

\$681,030,459 Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE[®]

Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2019-007

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the front cover of this offering circular supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates described on Exhibit A.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(2)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(3)	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Α	\$510,635,000	3.25%	SEQ	FIX	38380MA92	January 2052
AB	10,000,000	3.25	SEQ	FIX	38380MB26	June 2056
B(1)	24,200,000	3.25	SEQ	FIX	38380MB34	December 2052
C(1)	70,315,000	3.25	SEQ	FIX	38380MB42	October 2059
D(1)	34,968,000	3.25	SEQ	FIX	38380MB59	April 2060
VA(1)	9,945,000	3.00	SEQ	FIX	38380MB67	May 2035
VB(1)	290,000	3.00	SEQ	FIX	38380MB75	April 2031
ZA(1)	19,865,459	2.50	SEQ	FIX/Z	38380MB83	January 2061
ZB(1)	812,000	2.50	SEQ	FIX/Z	38380MB91	January 2061
ΙΟ	681,030,459	(5)	NTL(PT)	WAC/IO/DLY	38380MC25	January 2061
Residual						
RR	0	0.00	NPR	NPR	38380MC33	January 2061

(1) These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I to this Supplement.

(2) Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for the Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class Notional Balance of the Notional Class will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Class" in this Supplement.

(4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

(5) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-6 which highlights some of these risks.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be January 30, 2019.

You should read the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities, Chapter 31 and Chapter 32 of the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide 5500.3, as amended, and this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Credit Suisse

Ramirez & Co., Inc.

The date of this Offering Circular Supplement is January 23, 2019.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this "Supplement"),
- the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities dated as of March 1, 2017 (hereinafter referred to as the "Multifamily Base Offering Circular") and
- Chapter 31 and Chapter 32 of the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide 5500.3, as amended (the "MBS Guide").

The Multifamily Base Offering Circular and the MBS Guide are available on Ginnie Mae's website located at http://www.ginniemae.gov.

If you do not have access to the internet, call BNY Mellon, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Multifamily Base Offering Circular and the MBS Guide.

In addition, you can obtain copies of the disclosure documents related to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates by contacting BNY Mellon at the telephone number listed above.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the glossary included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly "Risk Factors," and each of the other documents listed under "Available Information."

Sponsor: Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC

Co-Sponsor: Samuel A. Ramirez & Company, Inc.

Trustee: Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: January 30, 2019

Distribution Date: The 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in February 2019.

Composition of the Trust Assets:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates will consist of:

(i) 44 fixed rate Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, which have an aggregate balance of approximately \$554,964,663 as of the Cut-off Date and

(ii) 35 fixed rate Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates, which have an aggregate balance of approximately \$126,130,796 as of the Cut-off Date.

Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets⁽¹⁾:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the related Mortgage Loans will have the following characteristics, aggregated on the basis of the applicable FHA insurance program or Section 538 Guarantee Program:

Weighted

FHA Insurance Program/ Section 538 Guarantee Program	Principal Balance	Number of Trust Assets	Percent of Total Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Certificate Rate	Weighted Average Original Term to Maturity ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾ (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity ⁽³⁾ (in months)	Weighted Average Period from Issuance ⁽²⁾ (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Lockout Period (in months)	Average Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period (in months)
207/223(f)	\$ 406,058,513	23	59.62%	4.237%	3.986%	418	417	1	0	115
232/223(f)	128,368,839	10	18.85	4.400	4.145	390	389	1	0	120
221(d)(4)	128,301,826	42	18.84	4.223	3.968	499	493	7	13	133
232	17,866,601	3	2.62	4.175	3.922	432	430	2	0	120
538/515	499,681	1	0.07	5.100	4.270	478	477	1	0	119
T-4-1037-1-1-4-1 A		_						-	—	
Total/Weighted Average:	\$681,095,459	79	100.00%	4.264%	4.011%	429	426	2	2	119
		=				=	=	=	=	—

(1) As of January 1, 2019 (the "Cut-off Date"); includes Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates added to pay the Trustee Fee. Some of the columns may not foot due to rounding.

(2) Based on the issue date of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate.

(3) Based on the assumption that each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate will convert to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate.

The information contained in this chart has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — The Mortgage Loans" and Exhibit A to this Supplement. **Lockout Periods and Prepayment Penalties:** Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 0 to 24 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 2 months. Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. The Mortgage Loans provide for payment of Prepayment Penalties during specified periods beginning on the applicable lockout period end date or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. In some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions. *See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" and "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement. Prepayment Penalties received by the Trust will be allocated as described in this Supplement.*

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the "Fedwire Book-Entry System"). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. *See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.*

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities, you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. *See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in this Supplement.*

Increased Minimum Denomination Class: Class IO. See "Description of the Securities — Form of Securities" in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

The Weighted Average Coupon Class will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum Interest Rate based on the Weighted Average Certificate Rate of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates ("WACR") as follows:

Class IO will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable Interest Rates for Classes A, AB, B, C, D, VA, VB, ZA and ZB for that Accrual Period, weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

The Weighted Average Coupon Class will bear interest during the initial Accrual Period at the following approximate Interest Rate:

Class	Approximate Initial Interest Rate
ΙΟ	0.78742%

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the "Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount"), the ZA Accrual Amount and the ZB Accrual Amount will be allocated as follows:

- The ZA Accrual Amount, sequentially, to VA, A, B, C, D and ZA, in that order, until retired.
- The ZB Accrual Amount, sequentially, to VB, AB and ZB, in that order, until retired.
- The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount, concurrently, as follows:
 - 1. 98.3698232798%, sequentially, to A, B, C, D, VA and ZA, in that order, until retired;
 - 2. 1.6301767202%, sequentially, to AB, VB and ZB, in that order, until retired.

Allocation of Prepayment Penalties: On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will pay 100% of any Prepayment Penalties that are collected and passed through to the Trust to Class IO.

Accrual Classes: Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate set forth on that page. However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes as interest. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under "Allocation of Principal."

Notional Class: The Notional Class will not receive distributions of principal but has a Class Notional Balance for convenience in describing its entitlement to interest. The Class Notional Balance of the Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balances indicated:

Class	Original Class Notional Balance	Represents		
IO	\$681,030,459	100% of A, AB, B, C, D, VA, VB, ZA and ZB (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)		
Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.				
Regular a	and Residual Cl	asses: Class RR is a Residual Class and represents the Residual Interest of the		

Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC. All other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities. The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. Any historical data regarding mortgage loan prepayment rates may not be indicative of the rate of future prepayments on the underlying mortgage loans, and no assurances can be given about the rates at which the underlying mortgage loans will prepay. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will vary. Generally, following any applicable lockout period, and upon payment of any applicable prepayment penalty, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans at any time. However, borrowers cannot prepay certain mortgage loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. In addition, in the case of FHA-insured mortgage loans, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans during a lockout period, or during any statutory prepayment prohibition period or without paying any applicable prepayment penalty with the approval of FHA.

