the original Class Notional Balance shown on the front cover of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balance will be reduced or increased as shown under “Terms Sheet — Notional Class” in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described under “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the

Class Principal Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of the HECM MBS Accrual Class) or any addition to or reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a “Class Factor”).

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for each month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any addition to or reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities on any Distribution Date upon the Trustee’s determination that the REMIC status of either Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder’s allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder’s allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate (including any Deferred Interest Amount). The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the HECMs will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- The rate of principal payments (including prepayments or partial payments) of the HECMs relating to the Participations underlying the Securities depends on a variety of economic, geographic, social, and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and borrower mortality, and will affect the weighted average lives and yields realized by investors in the related Securities. HECMs may respond differently than traditional forward mortgage loans to the factors that influence prepayment.

With respect to the Trust Assets, the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to a HECM related to the Participations underlying the related HECM MBS (each a “Maturity Event”) will result in the holders of the Securities being entitled to a distribution of principal:

- if a borrower dies and the property is not the principal residence of at least one surviving borrower,
- if a borrower conveys all of his or her title in the mortgaged property and no other borrower retains title to the mortgaged property,
- if the mortgaged property ceases to be the principal residence of a borrower for reasons other than death and the mortgaged property is not the principal residence of at least one surviving borrower,
- if a borrower fails to occupy the mortgaged property for a period of longer than 12 consecutive months because of physical or mental illness and the mortgaged property is not the principal residence of at least one other borrower, or
- if a borrower fails to perform any of its obligations under the HECM (for example, the failure of the borrower to make certain agreed upon repairs to the mortgaged property or the failure of the borrower to pay taxes and hazard insurance premiums).

Generally, a HECM is not repaid immediately upon the occurrence of a Maturity Event, but continues to accrue interest until the liquidation of the related mortgaged property and the repayment of the HECM by the borrower or the receipt of insurance proceeds from FHA. Any resulting shortfall to investors in the related Securities with respect to any Participations in the related HECM will be covered by Ginnie Mae pursuant to its guaranty of the Securities.

A Ginnie Mae Issuer is obligated to purchase all Participations related to a HECM when the outstanding principal amount of the related HECM is equal to or greater than 98% of the “Maximum Claim Amount,” and a Ginnie Mae Issuer has the option to purchase all Participations related to a HECM to the extent that any borrower’s request for an additional advance in respect of any HECM, if funded, together with the outstanding principal amount of the related HECM is equal to or greater than 98% of the “Maximum Claim Amount” or when a HECM becomes, and continues to be, due and payable in accordance with its terms, as applicable (any such purchase referred to herein as a “Ginnie Mae Issuer Purchase Event”). In connection with such repurchase, the Ginnie Mae Issuer will pay an amount (the “Release Price”) equal to the outstanding principal amount of all of the Participations related to such HECMs. The Release Price will be passed through to the related securityholders on the Distribution Date following the month in which such Ginnie Mae Issuer Purchase Event occurs. Additional draws on HECMs will increase the rate at which HECMs will reach their Maximum Claim Amounts. Any payment in respect of the Securities resulting from a Ginnie Mae Issuer Purchase Event will reduce the Weighted Average Lives of the Securities and will affect, perhaps significantly, the yields on the Securities.

The occurrence of voluntary prepayments by a borrower, Maturity Events and Ginnie Mae Issuer Purchase Events will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities. Because (i) it is uncertain whether a HECM borrower will choose to prepay amounts advanced in whole or in part, (ii) it is uncertain when any Maturity Event might occur, (iii) it is uncertain when amounts owed on a HECM will equal or exceed 98% of the Maximum Claim Amount and (iv) it is uncertain whether a Ginnie Mae Issuer will exercise any option to purchase any Participation related to a HECM, it is uncertain when any amounts might be paid on securities backed by Participations in HECMs. Investors in the Securities are urged to review the discussion under “Risk Factors — *It is uncertain when payments will be made in respect of the securities backed by HECM MBS*” in this Supplement and also the HECM MBS Disclosure Documents.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See *“Description of the Securities — Termination”* in this Supplement.

