



\$146,800,026

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE®

**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities
and MX Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2012-069**

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the front cover of this offering circular supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own (1) Ginnie Mae Certificates and (2) a certain previously issued certificate.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(2)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(3)	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Security Group 1						
A(1)	\$48,900,000	4.5%	PT	FIX	38378EPC1	May 2027
Security Group 2						
HB(1)	4,741,947	3.0	SUP	FIX	38378EPD9	May 2042
HC(1)	4,741,947	4.0	SUP	FIX	38378EPE7	May 2042
HD	1,000,000	3.5	SUP	FIX	38378EPF4	May 2042
QF	10,511,815	(5)	PT	FLT	38378EPG2	May 2042
QL(1)	50,983,000	3.5	PAC/AD	FIX	38378EPH0	March 2041
QS	10,511,815	(5)	NTL(PT)	INV/IO	38378EPJ6	May 2042
QZ	1,604,000	3.5	PAC	FIX/Z	38378EPK3	May 2042
Security Group 3						
JA(1)	24,114,000	3.5	SC/PAC	FIX	38378EPL1	April 2040
LB	203,317	3.5	SC/SUP	FIX	38378EPM9	April 2040
Residual						
RR	0	0.0	NPR	NPR	38378EPN7	May 2042

- (1) These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I to this Supplement.
- (2) Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.
- (3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.
- (4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.
- (5) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 which highlights some of these risks.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be May 30, 2012.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this “Supplement”),
- the Base Offering Circular and
- in the case of the Group 3 securities, the disclosure document relating to the Underlying Certificate (the “Underlying Certificate Disclosure Document”).

The Base Offering Circular and the Underlying Certificate Disclosure Document are available on Ginnie Mae’s website located at <http://www.ginniemae.gov>.

If you do not have access to the internet, call BNY Mellon, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Base Offering Circular. In addition, you can obtain copies of any other document listed above by contacting BNY Mellon at the telephone number listed above.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the glossary included in the Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>		<u>Page</u>
Terms Sheet	S-3	Plan of Distribution	S-24
Risk Factors	S-6	Increase in Size	S-25
The Trust Assets	S-8	Legal Matters	S-25
Ginnie Mae Guaranty	S-9	Schedule I: Available Combinations	S-I-1
Description of the Securities	S-10	Schedule II: Scheduled Principal	
Yield, Maturity and Prepayment		Balances	S-II-1
Considerations	S-14	Exhibit A: Underlying Certificates	A-1
Certain United States Federal Income		Exhibit B: Cover Page and Terms Sheet	
Tax Consequences	S-22	from Underlying Certificate	
ERISA Matters	S-24	Disclosure Document	B-1
Legal Investment Considerations	S-24		

TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly “Risk Factors,” and each of the other documents listed under “Available Information.”

Sponsor: Wells Fargo Securities, LLC

Co-Sponsor: Sandgrain Securities Inc.

Trustee: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: May 30, 2012

Distribution Dates: For the Group 1 and 2 Securities, the 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in June 2012. For the Group 3 Securities, the 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in June 2012.

Trust Assets:

<u>Trust Asset Group</u>	<u>Trust Asset Type</u>	<u>Certificate Rate</u>	<u>Original Term To Maturity (in years)</u>
1	Ginnie Mae I	4.5%	15
2	Ginnie Mae I	4.0%	30
3	Underlying Certificate	(1)	(1)

(1) Certain information regarding the Underlying Certificate is set forth in Exhibits A and B to this Supplement.

Security Groups: This series of Securities consists of multiple Security Groups (each, a “Group”), as shown on the front cover of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. Payments on each Group will be based solely on payments on the Trust Asset Group with the same numerical designation.

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Group 1 and 2 Trust Assets¹:

<u>Principal Balance</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Mortgage Rate</u>
Group 1 Trust Assets \$48,900,000	143	34	5.0%
Group 2 Trust Assets \$73,582,709	354	6	4.5%

¹ As of May 1, 2012.

The actual remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of many of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 and 2 Trust Assets will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See “The Trust Assets— The Mortgage Loans” in this Supplement.

Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Group 3 Trust Assets: See Exhibit A to this Supplement for certain information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans included in the Underlying Trust.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the “Fedwire Book-Entry System”). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. See “Description of the Securities — Form of Securities” in this Supplement.

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See “Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange” in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes a Principal Only, Interest Only or Inverse Floating Rate Class. See “Description of the Securities — Form of Securities” in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as “LIBOR”) as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Interest Rate Formula(1)</u>	<u>Initial Interest Rate(2)</u>	<u>Minimum Rate</u>	<u>Maximum Rate</u>	<u>Delay (in days)</u>	<u>LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate</u>
QF.	LIBOR + 0.40%	0.641%	0.4%	7.0%	0	0.00%
QS.	6.60% – LIBOR	6.359%	0.0%	6.6%	0	6.60%

- (1) LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under “Description of the Securities — Interest Distributions — Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes” in this Supplement.
- (2) The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly thereafter.

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date for a Security Group, the following distributions will be made to the related Securities:

SECURITY GROUP 1

The Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount will be allocated to A, until retired

SECURITY GROUP 2

The Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount and the Accrual Amount will be allocated as follows:

- The Accrual Amount, sequentially, to QL and QZ, in that order, until retired
- The Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount will be allocated, concurrently, as follows:
 1. 14.2857135091% to QF, until retired
 2. 85.7142864909% in the following order of priority:
 - a. Sequentially, to QL and QZ, in that order, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
 - b. Concurrently, to HB, HC and HD, pro rata, until retired
 - c. Sequentially, to QL and QZ, in that order, without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired

SECURITY GROUP 3

The Group 3 Principal Distribution Amount will be allocated in the following order of priority:

1. To JA, until reduced to its Schedule Principal Balance for that Distribution Date
2. To LB, until retired
3. To JA, without regard to its Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired

Scheduled Principal Balances: The Scheduled Principal Balances or Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances for the Classes listed below are included in Schedule II to this Supplement. They were calculated using among other things the following Structuring Ranges:

Structuring Ranges

PAC Classes

JA	350% PSA through 490% PSA
QL and QZ (in the aggregate)	150% PSA through 250% PSA

Accrual Class: Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class identified on the front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Class as interest. Interest so accrued on the Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute the Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under “Allocation of Principal.”

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balance indicated:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Original Class Notional Balance</u>	<u>Represents Approximately</u>
AI	\$38,033,333	77.777777778% of A (PT Class)
JL	12,057,000	50% of JA (SC/PAC Class)
QI	25,491,500	50% of QL (PAC/AD Class)
QS	10,511,815	100% of QF (PT Class)

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and represents the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC. All other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities.

The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. Any historical data regarding mortgage loan prepayment rates may not be indicative of the rate of future prepayments on the underlying mortgage loans, and no assurances can be given about the rates at which the underlying mortgage loans will prepay. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans to vary. Borrowers generally may prepay their mortgage loans at any time without penalty.

In addition to voluntary prepayments, mortgage loans can be prepaid as a result of governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements, repurchases or liquidations of defaulted mortgage loans. Although under certain circumstances Ginnie Mae issuers have the option to repurchase defaulted mortgage loans from the related pool underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, they are not obligated to do so. Defaulted mortgage loans that remain in pools backing Ginnie Mae MBS certificates may be subject to governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure, which could have the same effect as voluntary prepayments on the cash flow available to pay the securities. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, issuer repurchases, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure proceedings with respect to defaulted mortgage loans and the resulting effect on the timing or rate of principal payments on your securities.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you bought your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and

principal payments are faster than you expected, or

- you bought your securities at a discount (principal only securities, for example) and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Under certain circumstances, a Ginnie Mae issuer has the right to repurchase a defaulted mortgage loan from the related pool of mortgage loans underlying a particular Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, the effect of which would be comparable to a prepayment of such mortgage loan.