Additionally, in the event a borrower makes a voluntary prepayment in respect of a mortgage loan, the related Ginnie Mae issuer does not have consent rights, put rights or termination rights related to such mortgage loan underlying the related trust assets. The decision to make a voluntary prepayment is entirely within the control of the borrower. Any voluntary prepayment and any subsequent reamortization of the remaining principal balance of a mortgage loan may adversely affect the timing of the receipt of principal to investors and could reduce the yields on your securities.

In addition to voluntary prepayments, mortgage loans can be prepaid as a result of governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements, repurchases or liquidations of defaulted mortgage loans. Although under certain circumstances Ginnie Mae issuers have the option to repurchase defaulted mortgage loans from the related pool underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, they are not obligated to do so. Defaulted mortgage loans that remain in pools backing Ginnie Mae MBS certificates may be subject to governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure, which could have the same effect as voluntary prepayments on the cash flow available to pay the securities.

A catastrophic weather event or other natural disaster may affect the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the underlying mortgage loans. Any such event may damage the related mortgaged properties that secure the mortgage loans and may lead to a general economic downturn in the affected regions, including job losses and declines in real estate values. A general economic downturn may increase the rate of defaults on the mortgage loans in such areas resulting in prepayments on the related securities due to governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements, repurchases or liquidations of defaulted mortgage loans. Insurance payments on damaged or destroyed mortgaged properties may also lead to prepayments on the underlying mortgage loans. Further, in connection with presidentially declared major disasters, Ginnie Mae may authorize optional special assistance to issuers, including expanded buyout authority which allows issuers, upon receiving written approval from Ginnie Mae, to repurchase eligible loans from the related pool underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, even if such loans are not delinquent or do not otherwise meet the standard conditions for removal or repurchase.

No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, issuer repurchases, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure proceedings with respect to defaulted mortgage loans and the resulting effect on the timing or rate of principal payments on your securities.

The terms of the mortgage loans may be modified, among other things, to permit a partial release of the mortgaged property securing the related mortgage loan, to permit a pledge of all or part of such mortgaged property to secure additional debt of the related borrower, to provide for a cross default between the mortgage loan and such additional debt or to provide for additional collateral. Partial releases of security may allow the related borrower to sell the released property and generate proceeds that may be used to prepay the related mortgage loan in whole or in part. Such releases also may reduce the value of the remaining property. Modifications in connection with additional debt could adversely affect the security afforded to the existing mortgage loan by the mortgaged property and, even if the additional debt is subordinated to the existing mortgage loan, increase the likelihood of default on such mortgage loan by the related borrower. The amount of additional debt may exceed the amount of the existing debt secured by the related mortgage loan. Additional debt may include, but is not limited to, mortgage loans originated under FHA insurance program Section 241.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you purchased your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you purchased your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Under certain circumstances, a Ginnie Mae issuer has the right to repurchase a defaulted mortgage loan from the related pool of mortgage loans underlying a particular Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, the effect of which would be comparable to a prepayment of such mortgage loan. At its option and without Ginnie Mae's prior consent, a Ginnie Mae issuer may repurchase any mortgage loan at an amount equal to par less any amounts previously advanced by such issuer in connection with its responsibilities as servicer of such mortgage loan to the extent that (i) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or before December 1, 2002, such mortgage loan has been delinquent for four consecutive months, and at least one delinquent payment remains uncured or (ii) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or after January 1, 2003, no payment has been made on such mortgage loan for three consecutive months. Any such repurchase will result in prepayment of the principal balance or reduction in the notional balance of the securities ultimately backed by such mortgage loan. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any such repurchases.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment and extension risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal, and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Defaults will increase the rate of prepayment. Lending on multifamily properties and nursing facilities is generally viewed as exposing the lender to a greater risk of loss than singlefamily lending. If a mortgagor defaults on a mortgage loan and the loan is subsequently foreclosed upon or assigned to FHA for FHA insurance benefits, or Rural Development for Section 538 guarantee benefits, or otherwise liquidated, the effect would be comparable to a prepayment of the mortgage loan; however, no prepayment penalty would be received. Similarly, mortgage loans as to which there is a material breach of a representation may be purchased out of the trust without the payment of a prepayment penalty.

Extensions of the term to maturity of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates delay the payment of principal to the trust and will affect the yield to maturity on your securities. The extension of the term to maturity of any Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate will require the related Ginnie Mae issuer to obtain the consent of the contracted security purchaser, the entity bound under contract with the Ginnie Mae issuer to purchase all the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates related to a particular multifamily project. However, the sponsor, as contracted security purchaser, on behalf of itself and all future holders of each Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to be deposited into the trust and all related Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates (whether or not currently outstanding), has waived the right to withhold consent to any requests of the related Ginnie Mae issuer to extend the term to maturity of those Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates (provided that any such extension, when combined with previously granted extensions in respect of such Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates, would not extend the term to maturity beyond the term of the underlying mortgage loan insured by FHA). This waiver effectively permits the related Ginnie Mae issuer to extend the maturity of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates in its sole discretion, subject only to the prior written approval of Ginnie Mae. A holder of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate is entitled only to interest at the specified interest rate on the outstanding principal balance of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate until the earliest of (1) the liquidation of the mortgage loan, (2) at

the related Ginnie Mae issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae certificate payment date of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate, and (3) the maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions) of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate. Any extension of the term to maturity may delay the commencement of principal payments to the trust and affect the yield on your securities.

The failure of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to convert into a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate prior to its maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions), for any reason, will result in the full payment of the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate on its maturity date and, accordingly, will affect the rate of prepayment. The Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate may fail to convert if the prerequisites for conversion outlined in Chapter 32 of the MBS Guide are not satisfied, including, but not limited to, (1) final endorsement by FHA of the underlying mortgage loan, (2) completion of the cost certification process, and (3) the delivery of supporting documentation including, among other things, the note or other evidence of indebtedness and assignments endorsed to Ginnie Mae. Upon maturity of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates, absent any extensions, the related Ginnie Mae issuer is obligated to pay to the holders of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates the outstanding principal amount. The payment of any Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate on the maturity date may affect the yield on your securities.

Any delay in the conversion of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate will delay the payment of principal on your securities. The conversion of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate can be delayed for a wide variety of reasons, including work stoppages, construction defects, inclement weather, completion of or delays in the cost certification process and changes in contractors, owners and architects related to the multifamily project. During any such delay, the trust will not be entitled to any principal payments that may have been made by the borrower on the related underlying mortgage loan. The distribution of any such principal payments will not occur until the earliest of (1) the liquidation of the mortgage loan, (2) at the related Ginnie Mae issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae certificate payment date of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate, and (3) the maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions) of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate. However, the holders of the securities will not receive any such amounts until the next distribution date on the securities and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amount.