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the front cover of this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero. In the case of Class FI, the Class FI Deferred Interest Amount will be reduced to zero no later than the Final Distribution Date for Class FI.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

The tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the “Modeling Assumptions”), among others:

1. The HECMs and related Participations have the assumed characteristics shown in Exhibit A.
2. The HECMs prepay at the constant percentages of the prepayment curve (described below and in Exhibit B) shown in the related table.
3. Payments on the HECMs occur on the last day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in April 2010.
4. Distributions, if any, on the Securities are always received on the 20th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in May 2010.
5. A termination of the Trust does not occur.
6. The Closing Date for the Securities is April 30, 2010.
7. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.
8. No draws occur in respect of the line of credit HECMs.
9. If a Ginnie Mae Issuer Purchase Event occurs with respect to a HECM, the purchase of the related Participation timely occurs.
10. The original term of the HECMs is 50 years.
11. No borrower changes payment plans.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the HECMs will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 20th day of the month, draws may occur in respect of line of credit HECMs that are not fully drawn, draw activity and prepayments will occur throughout the month, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under *“Description of the Securities — Termination”* in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See *“Description of the Securities — Distributions”* in the Base Offering Circular.

Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement is based on a prepayment curve (“PPC”) consisting of a series of Constant Prepayment Rates (“CPRs”). CPR is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association. CPR represents a constant rate of prepayment on the HECMs each month relative to the then outstanding aggregate principal balance of the HECMs for the life of those HECMs. See *“Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models” in the Base Offering Circular.*

The PPC is based on the CPR percentage in effect beginning on each Distribution Date as indicated in Exhibit B.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the HECMs prepay at the indicated percentages of PPC (the “PPC Prepayment Assumption Rates”). As used in the tables, each of the PPC Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PPC assumed prepayment curve. **The HECMs will not prepay at any of the PPC Prepayment Assumption Rates and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the HECMs will not follow the pattern described for the PPC assumption.**

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of the Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular Class, based on the assumption that the HECMs prepay at the PPC Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PPC Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of the Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional amount, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for the Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as the Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal based on its Class Notional Balance and has no weighted average life. The weighted average life shown for the Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal and further does not factor in any entitlement to the Class FI Deferred Interest Amount. See the footnote below related to the decrement table for the Notional Class.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the HECMs related to the Participations underlying the Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

**Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances
and Weighted Average Lives**

Distribution Date	PPC Prepayment Assumption Rates									
	Class AB					Class FI*				
	0%	75%	100%	125%	150%	0%	75%	100%	125%	150%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
April 2011	104	102	100	99	98	106	102	101	100	98
April 2012	109	100	97	93	90	112	101	97	94	90
April 2013	114	97	91	85	79	118	97	91	85	79
April 2014	118	92	83	75	67	124	93	84	75	67
April 2015	124	87	75	65	55	131	87	75	65	55
April 2016	103	64	53	44	35	110	64	53	44	35
April 2017	107	59	46	36	28	117	59	46	36	28
April 2018	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2019	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2020	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2021	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2022	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2023	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2024	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2025	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2026	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2028	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2029	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2030	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2032	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2033	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
April 2040 and thereafter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	6.9	6.3	5.8	5.4	5.0	7.0	6.3	5.8	5.4	5.0

* The decrement table for Class FI reflects only the Class FI Notional Balance at various rates of PPC. In addition to the current interest accrual amount on the Class FI Notional Balance at the Class FI Interest Rate, Class FI is entitled to the Class FI Deferred Interest Amount. No representation is made about the timing of distributions of the Class FI Deferred Interest Amount other than that such amount will be paid no later than the Final Distribution Date for Class FI.