At its option and without Ginnie Mae's prior consent, a Ginnie Mae issuer may repurchase any mortgage loan at an amount equal to par less any amounts previously advanced by such issuer in connection with its responsibilities as servicer of such mortgage loan to the extent that (i) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or before December 1, 2002, such mortgage loan has been delinquent for four consecutive months, and at least one delinquent payment remains uncured or (ii) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or after January 1, 2003, no payment has been made on such mortgage loan for three consecutive months. Any such repurchase will result in prepayment of the principal balance or reduction in the notional balance of the securities ultimately backed by such mortgage loan. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any such repurchases.

The level of LIBOR will affect the yields on floating rate and inverse floating rate securities.

If LIBOR performs differently from what you expect, the yield on your securities may be lower than you expect. Lower levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on floating rate

securities; higher levels of LIBOR will generally reduce the yield on inverse floating rate securities. You should bear in mind that the timing of changes in the level of LIBOR may affect your yield: generally, the earlier a change, the greater the effect on your yield. It is doubtful that LIBOR will remain constant.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal, and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Support securities will be more sensitive to rates of principal payments than other securities. If principal prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date equal to or less than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the PAC classes, the related support classes will not receive any principal distribution on that date. If prepayments result in principal distributions on any distribution date greater than the amount needed to produce scheduled payments on the related PAC classes for that distribution date, this excess will be distributed to the related support classes.

The rate of payments on the underlying certificate will directly affect the rate of payments on the group 3 securities. The underlying certificate will be sensitive in varying degrees to:

- the rate of payments of principal (including prepayments) of the related mortgage loans, and
- the priorities for the distribution of principal among the classes of the underlying series.

In addition, as described in the underlying certificate disclosure document, the principal entitlement of the underlying certificate on any

payment date is calculated on the basis of a schedule; no assurance can be given that the underlying certificate will adhere to its schedules. Further, prepayments on the related mortgage loans may have occurred at rates faster or slower than those initially assumed.

This supplement contains no information as to whether the underlying certificate has adhered to its principal balance schedule, whether any supporting classes remain outstanding or whether the underlying certificate otherwise has performed as originally anticipated. Additional information as to the underlying certificate may be obtained by performing an analysis of current principal factors of the underlying certificate in light of applicable information contained in the underlying certificate disclosure document.

Up to 10% of the mortgage loans underlying the trust assets may be higher balance mortgage loans. Subject to special pooling parameters set forth in the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide, qualifying federally-insured or guaranteed mortgage loans that exceed certain balance thresholds established by Ginnie Mae (“higher balance mortgage loans”) may be included in Ginnie Mae guaranteed pools. There are no historical performance data regarding the prepayment rates for higher balance mortgage loans. If the higher balance mortgage loans prepay faster or slower than expected, the weighted average lives and yields of the related securities are likely to be affected, perhaps significantly. Furthermore, higher balance mortgage loans tend to be concentrated in certain geographic areas, which may experience relatively higher rates of defaults in the event of adverse economic conditions. No assurances can be given about the prepayment experience or performance of the higher balance mortgage loans.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, especially the group 3 securities and, in particular, the support, interest only, principal only, inverse floating rate, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the

securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. *See*

“Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in this supplement and in the base offering circular.

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual characteristics of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities.

The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed characteristics which are likely to be different from the actual characteristics. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected, even if the mortgage loans prepay at the constant prepayment rates set forth in the applicable table.

It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate.

THE TRUST ASSETS

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Trust Assets in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Trust Assets. All Trust Assets, regardless of whether the assets consist of Trust MBS or an Underlying Certificate, will evidence, directly or indirectly, Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Trust MBS (Groups 1 and 2)

The Group 1 and 2 Trust Assets are either:

1. Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates guaranteed by Ginnie Mae, or
2. Ginnie Mae Platinum Certificates backed by Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificates and guaranteed by Ginnie Mae.

Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate 0.50% per annum greater than the related Certificate Rate. The difference between the Mortgage Rate and the Certificate Rate is used to pay the related servicers of the Mortgage Loans a monthly servicing fee and Ginnie Mae a fee for its guaranty of the Ginnie Mae I MBS Certificate of 0.44% per annum and 0.06% per annum, respectively, of the outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loan.

The Underlying Certificate (Group 3)

The Group 3 Trust Asset is an Underlying Certificate that represents beneficial ownership interests in a separate trust, the assets of which evidence direct or indirect beneficial ownership interests in certain Ginnie Mae Certificates. The Underlying Certificate constitutes all or a portion of a class of a Series of certificates described in the Underlying Certificate Disclosure Document, excerpts of which are attached as Exhibit B to this Supplement. The Underlying Certificate Disclosure Document may be obtained from the Information Agent as described under “Available Information” in this Supplement. Investors are cautioned that material changes in facts and circumstances may have occurred since the date of the Underlying Certificate Disclosure Document, including changes in prepayment rates, prevailing interest rates and other economic factors, which may limit the usefulness of, and be directly contrary to the assumptions used in preparing the information included in, the offering document. See *“Underlying Certificates” in the Base Offering Circular*.

The Underlying Certificate provides for monthly distributions and is further described in the table contained in Exhibit A to this Supplement. The table also sets forth information regarding approximate weighted average remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and mortgage rates of the Mortgage Loans underlying the related Ginnie Mae Certificates.

The Mortgage Loans

The Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 and 2 Trust Assets are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under “Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Group 1 and 2 Trust Assets” and the general characteristics described in the Base Offering Circular. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Underlying Certificate are expected to have, on a weighted average basis, the characteristics set forth in Exhibit A to this Supplement. The Mortgage Loans will consist of first lien, single-family, fixed rate, residential mortgage loans that are insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, the United States Department of Veterans Affairs, Rural Development (formerly the Rural Housing Service) or the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”). See *“The Ginnie Mae Certificates — General” in the Base Offering Circular*.

Specific information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust MBS is not available. For purposes of this Supplement, certain assumptions have been made regarding the remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust MBS. However, the actual remaining terms to maturity and loan ages of many of the Mortgage Loans will differ from the characteristics assumed, perhaps significantly. This will be the case even if the weighted average characteristics of the Mortgage Loans are the same as the assumed characteristics. Small differences in the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans can have a significant effect on the Weighted Average Lives and yields of the Securities. See *“Risk Factors” and “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement*.

The Trustee Fee

The Sponsor will contribute certain Ginnie Mae Certificates in respect of the Trustee Fee. On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain all principal and interest distributions received on such Ginnie Mae Certificates in payment of the Trustee Fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will

constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See “*Ginnie Mae Guaranty*” in the Base Offering Circular.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See “*Description of the Securities*” in the Base Offering Circular.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained, and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee. See “*Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures*” in the Base Offering Circular.

Each Regular and MX Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial principal or notional balance.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date as specified under “Terms Sheet — Distribution Dates” in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the related Record Date. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See “*Description of the Securities — Distributions*” and “*— Method of Distributions*” in the Base Offering Circular.

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable (or accrued in the case of the Accrual Class) on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days’ interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.

- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed (or accrued in the case of the Accrual Class) on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See “— Class Factors” below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Interest Type” on the front cover of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the interest entitlements of the Classes are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Periods

The Accrual Period for each Regular and MX Class is set forth in the table below:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Accrual Period</u>
Fixed Rate Classes	The calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date
Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes	From the 16th day of the month preceding the month of the related Distribution Date through the 15th day of the month of that Distribution Date

Fixed Rate Classes

Each Fixed Rate Class will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rate shown on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

The Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will bear interest as shown under “Terms Sheet — Interest Rates” in this Supplement. The Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes will be based on LIBOR. LIBOR will be determined based on the BBA LIBOR method, as described under “Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR — BBA LIBOR” in the Base Offering Circular.