The yield on securities that would benefit from a faster than expected payment of principal (such as securities purchased at a discount) may be adversely affected if the underlying mortgage loan begins to amortize prior to the conversion of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate. As holders of Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates are entitled only to interest, any scheduled payments of principal received with respect to the mortgage loans underlying the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate will not be passed through to the trust. Any such amounts will be deposited into a non-interest bearing, custodial account maintained by the related Ginnie Mae issuer and will be distributed to the trust (unless otherwise negotiated between the Ginnie Mae issuer and the contracted security purchaser) on the earliest of (1) the liquidation of the mortgage loan, (2) at the related Ginnie Mae issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae certificate payment date of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate, and (3) the maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions) of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate. However, the holders of the securities will not receive any such amounts until the next distribution date on the securities and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amount. The delay in payment of the scheduled principal may affect, perhaps significantly, the yield on those securities that would benefit from a higher than anticipated rate of prepayment of principal.

If the amount of the underlying mortgage loan at final endorsement by FHA is less than the aggregate principal amount of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates upon completion of the particular multifamily project, the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates must be prepaid in the amount equal to the difference between the aggregate principal balance of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates and the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificates issued upon conversion. The reduction in the underlying mortgage loan amount could occur as a result of the cost certification process that takes place prior to the conversion to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate. In such a case, the rate of prepayment on your securities may be higher than expected.

Available information about the mortgage loans is limited. Generally, neither audited financial statements nor recent appraisals are available with respect to the mortgage loans, the mortgaged properties, or the operating revenues, expenses and values of the mortgaged properties. Certain default, delinquency and other information relevant to the likelihood of prepayment of the multifamily mortgage loans underlying the Ginnie Mae multifamily certificates is made generally available to the public and holders of the securities should consult such information. The scope of such information is limited, however, and accordingly, at a time when you might be buying or selling your securities, you may not be aware of matters that, if known, would affect the value of your securities.

FHA bas authority to override lockouts and prepayment limitations. FHA insurance and certain mortgage loan and trust provisions may affect lockouts and the right to receive prepayment penalties. FHA may override any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or prepayment penalty provision with respect to the FHAinsured mortgage loans consistent with FHA policies and procedures.

With respect to certain mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f) of the Housing Act, under certain circumstances FHA lockout and prepayment limitations may be more stringent than otherwise provided for in the related note or other evidence of indebtedness. In addition to FHA's ability to override lockout or prepayment penalty provisions with respect to the FHA-insured mortgage loans as described above, investors should note that with respect to certain mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f) of the Housing Act, Section 223(f) provides, in relevant part, that the related note or other evidence of indebtedness cannot be prepaid for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, unless prior written approval from FHA is obtained. In many instances with respect to such mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f), the related lender may have provided for a lockout period lasting for a term shorter than five (5) years. Therefore, investors should consider that any prepayment provisions following a lockout period that is shorter than five (5) years may not be effective if FHA approval is not obtained.

Holders entitled to prepayment penalties may not receive them. Prepayment penalties received by the trustee will be distributed to Class IO as further described in this Supplement. Ginnie Mae, however, does not guarantee that mortgagors will in fact pay any prepayment penalties or that such prepayment penalties will be received by the trustee. Accordingly, holders of the class entitled to receive prepayment penalties will receive them only to the extent that the trustee receives them. Moreover, even if the holders of that class, the additional amounts may not offset the reduction in yield caused by the corresponding prepayments. The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the interest only, accrual and residual classes, are not suitable investments for all investors. Only "accredited investors," as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, who have substantial experience in mortgagebacked securities and are capable of understanding the risks should invest in the securities.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. *See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class. The actual prepayment rates of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed prepayment rates. It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected.

THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates are guaranteed by Ginnie Mae pursuant to its Ginnie Mae I Program. Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate that is greater than the related Certificate Rate.

For each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate, the difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the related Certificate Rate is used to pay the servicer of the Mortgage Loan a monthly fee for servicing the Mortgage Loan and to pay Ginnie Mae a fee for its guarantee of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate (together, the "Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate"). The per annum rate used to calculate these fees for the Mortgage Loans in the Trust is shown on Exhibit A to this Supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates included in the Trust consist of (i) Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates issued during the construction phase of a multifamily project, which are redeemable for Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates (the "Trust CLCs") and (ii) Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates deposited into the Trust on the Closing Date or issued upon conversion of a Trust CLC (collectively, the "Trust PLCs").

The Trust CLCs

Each Trust CLC is based on and backed by a single Mortgage Loan secured by a multifamily project under construction and insured by FHA pursuant to an FHA Insurance Program described under "THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES — FHA Insurance Programs" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates are generally issued monthly by the related Ginnie Mae Issuer as construction progresses on the related multifamily project and as advances are insured by FHA. Prior to the issuance of Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates, the Ginnie Mae Issuer must provide Ginnie Mae with supporting documentation regarding advances and disbursements on the Mortgage Loan and must satisfy the prerequisites for issuance as described in Chapter 32 of the MBS Guide. Each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate may be redeemed for a pro rata share of a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate that bears the same interest rate as the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate.

The original maturity of a Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate is at least 200% of the construction period anticipated by FHA for the multifamily project. The stated maturity of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates may be extended after issuance at the request of the related Ginnie Mae Issuer with the prior written approval of Ginnie Mae. Prior to approving any extension request, Ginnie Mae requires that the Contracted Security Purchaser, the entity bound under contract with the related Ginnie Mae Issuer to purchase all of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates related to a particular multifamily project, consent to the extension of the term to maturity. The Sponsor, as the Contracted Security Purchaser of the Trust CLCs and of any previously issued or hereafter existing Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates relating to the Trust CLCs identified in Exhibit A to this Supplement (the "Sponsor CLCs"), has waived its right and the right of all future holders of the Sponsor CLCs, including the Trustee, as the assignee of the Sponsor's rights in the Trust CLCs, to withhold consent to any extension requests, provided that the length of the extension does not, in combination with any previously granted extensions related thereto, exceed the term of the underlying Mortgage Loan insured by FHA. The waiver effected by the Sponsor will effectively permit the related Ginnie Mae Issuer to extend the maturity of the Ginnie Mae CLCs in its sole discretion, subject only to the prior written approval of Ginnie Mae.