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor’s own projection of Maturity Events in respect of the HECMs related to the Participations underlying the HECM MBS, the investor’s own projection of prepayments in respect of the HECMs related to the Participations underlying the HECM MBS and the investor’s own projection of the occurrence of any Ginnie Mae Issuer Purchase Events. **No representation is made regarding Maturity Events or prepayments in respect of the HECMs related to the Participations underlying the HECM MBS, the occurrence of any Ginnie Mae Issuer Purchase Events or the yield on any Class.**

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the related HECMs.

- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Class), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Class should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See “Risk Factors— Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield” in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the HECMs are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor’s Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the HECMs are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The HECMs will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the HECMs prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor’s expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the HECMs, the greater the effect on an investor’s yield. As a result, the effect on an investor’s yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Class and Delay Class

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate or Delay Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because, on each Distribution Date, 30 days’ interest will be payable on (or will accrue with respect to) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 50 days earlier.

Yield Table

The following table shows the pre-tax yield to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of Class FI at various constant percentages of PPC.

The HECMs will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity. Moreover, it is likely that the HECMs will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. **Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of Class FI may differ from those shown in the table below for Class FI even if Class FI is purchased at the assumed price shown.**

The yields were calculated by

1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on Class FI, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of Class FI plus accrued interest, and
2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in Class FI when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following table was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumption that the purchase price of Class FI (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

**Sensitivity of Class FI to Prepayments
Assumed Price 5.0%***

PPC Prepayment Assumption Rates			
75%	100%	125%	150%
13.7%	11.6%	9.3%	6.7%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

CERTAIN FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The discussion contained in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular as to certain federal tax consequences is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. Such discussion is written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular. Each taxpayer to whom such transactions or matters are being promoted, marketed or recommended should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Notional and HECM MBS Accrual Classes will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”). See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences— Tax Treatment of Regular Securities— Original Issue Discount, — Variable Rate Securities*” and “*— Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities*” in the Base Offering Circular.

The prepayment assumption that should be used, among other things, in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 100% PPC (as described in “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement). No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the HECMs underlying the Participations actually will occur. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the Base Offering Circular. In view of the complexities as to the manner of inclusion in income of OID on the Regular Securities, investors should consult their own tax advisors to determine the appropriate amount and method of inclusion in income of OID on the Regular Securities for federal income tax purposes.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as “regular interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts (“REITs”) as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered “interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property” for REITs.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, *i.e.*, the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as “residual interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as “real estate assets” for REITs, as described in “Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. Even though the Holders of the Class RR Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Class RR Securities, the Trust REMICs may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, a Holder of the Class RR Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as “noneconomic residual interests” as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular Securities will qualify as “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates” within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate” will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a “Plan”), solely by reason of the Plan’s purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding, or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See “ERISA Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. **No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.**

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See “Legal Investment Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer each Class to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from April 1, 2010. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of each Class will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton & Williams LLP, for the Trust by Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP and Marcell Solomon & Associates P.C., and for the Trustee by Aini & Lazar PLLC.

Assumed Characteristics of the HECMs and the Participations Underlying the Trust Assets(1):

Payment Plan	HECM MBS Principal Balance	HECM Loan Balance	Weighted Average HECM Age (in months)	Weighted Average Initial Gross Coupon	MIP Fee(2)	Servicing Fee Margin(3)	Monthly Servicing Fee(4)	Available Line of Credit	Maximum Claim Amount(5)	Pool Number
Line of Credit	\$57,990,262	\$58,067,985	3	5.49000%	0.50%	0.10%	\$ 9,960	\$ 0	\$92,691,990	710038
Line of Credit	61,058,002	61,175,079	3	5.56000	0.50	0.06	12,610	363,488	97,341,100	730351
Line of Credit	30,373,714	30,431,420	4	5.63942	0.50	0.06	4,950	205,963	44,703,800	730352