For information regarding the manner in which the Trustee determines LIBOR and calculates the Interest Rates for the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes, see “Description of the Securities — Interest Rate Indices — Determination of LIBOR” in the Base Offering Circular.

The Trustee’s determination of LIBOR and its calculation of the Interest Rates will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain LIBOR levels and Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae’s Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae’s website (“e-Access”) or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Class

Class QZ is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Class and be distributed as described under “Terms Sheet — Accrual Class” in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Principal Distribution Amount for each Group and the Accrual Amount will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described under “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal” in this Supplement. Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See “— Class Factors” below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Principal Type” on the front cover of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the principal entitlements of the Classes are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the front cover of this Supplement and on Schedule I to this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced as shown under “Terms Sheet — Notional Classes” in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described in “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the applicable Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of the Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a “Class Factor”).

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for each month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than the Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class and investors in the Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) that Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. On any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of any Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year, the Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modification and Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the front cover may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class or Classes shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class or Classes may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Class or Classes of REMIC Securities and, in the case of Combinations 1, 3 and 4, other related MX Classes. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

In the case of Combinations 1, 3 and 4, the related REMIC Securities may be exchanged for proportionate interests in various subcombinations of MX Classes. Similarly, all or a portion of these MX Classes may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related REMIC Securities or in other subcombinations of the related MX Classes. Each subcombination may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered. *See the example under "Description of the Securities—Modification and Exchange" in the Base Offering Circular.*

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book-Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal and notional balances of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee by email to GNMAExchange@wellsfargo.com or in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 45 Broadway, 12th Floor, New York, NY 10006, Attention: Trust Administrator Ginnie Mae 2012-069. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (212) 515-5262 and by fax at (212) 509-1042.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to $\frac{1}{32}$ of 1% of the outstanding principal balance of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000). The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See “Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange” in the Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the related Securities.

- The Mortgage Loans do not contain “due-on-sale” provisions, and any Mortgage Loan may be prepaid in full or in part at any time without penalty.
- The rate of payments (including prepayments and payments in respect of liquidations) on the Mortgage Loans is dependent on a variety of economic, geographic, social and other factors, including prevailing market interest rates and general economic factors.

The rate of prepayments with respect to single-family mortgage loans has fluctuated significantly in recent years. Although there is no assurance that prepayment patterns for the Mortgage Loans will conform to patterns for more traditional types of conventional fixed-rate mortgage loans, generally:

- if mortgage interest rates fall materially below the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans (giving consideration to the cost of refinancing), the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to increase; and
- if mortgage interest rates rise materially above the Mortgage Rates on any of the Mortgage Loans, the rate of prepayment of those Mortgage Loans would be expected to decrease.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae’s guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Certificates. As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.

Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. See “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.

Investors in the Group 3 Securities are urged to review the discussion under “Risk Factors — *The rate of payments on the underlying certificate will directly affect the rate of payments on the group 3 securities*” in this Supplement.

Accretion Directed Class

Class QL is an Accretion Directed Class. The Accrual Amount will be applied to making principal distributions on Class QL as described in this Supplement.

Class QL has the AD designation in the suffix position, rather than the prefix position, in its class principal type because it does not have principal payment stability through the applicable pricing prepayment assumption. Although the Accretion Directed Class is entitled to receive payments from the Accrual Amount, it does not have principal payment stability through any prepayment rate significantly higher than 0% PSA, except within its Effective Range.

Securities that Receive Principal on the Basis of Schedules

As described in this Supplement, each PAC Class will receive principal payments in accordance with a schedule calculated on the basis of, among other things, a Structuring Range. *See “Terms Sheet — Scheduled Principal Balances.”* However, whether any such Class will adhere to its schedule and receive “Scheduled Payments” on a Distribution Date will largely depend on the level of prepayments experienced by the related Mortgage Loans.

Each PAC Class exhibits an Effective Range of constant prepayment rates at which such Class will receive Scheduled Payments. That range may differ from the Structuring Range used to create the related principal balance schedule. Based on the Modeling Assumptions, the *initial* Effective Ranges for the PAC Classes are as follows:

PAC Classes	<u>Initial Effective Ranges</u>
JA	350% PSA through 490% PSA
QL and QZ (in the aggregate)	150% PSA through 250% PSA

- The principal payment stability of the PAC Classes will be supported by the related Support Classes.

If all of the Classes supporting a given Class are retired before the Class being supported is retired, the outstanding Class will no longer have an Effective Range and will become more sensitive to prepayments on the related Mortgage Loans.

There is no assurance that the related Mortgage Loans will have the characteristics assumed in the Modeling Assumptions, which were used to determine the initial Effective Ranges. If the initial Effective Ranges were calculated using the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans, the initial Effective Ranges could differ from those shown in the above table. Therefore, even if the Mortgage Loans were to prepay at a constant rate within the initial Effective Range shown for any Class in the above table, that Class could fail to receive Scheduled Payments.

Moreover, the related Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any *constant* rate. Non-constant prepayment rates can cause any PAC Class not to receive Scheduled Payments, even if prepayment rates remain within the initial Effective Range for that Class. Further, the Effective Range for any PAC Class can narrow, shift over time or cease to exist depending on the actual characteristics of the related Mortgage Loans.

If the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally below the Effective Range for any PAC Class, the amount available to pay principal on the Securities may be insufficient to produce Scheduled Payments on such PAC Class, and its Weighted Average Life may be extended, perhaps significantly.

If the related Mortgage Loans prepay at rates that are generally above the Effective Range for any PAC Class, its supporting Class or Classes may be retired earlier than that PAC Class, and its Weighted Average Life may be shortened, perhaps significantly.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. *See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Government Loans” in the Base Offering Circular.*

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the characteristics of the Underlying Certificate, the priorities of distributions on the Underlying Certificate and the following assumptions (the “Modeling Assumptions”), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 1 and 2 Trust Assets have the assumed characteristics shown under “Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Group 1 and 2 Trust Assets” in the Terms Sheet, except in the case of information set forth under the 0% PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate, for which each Mortgage Loan underlying a Group 1 Trust Asset is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 180 months and each Mortgage Loan underlying a Group 2 Trust Asset is assumed to have an original and a remaining term to maturity of 360 months.

2. The Mortgage Loans prepay at the constant percentages of PSA (described below) shown in the related table.

3. Distributions on the Group 1 and 2 Securities are always received on the 16th day of the month, and distributions on the Group 3 Securities are always received on the 20th day of the month, in each case, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in June 2012.

4. A termination of the Trust or the Underlying Trust does not occur.

5. The Closing Date for the Securities is May 30, 2012.

6. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee.

7. Distributions on the Underlying Certificate are made as described in the Underlying Certificate Disclosure Document.

8. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, most of the Mortgage Loans will not have the characteristics assumed, many Distribution Dates will occur on a Business Day after the 16th or 20th day of the month, as applicable, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Base Offering Circular.

Decrement Tables

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. The model used in this Supplement, Prepayment Speed Assumption (“PSA”), is the standard prepayment assumption model of The Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association. PSA represents an

assumed rate of prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans to which the model is applied. See “*Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Standard Prepayment Assumption Models*” in the Base Offering Circular.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of PSA (the “PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates”). As used in the tables, each of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates reflects a percentage of the 100% PSA assumed prepayment rate. **The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any of the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates, and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans will not follow the pattern described for the PSA assumption.**

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the related Mortgage Loans prepay at the PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each PSA Prepayment Assumption Rate. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of a Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional balance, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no Weighted Average Life. The Weighted Average Life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual characteristics of the Mortgage Loans underlying the related Trust Assets and the Modeling Assumptions.