Each Trust CLC will provide for the payment to the Trust of monthly payments of interest equal to a pro rata share of the interest payments on the underlying Mortgage Loan, less applicable servicing and guaranty fees. The Trust will not be entitled to receive any payments of principal collected on the related Mortgage Loan as long as the Trust CLC is outstanding. During such period any prepayments and other recoveries of principal (other than proceeds from the liquidation of the Mortgage Loan) or any Prepayment Penalties on the underlying Mortgage Loan received by the Ginnie Mae Issuer will be deposited into a non-interest bearing escrow account (the "P&I Custodial Account"). Any such amounts will be held for distribution to the Trust (unless otherwise negotiated between the Ginnie Mae Issuer and the Contracted Security Purchaser) on the earliest of (i) the liquidation of the Mortgage Loan, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Wather Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amounts.

At any time following the final endorsement of the underlying Mortgage Loan by FHA, prior to the Maturity Date and upon satisfaction of the prerequisites for conversion outlined in Chapter 32 of the MBS Guide, Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates will be redeemed for Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates. The Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates will be issued at the identical interest rate as the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates. The aggregate principal amount of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates and insured on the Mortgage Loan underlying the related Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates and the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates and the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates issued at conversion will be disbursed to the holders of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates as principal upon conversion.

The Trust PLCs

Each Trust PLC will be based on and backed by one or more multifamily Mortgage Loans with an original term to maturity of generally no more than 40 years.

Each Trust PLC will provide for the payment to the registered holder of that Trust PLC of monthly payments of principal and interest equal to the aggregate amount of the scheduled monthly principal and interest payments on the Mortgage Loans underlying that Trust PLC, less applicable servicing and guaranty fees. In addition, each such payment will include any prepayments and other unscheduled recoveries of principal of, and any Prepayment Penalties on, the underlying Mortgage Loans to the extent received by the Ginnie Mae Issuer during the month preceding the month of the payment.

The Mortgage Loans

Each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate represents a beneficial interest in one or more Mortgage Loans.

Seventy-nine (79) Mortgage Loans will underlie the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, which as of the Cut-off Date, consist of forty-four (44) Mortgage Loans that underlie the Trust PLCs (the "Trust PLC Mortgage Loans") and thirty-five (35) Mortgage Loans that underlie the Trust CLCs (the "Trust CLC Mortgage Loans").

These Mortgage Loans have an aggregate balance of approximately \$681,095,459 as of the Cut-off Date, after giving effect to all payments of principal due on or before that date, which consist of approximately \$554,964,663 Trust PLC Mortgage Loans and approximately \$126,130,796 Trust CLC Mortgage Loans.

The Mortgage Loans have, on a weighted average basis, the other characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under "Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets" and, on an individual basis, the characteristics described in Exhibit A to this Supplement. They also have the general characteristics described below. The Mortgage Loans consist of first lien and second lien, multifamily, fixed rate mortgage loans that are secured by a lien on the borrower's fee simple estate in a multifamily property consisting of five or more dwelling units or nursing facilities and guaranteed by Section 538 or insured by FHA or coinsured by FHA and the related mortgage lender. *See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — General" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

FHA Insurance Programs and Section 538 Guarantee Program

FHA multifamily insurance programs generally are designed to assist private and public mortgagors in obtaining financing for the construction, purchase or rehabilitation of multifamily housing pursuant to the National Housing Act of 1934 (the "Housing Act"). Mortgage Loans are provided by FHA-approved institutions, which include mortgage banks, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, insurance companies, pension funds, state and local housing finance agencies and certain other approved entities. Mortgage Loans insured under the programs described below will have such maturities and amortization features as FHA may approve, provided that generally the minimum mortgage loan term will be at least ten years and the maximum mortgage loan term will not exceed the lesser of 40 years and 75 percent of the estimated remaining economic life of the improvements on the mortgaged property. Tenant eligibility for FHA-insured projects generally is not restricted by income, except for projects as to which rental subsidies are made available with respect to some or all the units therein or to specified tenants.

For a summary of the various FHA insurance programs and the Section 538 Guarantee Program under which the Mortgage Loans are insured see "THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES — FHA Insurance Programs" and "— Section 538 Guarantee Program" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. To the extent a Mortgage Loan is insured under multiple FHA insurance programs, you should read each applicable FHA insurance program description.

Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans

Mortgage Rates; Calculations of Interest. The Mortgage Loans bear interest at Mortgage Rates that will remain fixed for their remaining terms. All of the Mortgage Loans accrue interest on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. *See "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

Due Dates. Monthly payments on the Mortgage Loans are due on the first day of each month.

Amortization. The Trust PLC Mortgage Loans are generally fully-amortizing over their remaining terms to stated maturity. However, certain of the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans amortize based on their contractual payments to stated maturity, at which time the unpaid principal balance plus accrued interest thereon is due.

Three (3) of the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans have begun to amortize as of the Cut-off Date. It is expected that two (2) of the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans will begin to amortize beginning in February 2019. However, regardless of the scheduled amortization of Trust CLC Mortgage Loans, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal payments with respect to any Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of the Mortgage Loan, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Issuer will deposit any principal payments that it receives in connection with any Trust CLC into the related P&I Custodial Account. The Trust will not be entitled to recover any interest thereon.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans may provide that, if the related borrower makes a partial principal prepayment, such borrower will not be in default if it fails to make any subsequent scheduled payment of principal provided that such borrower continues to pay interest in a timely manner and the unpaid principal balance of such Mortgage Loan at the time of such failure is at or below what it would otherwise be in accordance with its amortization schedule if such partial principal prepayment had not been made. Under certain circumstances, the Mortgage Loans also permit the reamortization thereof if prepayments are received as a result of condemnation or insurance payments with respect to the related Mortgaged Property. Certain Mortgage Loans may require reamortization thereof in connection with certain voluntary prepayments.

Level Payments. Although the Mortgage Loans (other than the Mortgage Loans designated by Pool Numbers AW1667, AY1362, BC7321, BG4184, BH2526, BH2543 and BH2546 currently have amortization schedules that provide for level monthly payments, (or, in the case of Pool Number BI2347, an amortization schedule that provides for level payments until maturity and then a final balloon payment at maturity, as described in Exhibit A to this Supplement) the amortization schedules of substantially all of the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans are subject to change upon the approval of FHA that may result in non-level payments.