- (1) The information in this Exhibit A is provided by the Sponsor as of April 1, 2010. It is based on information regarding the HECMs related to the Participations underlying the Ginnie Mae HECM MBS Trust Assets.
- (2) The MIP Fee is charged for FHA mortgage insurance. The MIP Fee is the monthly mortgage insurance premium (“MIP”) that accrues at the annual rate of 0.50%.
- (3) The Servicing Fee Margin represents the amount of the servicing compensation payable to the Issuer to cover the Issuer’s servicing costs. It includes the Guaranty Fee charged by Ginnie Mae for the HECM MBS guaranty at the annual rate of 0.06% and a participation agent fee, if any. The Servicing Fee Margin is included in the rate shown in the column for Weighted Average Initial Gross Coupon.
- (4) The monthly Servicing Fee is the monthly servicing fee payable to the Issuer with respect to each HECM if the servicing cost is not included in the HECM interest rate.
- (5) The sum of the applicable Maximum Claim Amount with respect to each HECM.

The actual loan ages and initial gross coupons of many of the HECMs related to the Participations underlying the Trust Assets will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See “*The Trust Assets — The Participations*” in this Supplement.

CPR Percentage in Effect by HECM Age

<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>	<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>	<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>
1	0.00000	53	14.11198	105	20.47656
2	0.54545	54	14.23438	106	20.59896
3	1.09091	55	14.35677	107	20.72135
4	1.63636	56	14.47917	108	20.84375
5	2.18182	57	14.60156	109	20.96615
6	2.72727	58	14.72396	110	21.08854
7	3.27273	59	14.84635	111	21.21094
8	3.81818	60	14.96875	112	21.33333
9	4.36364	61	15.09115	113	21.45573
10	4.90909	62	15.21354	114	21.57813
11	5.45455	63	15.33594	115	21.70052
12	6.00000	64	15.45833	116	21.82292
13	6.29167	65	15.58073	117	21.94531
14	6.58333	66	15.70313	118	22.06771
15	6.87500	67	15.82552	119	22.19010
16	7.16667	68	15.94792	120	22.31250
17	7.45833	69	16.07031	121	22.43490
18	7.75000	70	16.19271	122	22.55729
19	8.04167	71	16.31510	123	22.67969
20	8.33333	72	16.43750	124	22.80208
21	8.62500	73	16.55990	125	22.92448
22	8.91667	74	16.68229	126	23.04688
23	9.20833	75	16.80469	127	23.16927
24	9.50000	76	16.92708	128	23.29167
25	9.66667	77	17.04948	129	23.41406
26	9.83333	78	17.17188	130	23.53646
27	10.00000	79	17.29427	131	23.65885
28	10.16667	80	17.41667	132	23.78125
29	10.33333	81	17.53906	133	23.90365
30	10.50000	82	17.66146	134	24.02604
31	10.66667	83	17.78385	135	24.14844
32	10.83333	84	17.90625	136	24.27083
33	11.00000	85	18.02865	137	24.39323
34	11.16667	86	18.15104	138	24.51563
35	11.33333	87	18.27344	139	24.63802
36	11.50000	88	18.39583	140	24.76042
37	11.66667	89	18.51823	141	24.88281
38	11.83333	90	18.64063	142	25.00521
39	12.00000	91	18.76302	143	25.12760
40	12.16667	92	18.88542	144	25.25000
41	12.33333	93	19.00781	145	25.37240
42	12.50000	94	19.13021	146	25.49479
43	12.66667	95	19.25260	147	25.61719
44	12.83333	96	19.37500	148	25.73958
45	13.00000	97	19.49740	149	25.86198
46	13.16667	98	19.61979	150	25.98438
47	13.33333	99	19.74219	151	26.10677
48	13.50000	100	19.86458	152	26.22917
49	13.62240	101	19.98698	153	26.35156
50	13.74479	102	20.10938	154	26.47396
51	13.86719	103	20.23177	155	26.59635
52	13.98958	104	20.35417	156	26.71875