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

Security Group 1 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates					
Distribution Date	Classes A, AB, AC, AD, AE, AG, AH, AI, AJ, AK and AL				
	0%	150%	310%	500%	700%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100
May 2013	95	85	76	66	54
May 2014	91	72	58	43	29
May 2015	86	60	43	27	16
May 2016	80	50	32	17	8
May 2017	75	41	23	11	4
May 2018	69	32	17	7	2
May 2019	62	25	11	4	1
May 2020	56	19	8	2	1
May 2021	49	13	5	1	0
May 2022	42	8	3	1	0
May 2023	34	4	1	0	0
May 2024	26	0	0	0	0
May 2025	18	0	0	0	0
May 2026	9	0	0	0	0
May 2027	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	8.4	4.6	3.2	2.3	1.6

Security Group 2 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates																				
Distribution Date	Classes HA, HB, HC and HD					Classes QA, QB, QC, QD, QE, QG, QI, QJ, QK, QL, QM, QN and QO					Classes QF and QS					Class QZ				
	0%	150%	200%	250%	400%	0%	150%	200%	250%	400%	0%	150%	200%	250%	400%	0%	150%	200%	250%	400%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2013	100	100	93	85	63	98	93	93	93	93	98	95	93	92	88	104	104	104	104	104
May 2014	100	100	80	60	2	96	83	83	83	83	97	86	83	79	70	107	107	107	107	107
May 2015	100	100	67	36	0	93	71	71	71	61	95	77	71	66	52	111	111	111	111	111
May 2016	100	100	58	19	0	91	61	61	61	44	93	69	62	55	39	115	115	115	115	115
May 2017	100	100	52	9	0	88	51	51	51	32	91	61	53	46	29	119	119	119	119	119
May 2018	100	100	48	3	0	86	43	43	43	23	89	54	46	38	21	123	123	123	123	123
May 2019	100	100	46	0	0	83	35	35	35	16	87	48	39	32	16	128	128	128	128	128
May 2020	100	100	45	0	0	80	28	28	28	10	85	43	34	26	12	132	132	132	132	132
May 2021	100	97	43	0	0	77	22	22	22	6	83	38	29	22	9	137	137	137	137	137
May 2022	100	93	40	0	0	74	18	18	18	3	80	33	24	18	6	142	142	142	142	142
May 2023	100	88	37	0	0	71	13	13	13	1	78	29	21	15	5	147	147	147	147	147
May 2024	100	83	34	0	0	67	10	10	10	0	75	26	18	12	3	152	152	152	152	135
May 2025	100	76	31	0	0	64	7	7	7	0	72	23	15	10	3	158	158	158	158	99
May 2026	100	70	28	0	0	60	5	5	5	0	69	20	13	8	2	163	163	163	163	72
May 2027	100	64	25	0	0	56	3	3	3	0	66	17	11	6	1	169	169	169	169	52
May 2028	100	57	22	0	0	52	1	1	1	0	63	15	9	5	1	175	175	175	175	38
May 2029	100	51	19	0	0	48	0	0	0	0	60	13	7	4	1	181	165	165	165	27
May 2030	100	45	16	0	0	43	0	0	0	0	56	11	6	3	0	188	132	132	132	19
May 2031	100	39	14	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	53	9	5	3	0	194	105	105	105	14
May 2032	100	34	12	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	49	8	4	2	0	201	82	82	82	10
May 2033	100	29	10	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	45	6	3	2	0	208	64	64	64	7
May 2034	100	24	8	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	41	5	3	1	0	216	49	49	49	5
May 2035	100	20	7	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	36	4	2	1	0	223	37	37	37	3
May 2036	100	16	5	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	32	3	2	1	0	231	27	27	27	2
May 2037	100	12	4	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	27	3	1	0	0	240	19	19	19	1
May 2038	100	9	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22	2	1	0	0	220	13	13	13	1
May 2039	100	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	1	1	0	0	16	8	8	8	0
May 2040	69	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	1	0	0	0	4	4	4	4	0
May 2041	36	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
May 2042	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	28.6	17.7	9.0	2.6	1.2	15.4	5.9	5.9	5.9	4.2	18.3	8.5	7.0	6.0	4.1	26.5	20.5	20.5	20.5	14.7

Security Group 3 PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates										
Distribution Date	Classes JA, JB, JC, JD, JE, JG, JH, JI, JK, JL, JM and JN					Class LB				
	0%	350%	424%	490%	900%	0%	350%	424%	490%	900%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
May 2013	97	75	75	75	55	100	85	18	18	0
May 2014	95	54	54	54	24	100	77	18	18	0
May 2015	92	38	38	38	11	100	67	12	12	0
May 2016	89	26	26	26	4	100	12	12	12	0
May 2017	86	18	18	18	1	100	12	12	9	0
May 2018	82	12	12	12	0	100	12	12	3	0
May 2019	79	8	8	8	0	100	12	12	1	0
May 2020	75	5	5	5	0	100	11	11	0	0
May 2021	71	3	3	3	0	100	10	10	0	0
May 2022	67	2	2	2	0	100	9	9	0	0
May 2023	63	1	1	1	0	100	7	7	0	0
May 2024	58	0	0	0	0	100	6	6	0	0
May 2025	54	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2026	49	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2027	43	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2028	38	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2029	32	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2030	26	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2031	19	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2032	12	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2033	5	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
May 2034	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2035	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2036	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2037	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2038	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
May 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	12.8	2.9	2.9	2.9	1.5	21.7	3.6	1.7	1.0	0.2

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Regular or MX Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, and the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios, and, in the case of the Group 3 Securities, the investor's own projection of payment rates on the Underlying Certificate under a variety of scenarios and, in the case of a Floating Rate or an Inverse Floating Rate Class, the investor's own projection of levels of LIBOR under a variety of scenarios. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, Underlying Certificate payment rates, LIBOR levels or the yield of any Class.**

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the related Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular Securities or MX Securities purchased at a discount (especially the Principal Only Class) slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors— Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans underlying any Trust Asset Group prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

LIBOR: Effect on Yields of the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes

Low levels of LIBOR can reduce the yield of the Floating Rate Class. High levels of LIBOR can significantly reduce the yield of the Inverse Floating Rate Class. In addition, Class QF will not necessarily benefit from a higher yield at high levels of LIBOR because the rate on such Class is capped at a maximum rate described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates."

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because, on each Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 or 50 days earlier, as applicable.

Yield Tables

The following tables shows the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes at various constant percentages of PSA and, in the case of the Inverse Floating Rate Class, at various constant levels of LIBOR.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, and it is unlikely that LIBOR will remain constant. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. **Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below for that Class even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.**

The yields were calculated by

1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest (in the case of interest-bearing Classes), and
2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumptions that (1) the Interest Rate applicable to the Inverse Floating Rate Class for each Accrual Period following the first Accrual Period will be based on the indicated level of LIBOR and (2) the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest (in the case of interest-bearing Classes) is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

SECURITY GROUP 1

Sensitivity of Class AI to Prepayments Assumed Price 12.75%*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates				
<u>150%</u>	<u>310%</u>	<u>371%</u>	<u>500%</u>	<u>700%</u>
16.1%	4.6%	0.0%	(10.0)%	(26.8)%

SECURITY GROUP 2

Sensitivity of Class QI to Prepayments Assumed Price 19.5%*

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates				
<u>150%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>328%</u>	<u>400%</u>
4.6%	4.6%	4.6%	0.1%	(4.9)%

Sensitivity of Class QO to Prepayments Assumed Price 86.5%

PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates			
<u>150%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>400%</u>
2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	3.6%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