In the case of Pool Number AW1667, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2019 through, and including, August 2020	\$1,488.04
From September 2020 through, and including, August 2021	\$1,446.09
From September 2021 through, and including, August 2022	\$1,440.88
From September 2022 through, and including, August 2024	\$1,417.55
From September 2024 through, and including, August 2027	\$1,404.74
From September 2027 through, and including, July 2058	\$1,280.82
In August 2058	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number AY1362, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2019 through, and including, July 2028	\$1,386.62
From August 2028 through, and including, July 2033	\$1,348.22
From August 2033 through, and including, June 2058	\$816.22
In July 2058	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number BC7321, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2019 through, and including, April 2019	\$9,009.67 (interest only)
From May 2019 through, and including, April 2029	\$12,361.08
From May 2029 through, and including, March 2059	\$11,096.49
In April 2059	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number BG4184, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2019 through, and including, May 2020	\$5,342.51 (interest only)
From June 2020 through, and including, May 2030	\$7,332.67
From June 2030 through, and including, April 2060	\$6,016.22
In May 2060	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number BH2526, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2019 through, and including, October 2020	\$5,021.70 (interest only)
From November 2020 through, and including, October 2025	\$6,931.80
From November 2025 through, and including, October 2026	\$6,778.16
From November 2026 through, and including, October 2027	\$6,624.81
From November 2027 through, and including, October 2028	\$6,471.74
From November 2028 through, and including, October 2029	\$6,318.93
From November 2029 through, and including, October 2030	\$6,166.39
From November 2030 through, and including September 2060	\$5,709.49
In October 2060	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number BH2543⁽¹⁾, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2019 through, and including, August 2035	\$14,285.85
From September 2035 through, and including, November 2048	\$9,156.31
In December 2048	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number BH2546⁽²⁾, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From February 2019 through, and including, September 2036	\$14,209.09
From October 2036 through, and including, November 2048	\$11,833.56
In December 2048	The remaining balance of all unpaid
	principal plus accrued interest thereon.

- ⁽¹⁾ Pool Number BH2543 is comprised of two principal balances with separate amortization schedules. The scheduled principal and interest payments listed above represent aggregate payments for both principal balances through August 2035, after which one principal balance will be retired.
- (2) Pool Number BH2546 is comprised of two principal balances with separate amortization schedules. The scheduled principal and interest payments listed above represent aggregate payments for both principal balances through September 2036, after which one principal balance will be retired.

Furthermore, in the absence of a change in the amortization schedule of the Mortgage Loans, Mortgage Loans that provide for level monthly payments may still receive non-level payments as a result of the fact that, at any time:

- FHA may permit any FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid, in whole or in part, without regard to any lockout period, statutory prepayment prohibition period or Prepayment Penalty; and
- condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under any Mortgage Loan by reason of a default may result in prepayment.

"Due-on-Sale" Provisions. The Mortgage Loans do not contain "due-on-sale" clauses restricting sale or other transfer of the related Mortgaged Property. Any transfer of the Mortgaged Property is subject to HUD review and approval under the terms of HUD's Regulatory Agreement with the owner, which is incorporated by reference into the mortgage.

Prepayment Restrictions. Certain of the Mortgage Loans have lockout provisions that prohibit voluntary prepayments for a number of years following origination. These Mortgage Loans have remaining lockout terms that range from 0 to 24 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout term of approximately 2 months. Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. The enforceability of these lockout provisions under certain state laws is unclear.

The Mortgage Loans have a period (a "Prepayment Penalty Period") during which voluntary prepayments must be accompanied by a prepayment penalty equal to a specified percentage of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan being prepaid (each, a "Prepayment Penalty"). Each Prepayment Penalty Period will follow the termination of the applicable lockout period or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. *See "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

Exhibit A to this Supplement sets forth, for each Mortgage Loan, as applicable, a description of the related Prepayment Penalty, the period during which the Prepayment Penalty applies and the first month in which the borrower may prepay the Mortgage Loan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, FHA guidelines require all of the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans to include a provision that allows FHA to override any lockout and/or Prepayment Penalty provisions in accordance with FHA policies and procedures. Additionally, FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be prepaid in whole or in part without regard to any statutory or contractual prepayment prohibition period in accordance with FHA policies and procedures.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal prepayments or any applicable Prepayment Penalties with respect to the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of such Mortgage Loans, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amount.

Coinsurance. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may be federally insured under FHA coinsurance programs that provide for the retention by the mortgage lender of a portion of the mortgage insurance risk that otherwise would be assumed by FHA under the applicable FHA insurance program. As part of such coinsurance programs, FHA delegates to mortgage lenders approved by FHA for participation in such coinsurance programs certain underwriting functions generally performed by FHA. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such mortgage loans were underwritten in conformity with FHA underwriting guidelines applicable to mortgage loans that were solely federally insured or that the default risk with respect to coinsured mortgage loans is comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally. As a result, there can be no assurance that the likelihood of future default or the rate of prepayment on coinsured Mortgage Loans will be comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on the Trust Assets in payment of the Trustee Fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. *See "Ginnie Mae Guaranty" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular*. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See "Description of the Securities" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained in book-entry form and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of

Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain bookentry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee located at Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., 150 East 42nd Street, 40th floor, New York, NY 10017, Attention: Trust Administrator Ginnie Mae 2019-007. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (917) 260-1522 and by fax at (917) 260-1594. See "Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Class) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Class will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial notional balance.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date, as specified under "Terms Sheet — Distribution Date" in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the related Record Date. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" and "— Method of Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days' interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed (or accrued, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. *See "— Class Factors" below.*

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Interest Type" on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the interest entitlements of the Classes are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Period

The Accrual Period for each Regular and MX Class is the calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date.

Fixed Rate Classes

The Fixed Rate Classes will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rates shown on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement.

Weighted Average Coupon Class

The Weighted Average Coupon Class will bear interest at a per annum Interest Rate based on WACR as shown under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

The Trustee's calculation of the Interest Rates will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods from Ginnie Mae's Multiclass Securities e-Access located on Ginnie Mae's website ("e-Access") or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Classes

Each of Classes ZA and ZB is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes and be distributed as described under "Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes" in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the Accrual Amounts will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described above under "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement.

Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. *See "— Class Factors" below.*

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under "Principal Type" on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the principal entitlements of the Classes are explained under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Notional Class

The Notional Class will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Class will have the original Class Notional Balance shown on the front cover of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balance will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Class" in this Supplement.

Prepayment Penalty Distributions

The Trustee will distribute any Prepayment Penalties that are received by the Trust during the related interest Accrual Period as described in "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Prepayment Penalties" in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of an Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a "Class Factor").

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for each month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in any Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) such Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on e-Access.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. On any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of any Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year, the Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable

share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modification and Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the front cover may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Classes of REMIC Securities. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee by email to GNMAExchange@wellsfargo.com or in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at 150 East 42nd Street, 40th Floor, New York, NY 10017, Attention: Trust Administrator Ginnie Mae 2019-007. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (917) 260-1522 and by fax at (917) 260-1524.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000). The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- Mortgage Loan principal payments may be in the form of scheduled or unscheduled amortization.
- The terms of each Mortgage Loan provide that, following any applicable lockout period and upon payment of any applicable Prepayment Penalty, the Mortgage Loan may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions. *See "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

• The condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loan by reason of default may also result in a prepayment at any time.

Mortgage Loan prepayment rates are likely to fluctuate over time. No representation is made as to the expected Weighted Average Lives of the Securities or the percentage of the original unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loans that will be paid to Holders at any particular time. A number of factors may influence the prepayment rate.