<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>	<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>	<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>
157	26.84115	213	33.69531	269	38.45000
158	26.96354	214	33.81771	270	38.50000
159	27.08594	215	33.94010	271	38.55000
160	27.20833	216	34.06250	272	38.60000
161	27.33073	217	34.18490	273	38.65000
162	27.45313	218	34.30729	274	38.70000
163	27.57552	219	34.42969	275	38.75000
164	27.69792	220	34.55208	276	38.80000
165	27.82031	221	34.67448	277	38.85000
166	27.94271	222	34.79688	278	38.90000
167	28.06510	223	34.91927	279	38.95000
168	28.18750	224	35.04167	280	39.00000
169	28.30990	225	35.16406	281	39.05000
170	28.43229	226	35.28646	282	39.10000
171	28.55469	227	35.40885	283	39.15000
172	28.67708	228	35.53125	284	39.20000
173	28.79948	229	35.65365	285	39.25000
174	28.92188	230	35.77604	286	39.30000
175	29.04427	231	35.89844	287	39.35000
176	29.16667	232	36.02083	288	39.40000
177	29.28906	233	36.14323	289	39.45000
178	29.41146	234	36.26563	290	39.50000
179	29.53385	235	36.38802	291	39.55000
180	29.65625	236	36.51042	292	39.60000
181	29.77865	237	36.63281	293	39.65000
182	29.90104	238	36.75521	294	39.70000
183	30.02344	239	36.87760	295	39.75000
184	30.14583	240	37.00000	296	39.80000
185	30.26823	241	37.05000	297	39.85000
186	30.39063	242	37.10000	298	39.90000
187	30.51302	243	37.15000	299	39.95000
188	30.63542	244	37.20000	300	40.00000
189	30.75781	245	37.25000	301	40.05000
190	30.88021	246	37.30000	302	40.10000
191	31.00260	247	37.35000	303	40.15000
192	31.12500	248	37.40000	304	40.20000
193	31.24740	249	37.45000	305	40.25000
194	31.36979	250	37.50000	306	40.30000
195	31.49219	251	37.55000	307	40.35000
196	31.61458	252	37.60000	308	40.40000
197	31.73698	253	37.65000	309	40.45000
198	31.85938	254	37.70000	310	40.50000
199	31.98177	255	37.75000	311	40.55000
200	32.10417	256	37.80000	312	40.60000
201	32.22656	257	37.85000	313	40.65000
202	32.34896	258	37.90000	314	40.70000
203	32.47135	259	37.95000	315	40.75000
204	32.59375	260	38.00000	316	40.80000
205	32.71615	261	38.05000	317	40.85000
206	32.83854	262	38.10000	318	40.90000
207	32.96094	263	38.15000	319	40.95000
208	33.08333	264	38.20000	320	41.00000
209	33.20573	265	38.25000	321	41.05000
210	33.32813	266	38.30000	322	41.10000
211	33.45052	267	38.35000	323	41.15000
212	33.57292	268	38.40000	324	41.20000

<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>	<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>	<u>HECM Age (in months)</u>	<u>CPR%</u>
325	41.25000	337	41.85000	349	42.45000
326	41.30000	338	41.90000	350	42.50000
327	41.35000	339	41.95000	351	42.55000
328	41.40000	340	42.00000	352	42.60000
329	41.45000	341	42.05000	353	42.65000
330	41.50000	342	42.10000	354	42.70000
331	41.55000	343	42.15000	355	42.75000
332	41.60000	344	42.20000	356	42.80000
333	41.65000	345	42.25000	357	42.85000
334	41.70000	346	42.30000	358	42.90000
335	41.75000	347	42.35000	359	42.95000
336	41.80000	348	42.40000	360 and thereafter	43.00000



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April 23, 2010

**Barclays Capital Inc.
Aladdin Capital LLC**