Sensitivity of Class QS to Prepayments
Assumed Price 34.25%*

<u>LIBOR</u>	<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates</u>			
	<u>150%</u>	<u>200%</u>	<u>250%</u>	<u>400%</u>
0.1500%	8.3%	5.4%	2.5%	(6.6)%
0.2410%	8.0%	5.1%	2.2%	(7.0)%
3.4205%	(3.1)%	(6.1)%	(9.1)%	(18.3)%
6.6000% and above	**	**	**	**

SECURITY GROUP 3

Sensitivity of Class JI to Prepayments
Assumed Price 13.5%*

<u>PSA Prepayment Assumption Rates</u>				
<u>350%</u>	<u>424%</u>	<u>490%</u>	<u>524%</u>	<u>900%</u>
2.4%	2.4%	2.4%	0.0%	(38.0)%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

** Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Base Offering Circular, describes the material United States federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all United States federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

U.S. Treasury Circular 230 Notice

The discussion contained in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular as to certain United States federal tax consequences is not intended or written to be used, and cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding United States federal tax penalties. Such discussion is written to support the promotion or marketing of the transactions or matters addressed in this Supplement and the Base Offering Circular. Each taxpayer to whom such transactions or matters are being promoted, marketed or recommended should seek advice based on its particular circumstances from an independent tax advisor.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of K&L Gates LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for United States federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for United States federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Notional and Accrual Classes of Regular Securities will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of Regular Securities may be issued with OID. See “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Original Issue Discount*,” “*— Variable Rate Securities*” and “*— Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities*” in the Base Offering Circular.

The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 310% PSA in the case of the Group 1 Securities, 200% PSA in the case of the Group 2 Securities and 424% PSA in the case of the Group 3 Securities (as described in “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement). In the case of Class QF, the interest rate value to be used for these determinations is the initial Interest Rate as set forth in the Terms Sheet under “Interest Rates.” No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying any Group of Trust Assets actually will occur or the level of LIBOR at any time after the date of this Supplement. See “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the Base Offering Circular.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as “regular interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts (“REITs”) as described in “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered “interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property” for REITs as described in “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the Base Offering Circular.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, *i.e.*, the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as “residual interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as “real estate assets” for REITs, as described in “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for United States federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. Even though the Holders of the Residual Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Residual Securities, the Trust REMICs may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, the Holders of the Residual Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as “noneconomic residual interests” as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

OID accruals on the Underlying Certificate will be computed using the same prepayment assumption as set forth under “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Regular Securities*” in this Supplement.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain United States federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities”, “— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes” and “— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities” in the Base Offering Circular.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the United States federal, state, local and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates” within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate” will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a “Plan”), solely by reason of the Plan’s purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code. Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

See “ERISA Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. **No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.**

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See “Legal Investment Considerations” in the Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer the Regular and MX Classes to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be

determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from (1) May 1, 2012 on the Fixed Rate Classes and (2) May 16, 2012 on the Floating Rate and Inverse Floating Rate Classes. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that (1) the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance), and (2) the Scheduled Principal Balances and Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances of each Class receiving principal distributions or interest distributions based upon a notional balance from the same Trust Asset Group will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement, the Final Schedules and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton & Williams LLP, for the Trust by K&L Gates LLP, Charlotte, North Carolina and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., Bowie, Maryland and for the Trustee by Aini & Lazar PLLC, Brooklyn, New York.

Schedule I

Available Combinations(1)

REMIC Securities		MX Securities						
Class	Original Class Principal Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Balance or Class Notional Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Security Group 1								
Combination 1(5)								
A	\$48,900,000	AB	\$48,900,000	PT	1.00%	FIX	38378EPP2	May 2027
		AC	48,900,000	PT	1.25	FIX	38378EPQ0	May 2027
		AD	48,900,000	PT	1.50	FIX	38378EPR8	May 2027
		AE	48,900,000	PT	1.75	FIX	38378EPS6	May 2027
		AG	48,900,000	PT	2.00	FIX	38378EPT4	May 2027
		AH	48,900,000	PT	2.25	FIX	38378EPU1	May 2027
		AI	38,033,333	NTL (PT)	4.50	FIX/IO	38378EPV9	May 2027
		AJ	48,900,000	PT	2.50	FIX	38378EPW7	May 2027
		AK	48,900,000	PT	2.75	FIX	38378EPX5	May 2027
		AL	48,900,000	PT	3.00	FIX	38378EPY3	May 2027
Security Group 2								
Combination 2								
HB	\$ 4,741,947	HA	\$ 9,483,894	SUP	3.50%	FIX	38378EPZ0	May 2042
HC	4,741,947							

REMIC Securities

MX Securities

Class	Original Class Principal Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Balance or Class Notional Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Combination 3(5)								
QL	\$50,983,000	QA	\$50,983,000	PAC/AD	1.50%	FIX	38378EQA4	March 2041
		QB	50,983,000	PAC/AD	1.75	FIX	38378EQB2	March 2041
		QC	50,983,000	PAC/AD	2.00	FIX	38378EQC0	March 2041
		QD	50,983,000	PAC/AD	2.25	FIX	38378EQD8	March 2041
		QE	50,983,000	PAC/AD	2.50	FIX	38378EQE6	March 2041
		QG	50,983,000	PAC/AD	2.75	FIX	38378EQF3	March 2041
		QI	25,491,500	NTL (PAC/AD)	4.00	FIX/IO	38378EQG1	March 2041
		QJ	50,983,000	PAC/AD	3.00	FIX	38378EQH9	March 2041
		QK	50,983,000	PAC/AD	3.25	FIX	38378EQJ5	March 2041
		QM	47,584,133	PAC/AD	3.75	FIX	38378EQK2	March 2041
		QN	44,610,125	PAC/AD	4.00	FIX	38378EQL0	March 2041
		QO	6,372,875	PAC/AD	0.00	PO	38378EQM8	March 2041

Security Group 3

Combination 4(5)

JA	\$24,114,000	JB	\$24,114,000	SC/PAC	1.00%	FIX	38378EQN6	April 2040
		JC	24,114,000	SC/PAC	1.25	FIX	38378EQP1	April 2040
		JD	24,114,000	SC/PAC	1.50	FIX	38378EQQ9	April 2040
		JE	24,114,000	SC/PAC	1.75	FIX	38378EQR7	April 2040
		JG	24,114,000	SC/PAC	2.00	FIX	38378EQS5	April 2040
		JH	24,114,000	SC/PAC	2.25	FIX	38378EQT3	April 2040
		JI	12,057,000	NTL (SC/PAC)	5.00	FIX/IO	38378EQU0	April 2040
		JK	24,114,000	SC/PAC	2.50	FIX	38378EQV8	April 2040
		JL	24,114,000	SC/PAC	2.75	FIX	38378EQW6	April 2040
		JM	24,114,000	SC/PAC	3.00	FIX	38378EQX4	April 2040
		JN	24,114,000	SC/PAC	3.25	FIX	38378EQY2	April 2040

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- (1) All exchanges must comply with minimum denomination restrictions.
 - (2) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.
 - (3) As defined under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.
 - (4) See “*Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations— Final Distribution Date*” in this Supplement.
 - (5) In the case of Combinations 1, 3 and 4, various subcombinations are permitted. See “*Description of the Securities— Modification and Exchange*” in the Base Offering Circular for a discussion of subcombinations.