- While some prepayments occur randomly, the payment behavior of the Mortgage Loans may be influenced by a variety of economic, tax, geographic, demographic, legal and other factors.
- These factors may include the age, geographic distribution and payment terms of the Mortgage Loans; remaining depreciable lives of the underlying properties; characteristics of the borrowers; amount of the borrowers' equity; the availability of mortgage financing; in a fluctuating interest rate environment, the difference between the interest rates on the Mortgage Loans and prevailing mortgage interest rates; the extent to which the Mortgage Loans are assumed or refinanced or the underlying properties are sold or conveyed; changes in local industry and population as they affect vacancy rates; population migration; and the attractiveness of other investment alternatives.
- These factors may also include the application of (or override by FHA of) lockout periods, statutory prepayment prohibition periods or the assessment of Prepayment Penalties. For a more detailed description of the lockout and Prepayment Penalty provisions of the Mortgage Loans, see "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

No representation is made concerning the particular effect that any of these or other factors may have on the prepayment behavior of the Mortgage Loans. The relative contribution of these or other factors may vary over time.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal prepayments or any applicable Prepayment Penalties with respect to the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of such Mortgage Loans, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amounts.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

- As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.
- Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. *See "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.*

The terms of the Mortgage Loans may be modified to permit, among other things, a partial release of security, which releases a portion of the mortgaged property from the lien securing the related Mort-

gage Loan. Partial releases of security may allow the related borrower to sell the released property and generate proceeds that may be used to prepay the related Mortgage Loan in whole or in part.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. *See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Mortgage Loans" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the "Modeling Assumptions"), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the characteristics shown under "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

2. There are no voluntary prepayments during any lockout period. With respect to Mortgage Loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), FHA approves prepayments made by borrowers after any applicable lockout period expires to the extent that any statutory prepayment prohibition period applies.

3. There are no prepayments on any Trust CLC.

4. With respect to each Trust PLC, the Mortgage Loans prepay at 100% PLD (as defined under "— Prepayment Assumptions" in this Supplement) and, beginning on the applicable Lockout End Date or, to the extent that no lockout period applies or the remaining lockout period is 0, the Closing Date, at the constant percentages of CPR (described below) shown in the related table.

5. The Issue Date, Lockout End Date and Prepayment Penalty End Date of each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate is the first day of the month indicated on Exhibit A.

6. Distributions on the Securities, including all distributions of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans, are always received on the 16th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in February 2019.

7. One hundred percent (100%) of the Prepayment Penalties are received by the Trustee and distributed to Class IO.

8. A termination of the Trust does not occur.

9. The Closing Date for the Securities is January 30, 2019.

10. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee, which is paid as described under "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — The Trustee Fee" in this Supplement.

11. Each Trust CLC converts to a Trust PLC on the date on which amortization payments are scheduled to begin on the related Mortgage Loan.

12. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

13. There are no modifications or waivers with respect to any terms including lockout periods and prepayment periods.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, many Distribution Dates will occur on the first Business Day after the 16th day of the month, prepayments may not occur during the Prepayment Penalty Period, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under "Description of the Securities Termination" in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors, Corrected Certificate Factors, and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See "Description of the Securities — Distributions" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Prepayment Assumptions

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. One of the models used in this Supplement is the constant prepayment rate ("CPR") model, which represents an assumed constant rate of voluntary prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans underlying any Trust PLC to which the model is applied. *See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Prepayment Assumption Models" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

In addition, this Supplement uses another model to measure involuntary prepayments. This model is the Project Loan Default or PLD model provided by the Sponsor. The PLD model represents an assumed rate of involuntary prepayments each month as specified in the table below (the "PLD Model Rates"), in each case expressed as a per annum percentage of the then-outstanding principal balance of each of the Mortgage Loans underlying any Trust PLC in relation to its loan age. For example, 0% PLD represents 0% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 50% PLD represents 50% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 100% PLD represents 100% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; and so forth.

The following PLD model table was prepared on the basis of 100% PLD. Ginnie Mae had no part in the development of the PLD model and makes no representation as to the accuracy or reliability of the PLD model.

Project	t Loan Default
Mortgage Loan Age (in months)(1)	Involuntary Prepayment Default Rate(2)
1-12	1.30%
13-24	2.47
25-36	2.51
37-48	2.20
49-60	2.13
61-72	1.46
73-84	1.26
85-96	0.80
97-108	0.57
109-168	0.50
169-240	0.25
241-maturity	0.00
•	

- (1) For purposes of the PLD model, Mortgage Loan Age means the number of months elapsed since the Issue Date indicated on Exhibit A. In the case of any Trust CLC Mortgage Loans, the Mortgage Loan Age is the number of months that have elapsed after the expiration of the Remaining Interest Only Period indicated on Exhibit A.
- (2) Assumes that involuntary prepayments start immediately.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of CPR (the "CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates") and 100% PLD and that the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans prepay at 0% CPR and 0% PLD until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, after which they prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD. It is unlikely that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any of the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates, and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans is unlikely to follow the pattern described for the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates.

Decrement Tables

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of the Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD and the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans prepay at 0% CPR and 0% PLD until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, after which they prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each CPR Prepayment Assumption Rate and the PLD percentage rates indicated above for the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans and the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

(a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of the Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the

next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,

- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional balance, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Modeling Assumptions.

The information shown for the Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as a Notional Class is not entitled to distributions of principal and has no Weighted Average Life. The Weighted Average Life shown for the Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances and Weighted Average Lives

								СР	R Prep	ayment	Assumpt	ion Rat	es							
		(Class A				(lass AF	3			(Class B				(lass BA		
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2020	97	92	81	70	53	97	93	84	74	61	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2021	93	82	62	44	20	94	85	68	52	33	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2022	88	72	45	23	0	90	76	53	35	14	100	100	100	100	70	100	100	100	100	94
January 2023	83	63	31		ŏ	86	69	42	22	4	100	100	100	100	Ő	100	100	100	100	45
January 2024	79	55	20	ŏ	ŏ	82	62	32	13	Ô	100	100	100	36	ŏ	100	100	100	88	16
January 2025	76	48	11	ŏ	ŏ	79	56	24	6	ŏ	100	100	100	0	ŏ	100	100	100	58	0
January 2026	72	42	3	ŏ	ŏ	77	51	18	2	ŏ	100	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	100	36	ŏ
January 2027	70	36	ő	ŏ	ŏ	74	46	13	õ	ŏ	100	100	43	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	89	20	ŏ
January 2028	67	31	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	72	42	9	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	0	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	70	- 8	ŏ
January 2029	64	27	ŏ	Ő	ŏ	70	38	6	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	100	100	54	0	ŏ
January 2030	62	22	0	Ő	ŏ	68	34	3	0	ŏ	100	100	0	0	ŏ	100	100	41	0	ŏ
January 2031	59	18	0	0	0	65	31	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	30	0	0
January 2032	56	14	0	0	ő	63	27	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	ő	100	100	20	0	0
January 2033	53	11	0	0	0	60	24	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	13	0	0
January 2034	51	7	0	0	0	57	24	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	6	0	0
January 2035	48	4	0	0	ő	55	18	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	ő	100	100	1	0	0
January 2036	45	1	0	0	0	52	15	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
5 5 -	42	0	0	0	0	49	12	0	0	0	100	56	0	0	0	100	92	0	0	0
January 2037	38	0	0	0	0	49	12	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	92 81	0	0	0
January 2038	35	0	0	0	0	40	10	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	70	0	0	0
January 2039	32	0	0	0	0	40	-	0	0	0	100		0	0	0	100	61	0	0	0
January 2040	22 28	0	0	0	0	40 37	5	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	51	0	0	0
January 2041	28 24	0	0	0	0	34	1	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	42	0	0	0
January 2042	24 21	0	0	0	0	54 30	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	100	42 34	0	0	0
January 2043	17	0	0	0	0	50 27	0	0	0	0	100 100	0	0	0	0	100	26 26	0	0	0
January 2044	13	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	19	0	0	0
January 2045	15	0	0	0	0	23 19	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	19	0	0	0
January 2046	4	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	4	0	0	0
January 2047	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	82	0	0	0	0	97	0	0	0	0
January 2048	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	02	0	0	0	0	97 78	0	0	0	0
January 2049	~	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61	0	0	0	0
January 2050	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	0	0	0	0
January 2051	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	45 25	0	0	0	0
January 2052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2)	0	0	0	0
January 2053	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	0	0	0	0
January 2054			0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0	~		0		0
January 2055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2056	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2057	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2059		~	~	~			~	~	~			~	~	~	~	-	~	~	~	~
January 2060	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2061 Weighted Average	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Life (years)	14.7	6.8	3.0	1.9	1.2	16.7	8.7	4.0	2.5	1.6	29.3	18.1	7.9	4.9	3.1	31.6	22.4	10.8	6.6	4.0

								CF	R Prep	ayment	Assumpti	ion Rat	es							
		(lass BC	2				Class C				C	lass CE)				Class D		
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2020	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2021	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2022	100	100	100	100	92	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2023	100	100	100	100	24	100	100	100	100	33	100	100	100	100	55	100	100	100	100	100
January 2024	100	100	100	84	0	100	100	100	100	0	100	100	100	100	20	100	100	100	100	60
January 2025	100	100	100	42	0	100	100	100	56	0	100	100	100	71	0	100	100	100	100	0
January 2026	100	100	100	12	0	100	100	100	16	0	100	100	100	44	0	100	100	100	100	0
January 2027	100	100	85	0	0	100	100	100	0	0	100	100	100	24	0	100	100	100	73	0
January 2028	100	100	59	0	0	100	100	79	0	0	100	100	86	10	0	100	100	100	30	0
January 2029	100	100	37	0	0	100	100	50	0	0	100	100	66	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
January 2030	100	100	19	0	0	100	100	25	0	0	100	100	50	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
January 2031	100	100	3	0	0	100	100	5	0	0	100	100	36	0	0	100	100	100	0	0
January 2032	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	25	0	0	100	100	75	0	0
January 2033	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	15	0	0	100	100	47	0	0
January 2034	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	8	0	0	100	100	23	0	0
January 2035	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	1	0	0	100	100	4	0	0
January 2036	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2037	100	89	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2038	100	74	0	0	0	100	99	0	0	0	100	99	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2039	100	59	0	0	0	100	80	0	0	0	100	86	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2040	100	46	0	0	0	100	62	0	0	0	100	74	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2041	100	33	0	0	0	100	45	0	0	0	100	63	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2042	100	21	0	0	0	100	28	0	0	0	100	52	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2043	100	10	0	0	0	100	13	0	0	0	100	42	0	0	0	100	100	0	0	0
January 2044	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	32	0	0	0	100	97	0	0	0
January 2045	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	23	0	0	0	100	69	0	0	0
January 2046	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	14	0	0	0	100	42	0	0	0
January 2047	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	5	0	0	0	100	16	0	0	0
January 2048	95	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
January 2049	69	0	0	0	0	93	0	0	0	0	95	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
January 2050	46	0	0	0	0	62	0	0	0	0	75	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
January 2051	22	0	0	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	53	0	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	0
January 2052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	0	91	0	0	0	0
January 2053	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0
January 2054	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2056	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2057	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2059	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2060	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2061	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average																				
Life (years)	30.8	20.8	9.5	5.9	3.6	31.4	21.8	10.1	6.2	3.8	32.1	23.4	11.4	7.0	4.3	33.6	26.7	14.0	8.6	5.2

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

								СР	R Prepa	yment A	Assumpt	ion Rat	es							
			Class V				0	lass VA				C	lass VB	;				Class Z		
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2020	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	95	93	93	93	93	93	103	103	103	103	103
January 2021	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	86	86	86	86	86	105	105	105	105	105
January 2022	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	84	78	78	78	78	78	108	108	108	108	108
January 2023	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	79	71	71	71	71	71	111	111	111	111	111
January 2024	73	73	73	73	71	73	73	73	73	73	63	63	63	63	0	113	113	113	113	113
January 2025	67	67	67	67	62	68	68	68	68	64	55	55	55	55	0	116	116	116	116	114
January 2026	61	61	61	61	0	62	62	62	62	0	47	47	47	47	0	119	119	119	119	84
January 2027	55	55	55	54	0	56	56	56	56	0	38	38	38	0	0	122	122	122	122	49
January 2028	49	49	49	48	0	50	50	50	50	0	29	29	29	0	0	125	125	125	124	29
January 2029	43	43	43	39	0	43	43	43	40	0	21	21	21	0	0	128	128	128	126	17
January 2030	36	36	36	Ő	Õ	37	37	37	0	Ŏ	11	11	11	Õ	Ő	132	132	132	106	10
January 2031	29	29	29	Õ	Õ	30	30	30	Ő	Õ	2	2	2	Õ	Ő	135	135	135	77	6
January 2032	23	23	23	Õ	Õ	23	23	23	Õ	Ő	0	0	0	Õ	Ő	138	138	137	56	3
January 2033	16	16	16	ŏ	ŏ	16	16	16	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	142	142	140	41	2
January 2034	9	9	9	ŏ	ŏ	9	9	9	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	145	145	143	30	1
January 2035	2	2	2	ŏ	ő	2	2	2	ŏ	õ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	149	149	146	21	1
January 2036	0	0	0	ŏ	ő	0	0	0	ő	ŏ	ő	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	153	153	125	15	0
January 2037	Ő	ŏ	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	0	ŏ	0	ő	0	0	0	0	Ő	157	157	102	11	ŏ
January 2038	0	ő	ŏ	ŏ	0	0	ő	ŏ	ŏ	ő	Ő	ő	0	0	Ő	161	161	83	8	ŏ
January 2039	0	0	ő	0	0	0	0	0	ő	ő	0	0	0	0	0	165	165	68	6	ő
January 2039	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	169	169	55	4	0
January 2040	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	173	173	44	3	0
January 2041	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	175	175	35	2	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	182	181	28	1	0
January 2043	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	182	181	20	1	0
January 2044	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	191	189	17	1	0
January 2045		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	191	109	14	0	0
January 2046	0			0	0	0	0	~	0	0	0		0	~	0	201				0
January 2047	0	0	0	~	0	~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		197 188	10	0	0
January 2048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	~	0	~	~	~	206		8	0	~
January 2049	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	212	153	6	0	0
January 2050	0	0	0	0	0	~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	217	124	4	0	0
January 2051	~	~	~	~	~	0	~	~	0	· · ·	~	~	~	~		222	97	3	~	
January 2052	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	225	72	2	0	0
January 2053	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	229	48	1	0	0
January 2054	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	145	26	1	0	0
January 2055	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	124	21	0	0	0
January 2056	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	101	16	0	0	0
January 2057	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	78	12	0	0	0
January 2058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53	8	0	0	0
January 2059	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	4	0	0	0
January 2060	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	0
January 2061	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average	- /	- /	- /								<i>.</i> .	<i>.</i> .	<i>.</i> .	<u> </u>		- ()				
Life (years)	8.6	8.6	8.6	7.3	5.2	8.7	8.7	8.7	7.4	5.2	6.4	6.4	6.4	5.4	3.9	36.9	32.4	20.8	13.6	8.3