Schedule II

SCHEDULED PRINCIPAL BALANCES

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
Initial Balance	\$52,587,000.00	\$24,114,000.00
June 2012	52,390,076.06	23,644,497.50
July 2012	52,177,303.24	23,163,474.50
August 2012	51,948,794.78	22,671,628.70
September 2012	51,704,676.18	22,169,674.37
October 2012	51,445,085.07	21,658,340.49
November 2012	51,170,171.13	21,138,368.88
December 2012	50,880,095.92	20,617,176.06
January 2013	50,575,032.79	20,105,788.58
February 2013	50,255,166.67	19,604,024.17
March 2013	49,920,693.92	19,111,703.95
April 2013	49,571,822.15	18,628,652.32
May 2013	49,208,769.99	18,154,696.90
June 2013	48,831,766.88	17,689,668.51
July 2013	48,441,052.83	17,233,401.04
August 2013	48,036,878.20	16,785,731.49
September 2013	47,619,503.39	16,346,499.84
October 2013	47,189,198.62	15,915,548.99
November 2013	46,746,243.58	15,492,724.77
December 2013	46,290,927.18	15,077,875.83
January 2014	45,823,547.23	14,670,853.62
February 2014	45,344,410.07	14,271,512.32
March 2014	44,853,830.29	13,879,804.72
April 2014	44,352,130.34	13,495,764.54
May 2014	43,839,640.22	13,119,235.13
June 2014	43,331,503.90	12,750,062.93
July 2014	42,827,685.90	12,388,097.48
August 2014	42,328,150.99	12,033,191.32
September 2014	41,832,864.28	11,685,199.93
October 2014	41,341,791.10	11,343,981.71
November 2014	40,854,897.10	11,009,397.85
December 2014	40,372,148.19	10,681,312.37
January 2015	39,893,510.54	10,359,591.96
February 2015	39,418,950.60	10,044,645.19
March 2015	38,948,435.10	9,738,956.90
April 2015	38,481,931.01	9,442,256.24
May 2015	38,019,405.60	9,154,280.23

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
June 2015	\$37,560,826.37	\$ 8,874,773.54
July 2015	37,106,161.09	8,603,488.28
August 2015	36,655,377.79	8,340,183.72
September 2015.	36,208,444.75	8,084,626.18
October 2015.	35,765,330.53	7,836,588.76
November 2015.	35,326,003.89	7,595,851.13
December 2015.	34,890,433.89	7,362,199.42
January 2016	34,458,589.81	7,135,425.94
February 2016	34,030,441.19	6,915,329.07
March 2016	33,605,957.80	6,701,713.05
April 2016	33,185,109.66	6,494,387.81
May 2016.	32,767,867.03	6,293,168.83
June 2016	32,354,200.41	6,097,876.95
July 2016	31,944,080.54	5,908,338.23
August 2016	31,537,478.37	5,724,383.81
September 2016.	31,134,365.11	5,545,849.71
October 2016.	30,734,712.20	5,372,576.79
November 2016.	30,338,491.28	5,204,410.48
December 2016.	29,945,674.25	5,041,200.77
January 2017	29,556,233.23	4,882,802.00
February 2017	29,170,140.53	4,729,072.74
March 2017	28,787,368.73	4,579,875.72
April 2017	28,407,890.60	4,435,077.65
May 2017.	28,031,679.13	4,294,549.12
June 2017	27,658,707.54	4,158,164.52
July 2017	27,288,949.25	4,025,801.90
August 2017	26,922,377.90	3,897,342.86
September 2017.	26,558,967.34	3,772,672.44
October 2017.	26,198,691.64	3,651,679.08
November 2017.	25,841,525.05	3,534,254.44
December 2017	25,487,442.05	3,420,293.36
January 2018	25,136,417.33	3,309,693.75
February 2018	24,788,425.77	3,202,356.49
March 2018	24,443,442.44	3,098,185.38
April 2018	24,101,442.64	2,997,087.02
May 2018.	23,762,401.84	2,898,970.72
June 2018	23,426,295.73	2,803,748.48
July 2018	23,093,100.17	2,711,334.85
August 2018	22,762,791.24	2,621,646.87
September 2018.	22,435,345.19	2,534,604.03
October 2018.	22,110,738.47	2,450,128.16

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
November 2018	\$21,788,947.73	\$ 2,368,143.38
December 2018	21,469,949.78	2,288,576.04
January 2019	21,153,721.65	2,211,354.64
February 2019	20,840,240.52	2,136,409.75
March 2019	20,529,483.79	2,063,674.02
April 2019	20,221,429.00	1,993,082.04
May 2019	19,916,053.91	1,924,570.32
June 2019	19,613,336.43	1,858,077.24
July 2019	19,313,254.67	1,793,542.96
August 2019	19,015,786.89	1,730,909.45
September 2019	18,720,911.54	1,670,120.32
October 2019	18,428,607.26	1,611,120.86
November 2019	18,140,512.03	1,553,857.97
December 2019	17,856,684.22	1,498,294.22
January 2020	17,577,062.58	1,444,386.15
February 2020	17,301,586.76	1,392,083.91
March 2020	17,030,197.23	1,341,339.19
April 2020	16,762,835.32	1,292,105.08
May 2020	16,499,443.16	1,244,336.08
June 2020	16,239,963.73	1,197,988.05
July 2020	15,984,340.78	1,153,018.14
August 2020	15,732,518.86	1,109,384.79
September 2020	15,484,443.31	1,067,047.69
October 2020	15,240,060.24	1,025,967.71
November 2020	14,999,316.50	986,106.89
December 2020	14,762,159.71	947,428.40
January 2021	14,528,538.22	909,896.52
February 2021	14,298,401.10	873,476.57
March 2021	14,071,698.16	838,134.94
April 2021	13,848,379.90	803,838.98
May 2021	13,628,397.51	770,557.04
June 2021	13,411,702.89	738,258.41
July 2021	13,198,248.61	706,913.29
August 2021	12,987,987.90	676,492.78
September 2021	12,780,874.66	646,968.84
October 2021	12,576,863.45	618,314.24
November 2021	12,375,909.44	590,502.61
December 2021	12,177,968.48	563,508.32
January 2022	11,982,996.99	537,306.55
February 2022	11,790,952.05	511,873.19
March 2022	11,601,791.33	487,184.86

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
April 2022	\$11,415,473.09	\$ 463,218.88
May 2022	11,231,956.18	439,953.25
June 2022	11,051,200.06	417,366.63
July 2022	10,873,164.73	395,438.30
August 2022	10,697,810.78	374,148.18
September 2022	10,525,099.33	353,476.79
October 2022	10,354,992.08	333,405.23
November 2022	10,187,451.26	313,915.15
December 2022	10,022,439.62	294,988.77
January 2023	9,859,920.46	276,608.83
February 2023	9,699,857.60	258,758.60
March 2023	9,542,215.35	241,421.85
April 2023	9,386,958.54	224,582.81
May 2023	9,234,052.51	208,226.22
June 2023	9,083,463.08	192,337.26
July 2023	8,935,156.54	176,901.54
August 2023	8,789,099.68	161,905.14
September 2023	8,645,259.75	147,334.51
October 2023	8,503,604.48	133,176.55
November 2023	8,364,102.03	119,418.52
December 2023	8,226,721.05	106,048.09
January 2024	8,091,430.59	93,053.29
February 2024	7,958,200.18	80,422.49
March 2024	7,826,999.77	68,144.43
April 2024	7,697,799.72	56,208.20
May 2024	7,570,570.83	44,603.19
June 2024	7,445,284.31	33,319.13
July 2024	7,321,911.78	22,346.04
August 2024	7,200,425.26	11,674.26
September 2024	7,080,797.18	1,294.40
October 2024	6,963,000.35	0.00
November 2024	6,847,007.96	0.00
December 2024	6,732,793.61	0.00
January 2025	6,620,331.25	0.00
February 2025	6,509,595.22	0.00
March 2025	6,400,560.19	0.00
April 2025	6,293,201.24	0.00
May 2025	6,187,493.78	0.00
June 2025	6,083,413.56	0.00
July 2025	5,980,936.70	0.00
August 2025	5,880,039.65	0.00

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
September 2025	\$ 5,780,699.18	\$ 0.00
October 2025	5,682,892.42	0.00
November 2025	5,586,596.82	0.00
December 2025	5,491,790.13	0.00
January 2026	5,398,450.44	0.00
February 2026	5,306,556.15	0.00
March 2026	5,216,085.96	0.00
April 2026	5,127,018.89	0.00
May 2026	5,039,334.24	0.00
June 2026	4,953,011.62	0.00
July 2026	4,868,030.93	0.00
August 2026	4,784,372.35	0.00
September 2026	4,702,016.35	0.00
October 2026	4,620,943.69	0.00
November 2026	4,541,135.39	0.00
December 2026	4,462,572.74	0.00
January 2027	4,385,237.32	0.00
February 2027	4,309,110.94	0.00
March 2027	4,234,175.71	0.00
April 2027	4,160,413.97	0.00
May 2027	4,087,808.31	0.00
June 2027	4,016,341.59	0.00
July 2027	3,945,996.91	0.00
August 2027	3,876,757.61	0.00
September 2027	3,808,607.26	0.00
October 2027	3,741,529.68	0.00
November 2027	3,675,508.92	0.00
December 2027	3,610,529.25	0.00
January 2028	3,546,575.18	0.00
February 2028	3,483,631.43	0.00
March 2028	3,421,682.95	0.00
April 2028	3,360,714.91	0.00
May 2028	3,300,712.67	0.00
June 2028	3,241,661.83	0.00
July 2028	3,183,548.19	0.00
August 2028	3,126,357.73	0.00
September 2028	3,070,076.67	0.00
October 2028	3,014,691.40	0.00
November 2028	2,960,188.53	0.00
December 2028	2,906,554.84	0.00
January 2029	2,853,777.31	0.00

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
February 2029	\$ 2,801,843.11	\$ 0.00
March 2029	2,750,739.60	0.00
April 2029	2,700,454.32	0.00
May 2029	2,650,974.98	0.00
June 2029	2,602,289.48	0.00
July 2029	2,554,385.89	0.00
August 2029	2,507,252.45	0.00
September 2029	2,460,877.58	0.00
October 2029	2,415,249.85	0.00
November 2029	2,370,358.02	0.00
December 2029	2,326,190.99	0.00
January 2030	2,282,737.84	0.00
February 2030	2,239,987.79	0.00
March 2030	2,197,930.24	0.00
April 2030	2,156,554.71	0.00
May 2030	2,115,850.90	0.00
June 2030	2,075,808.65	0.00
July 2030	2,036,417.96	0.00
August 2030	1,997,668.94	0.00
September 2030	1,959,551.90	0.00
October 2030	1,922,057.23	0.00
November 2030	1,885,175.50	0.00
December 2030	1,848,897.41	0.00
January 2031	1,813,213.79	0.00
February 2031	1,778,115.60	0.00
March 2031	1,743,593.94	0.00
April 2031	1,709,640.04	0.00
May 2031	1,676,245.24	0.00
June 2031	1,643,401.04	0.00
July 2031	1,611,099.04	0.00
August 2031	1,579,330.95	0.00
September 2031	1,548,088.64	0.00
October 2031	1,517,364.07	0.00
November 2031	1,487,149.32	0.00
December 2031	1,457,436.60	0.00
January 2032	1,428,218.22	0.00
February 2032	1,399,486.60	0.00
March 2032	1,371,234.29	0.00
April 2032	1,343,453.93	0.00
May 2032	1,316,138.27	0.00
June 2032	1,289,280.19	0.00

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
July 2032	\$ 1,262,872.63	\$ 0.00
August 2032	1,236,908.68	0.00
September 2032	1,211,381.51	0.00
October 2032	1,186,284.38	0.00
November 2032	1,161,610.67	0.00
December 2032	1,137,353.83	0.00
January 2033	1,113,507.45	0.00
February 2033	1,090,065.17	0.00
March 2033	1,067,020.74	0.00
April 2033	1,044,368.01	0.00
May 2033	1,022,100.92	0.00
June 2033	1,000,213.48	0.00
July 2033	978,699.81	0.00
August 2033	957,554.10	0.00
September 2033	936,770.65	0.00
October 2033	916,343.81	0.00
November 2033	896,268.05	0.00
December 2033	876,537.89	0.00
January 2034	857,147.94	0.00
February 2034	838,092.91	0.00
March 2034	819,367.56	0.00
April 2034	800,966.74	0.00
May 2034	782,885.38	0.00
June 2034	765,118.49	0.00
July 2034	747,661.13	0.00
August 2034	730,508.45	0.00
September 2034	713,655.68	0.00
October 2034	697,098.10	0.00
November 2034	680,831.08	0.00
December 2034	664,850.04	0.00
January 2035	649,150.49	0.00
February 2035	633,727.99	0.00
March 2035	618,578.17	0.00
April 2035	603,696.73	0.00
May 2035	589,079.42	0.00
June 2035	574,722.07	0.00
July 2035	560,620.57	0.00
August 2035	546,770.85	0.00
September 2035	533,168.94	0.00
October 2035	519,810.89	0.00
November 2035	506,692.83	0.00

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
December 2035	\$ 493,810.95	\$ 0.00
January 2036	481,161.48	0.00
February 2036	468,740.73	0.00
March 2036	456,545.04	0.00
April 2036	444,570.82	0.00
May 2036	432,814.53	0.00
June 2036	421,272.69	0.00
July 2036	409,941.87	0.00
August 2036	398,818.67	0.00
September 2036	387,899.77	0.00
October 2036	377,181.90	0.00
November 2036	366,661.80	0.00
December 2036	356,336.31	0.00
January 2037	346,202.29	0.00
February 2037	336,256.64	0.00
March 2037	326,496.33	0.00
April 2037	316,918.36	0.00
May 2037	307,519.78	0.00
June 2037	298,297.69	0.00
July 2037	289,249.22	0.00
August 2037	280,371.55	0.00
September 2037	271,661.90	0.00
October 2037	263,117.55	0.00
November 2037	254,735.80	0.00
December 2037	246,514.00	0.00
January 2038	238,449.53	0.00
February 2038	230,539.82	0.00
March 2038	222,782.35	0.00
April 2038	215,174.61	0.00
May 2038	207,714.14	0.00
June 2038	200,398.54	0.00
July 2038	193,225.41	0.00
August 2038	186,192.42	0.00
September 2038	179,297.24	0.00
October 2038	172,537.61	0.00
November 2038	165,911.28	0.00
December 2038	159,416.05	0.00
January 2039	153,049.74	0.00
February 2039	146,810.21	0.00
March 2039	140,695.37	0.00
April 2039	134,703.12	0.00

<u>Distribution Date</u>	<u>Classes QL and QZ (in the aggregate)</u>	<u>Class JA</u>
May 2039	\$ 128,831.44	\$ 0.00
June 2039	123,078.31	0.00
July 2039	117,441.75	0.00
August 2039	111,919.80	0.00
September 2039	106,510.56	0.00
October 2039	101,212.12	0.00
November 2039	96,022.62	0.00
December 2039	90,940.25	0.00
January 2040	85,963.17	0.00
February 2040	81,089.63	0.00
March 2040	76,317.88	0.00
April 2040	71,646.18	0.00
May 2040	67,072.85	0.00
June 2040	62,596.21	0.00
July 2040	58,214.62	0.00
August 2040	53,926.46	0.00
September 2040	49,730.15	0.00
October 2040	45,624.10	0.00
November 2040	41,606.78	0.00
December 2040	37,676.67	0.00
January 2041	33,832.26	0.00
February 2041	30,072.10	0.00
March 2041	26,394.71	0.00
April 2041	22,798.69	0.00
May 2041	19,282.62	0.00
June 2041	15,845.12	0.00
July 2041	12,484.83	0.00
August 2041	9,200.40	0.00
September 2041	5,990.52	0.00
October 2041	2,853.89	0.00
November 2041 and thereafter	0.00	0.00

Underlying Certificate

Trust Asset Group	3	Issuer	Ginnie Mae	Series	2010-080	Class	PD	Issue Date	June 30, 2010	CUSIP Number	38377F2X8	Interest Rate	3.5%	Interest Type(1)	FIX	Final Distribution Date	April 2040	Principal Type(1)	PAC/AD	Original Principal Balance of Class	\$31,522,272	Underlying Certificate Factor(2)	0.77143289	Principal Balance in Trust	\$24,317,317	Percentage of Class in Trust	100%	Approximate Weighted Average Coupon of Mortgage Loans(3)	5.285%	Approximate Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity of Mortgage Loans (in months)(3)	333	Approximate Weighted Average Loan Age of Mortgage Loans (in months)(3)	23	Ginnie Mac I or II	II
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(1) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular.

(2) Underlying Certificate Factor is as of May 2012.

(3) Based on information as of May 2012.

Exhibit B

Cover Page and Terms Sheet from Underlying Certificate Disclosure Document



\$146,705,785

**Government National Mortgage Association
GINNIE MAE®**

**Guaranteed REMIC Pass-Through Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2010-080**

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the front cover of this offering circular supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own (1) Ginnie Mae Certificates and (2) certain previously issued certificates.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance (1)	Interest Rate	Principal Type (2)	Interest Type (2)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date (3)
Security Group 1						
FA	\$16,260,664	(4)	SC/PT	FLT	38377F2T7	October 2034
FB	65,042,660	(4)	SC/PT	FLT	38377F2U4	October 2034
TL	16,260,664	(4)	NTL (SC/PT)	T/IO	38377F2V2	October 2034
Security Group 2						
F	23,641,704	(4)	PAC/AD	FLT	38377F2W0	April 2040
PD	31,522,272	3.5%	PAC/AD	FIX	38377F2X8	April 2040
PZ	238,485	5.0	PAC/AD	FIX/Z	38377F2Y6	June 2040
S	23,641,704	(4)	NTL (PAC/AD)	INV/IO	38377F2Z3	April 2040
Z	10,000,000	5.0	SUP	FIX/Z	38377F3A7	June 2040
Residual						
RR	0	0.0	NPR	NPR	38377F3B5	June 2040

- (1) Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.
- (2) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Base Offering Circular. The type of Class with which the Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced is indicated in parentheses.
- (3) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.
- (4) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 which highlights some of these risks.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be June 30, 2010.

You should read the Base Offering Circular as well as this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Morgan Stanley

Sandgrain Securities Inc.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is June 23, 2010.

TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly “Risk Factors,” and each of the other documents listed under “Available Information.”

Sponsor: Morgan Stanley & Co. Incorporated

Co-Sponsor: Sandgrain Securities Inc.

Trustee: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: June 30, 2010

Distribution Dates: For the Group 1 Securities, the 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in July 2010. For the Group 2 Securities, the 20th day of each month or, if the 20th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in July 2010.

Trust Assets:

<u>Trust Asset Group</u>	<u>Trust Asset Type</u>	<u>Certificate Rate</u>	<u>Original Term To Maturity (in years)</u>
1	Underlying Certificates	(1)	(1)
2	Ginnie Mae II	5.0%	30

(1) Certain information regarding the Underlying Certificates is set forth in Exhibits A and B to this Supplement.

Security Groups: This series of Securities consists of multiple Security Groups (each, a “Group”), as shown on the front cover of this Supplement. Payments on each Group will be based solely on payments on the Trust Asset Group with the same numerical designation.

Assumed Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans Underlying the Group 2 Trust Assets¹:

<u>Principal Balance²</u>	<u>Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity (in months)</u>	<u>Weighted Average Loan Age (in months)</u>	<u>Weighted Average Mortgage Rate³</u>
Group 2 Trust Assets \$65,402,461	358	2	5.35%

¹ As of June 1, 2010.
² Does not include the Group 2 Trust Assets that will be added to pay the Trustee Fee.
³ The Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 Trust Assets may bear interest at rates ranging from 0.25% to 1.50% per annum above the Certificate Rate.

The actual remaining terms to maturity, loan ages and Mortgage Rates of many of the Mortgage Loans underlying the Group 2 Trust Assets will differ from the weighted averages shown above, perhaps significantly. See “The Trust Assets — The Mortgage Loans” in this Supplement. See Exhibit A to this Supplement for certain information regarding the characteristics of the Mortgage Loans included in the related Underlying Trusts.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the “Fedwire Book-Entry System”). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. See “Description of the Securities — Form of Securities” in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes a Toggle or Interest Only Inverse Floating Rate Class. See “Description of the Securities — Form of Securities” in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the front cover of this Supplement.

The Floating Rate, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes will bear interest at per annum rates based on one-month LIBOR (hereinafter referred to as “LIBOR”) as follows:

Class	Interest Rate Formula(1)	Initial Interest Rate(2)	Minimum Rate	Maximum Rate	Delay (in days)	LIBOR for Minimum Interest Rate
F	LIBOR + 0.40%	0.75100%	0.40%	7.00%	0	0.0%
FA . . .	LIBOR + 0.39%	0.73969%	0.39%	7.00%	0	0.0%
FB . . .	LIBOR + 0.34%	0.68969%	0.34%	7.00%	0	0.0%
S	6.60% – LIBOR	6.24900%	0.00%	6.60%	0	6.6%
TI	If LIBOR ≤ 6.65%, LIBOR – 6.61%; If LIBOR > 6.65%, 26.64% – (4 x LIBOR)	0.00000%	0.00%	0.04%	0	(3)

- (1) LIBOR will be established on the basis of the BBA LIBOR method, as described under “Description of the Securities — Interest Distributions — Floating Rate, Inverse Floating Rate and Toggle Classes” in this Supplement.
- (2) The initial Interest Rate will be in effect during the first Accrual Period; the Interest Rate will adjust monthly thereafter.
- (3) Less than or equal to 6.61% or greater than or equal to 6.66%.

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date for a Security Group, the following distributions will be made to the related Securities:

SECURITY GROUP 1

The Group 1 Principal Distribution Amount will be allocated, concurrently, to FA and FB, pro rata, until retired

SECURITY GROUP 2

A percentage of the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Group 2 Principal Distribution Amount (the “Group 2 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount”) and the PZ and Z Accrual Amounts will be allocated as follows:

- The PZ Accrual Amount in the following order of priority:
 1. Concurrently, to F and PD, pro rata, until retired
 2. To PZ, until retired
- The Group 2 Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and Z Accrual Amount in the following order of priority:
 1. To the Group 2 PAC Classes, until reduced to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance for that Distribution Date, in the following order of priority:
 - a. Concurrently, to F and PD, pro rata, until retired

- b. To PZ, until retired
- 2. To Z, until retired
- 3. To the Group 2 PAC Classes, in the same manner and priority described in step 1. above, but without regard to their Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balance, until retired

Scheduled Principal Balances: The Aggregate Scheduled Principal Balances for the Classes listed below are included in Schedule I to this Supplement. They were calculated using, among other things, the following Structuring Range:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Structuring Range</u>
PAC Classes	
F, PD and PZ (in the aggregate)	325% PSA through 485% PSA

Accrual Classes: Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes as interest. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under “Allocation of Principal.”

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balance indicated:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Original Class Notional Balance</u>	<u>Represents</u>
S	\$23,641,704	100% of F (PAC/AD Class)
TI	16,260,664	100% of FA (SC/PT Class)

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See “*Certain Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this Supplement and in the Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and represents the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC; all other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.



\$146,800,026

**Government National
Mortgage Association**

GINNIE MAE[®]

**Guaranteed REMIC
Pass-Through Securities
and MX Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2012-069**

OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT
May 22, 2012

**Wells Fargo Securities
Sandgrain Securities Inc.**