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

						CPR F	repaym	ent Assu	mption	Rates					
			Class ZA					Class ZB					Class IO		
Distribution Date	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
January 2020	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	98	94	85	77	65
January 2021	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	94	86	71	57	39
January 2022	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	108	91	79	58	41	23
January 2023	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	111	87	72	47	30	13
January 2024	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	113	103	84	66	39	21	8
January 2025	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	116	60	82	61	32	16	4
January 2026	119	119	119	119	86	119	119	119	119	35	79	56	26	11	3
January 2027	122	122	122	122	50	122	122	122	113	20	77	52	22	8	1
January 2028	125	125	125	125	29	125	125	125	82	12	75	48	18	6	1
January 2029	128	128	128	128	17	128	128	128	60	7	73	44	15	4	1
January 2030	132	132	132	108	10	132	132	132	44	4	71	41	12	3	0
January 2031	135	135	135	79	6	135	135	135	32	2	69	38	10	2	0
January 2032	138	138	138	57	3	138	138	114	23	1	67	35	8	2	0
January 2033	142	142	142	42	2	142	142	94	17	1	65	32	7	1	0
January 2034	145	145	145	30	1	145	145	77	12	0	62	29	6	1	0
January 2035	149	149	149	22	1	149	149	64	9	0	60	27	5	1	0
January 2036	153	153	128	16	0	153	153	52	6	0	58	25	4	0	0
January 2037	157	157	105	11	0	157	157	43	5	0	56	22	3	0	0
January 2038	161	161	85	8	0	161	161	35	3	0	53	20	3	0	0
January 2039	165	165	69	6	0	165	165	28	2	0	51	18	2	0	0
January 2040	169	169	56	4	0	169	169	23	2	0	48	17	2	0	0
January 2041	173	173	45	3	0	173	173	18	1	0	46	15	1	0	0
January 2042	178	178	36	2	0	178	178	15	1	0	43	13	1	0	0
January 2043	182	182	29	1	0	182	164	12	1	0	41	12	1	0	0
January 2044	187	187	23	1	0	187	145	9	0	0	38	11	1	0	0
January 2045	191	191	18	1	0	191	127	7	0	0	35	9	1	0	0
January 2046	196	196	14	0	0	196	109	6	0	0	31	8	0	0	0
January 2047	201	201	11	0	0	201	93	4	0	0	28	7	0	0	0
January 2048	206	192	8	0	0	206	78	3	0	0	25	6	0	0	0
January 2049	212	157	6	0	0	212	64	2	0	0	21	5	0	0	0
January 2050	217	127	4	0	0	217	52	2	0	0	18	4	0	0	0
January 2051	222	100	3	0	0	204	40	1	0	0	15	3	0	0	0
January 2052	228	74	2	0	0	158	30	1	0	0	12	2	0	0	0
January 2053	234	49	1	0	0	109	20	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	0
January 2054	149	26	1	0	0	60	11	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0
January 2055	127	21	0	0	0	51	9	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0
January 2056	104	16	0	0	0	42	7	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
January 2057	80	12	0	0	0	32	5	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
January 2058	55	8	0	0	0	22	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
January 2059	29	4	0	0	0	12	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
January 2060	8	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
January 2061	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average															
Life (years)	36.9	32.4	20.8	13.6	8.3	34.7	28.9	17.0	10.9	6.7	19.3	11.1	5.3	3.3	2.0

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price, the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios and the investor's own projection of the likelihood of extensions of the maturity of any Trust CLC or delays with respect to the conversion of a Trust CLC to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate. **No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, the occurrence and duration of extensions, if any, the timing of conversions, if any, or the yield of any Class.**

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Class), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Class should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.

• In the case of Regular or MX Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 0 to 24 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 2 months and a weighted average remaining term to maturity of approximately 426 months.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans.

- The Mortgage Loans also provide for payment of a Prepayment Penalty in connection with prepayments for a period extending beyond the lockout period or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. *See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" and "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.* The required payment of a Prepayment Penalty may not be a sufficient disincentive to prevent a borrower from voluntarily prepaying a Mortgage Loan.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal prepayments or any applicable Prepayment Penalties with respect to the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of such Mortgage Loans, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amounts.

Information relating to lockout periods, statutory prepayment prohibition periods and Prepayment Penalties is contained under *"Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans"* and *"Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations"* in this Supplement and in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor's Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

• During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor's expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor's yield. As a result, the effect on an investor's yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate and Delay Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate or Delay Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because on any Distribution Date, 30 days' interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 days earlier.

Yield Table

The following table shows the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of Class IO based on the assumption that the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD and the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans prepay at 0% CPR and 0% PLD until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates after which they prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of Class IO may differ from those shown in the table below even if Class IO is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by:

- 1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on Class IO, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of Class IO plus accrued interest, and
- 2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in Class IO when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following table was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumption that the purchase price of Class IO (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

Sensitivity of Class IO to Prepayments Assumed Price 8.1%*

	CPR Prepayment	Assumption Rates	
5%	15%	25%	40%
4.8%	4.9%	7.6%	13.7%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, describes the material United States federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all United States federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for United States federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for United States federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Notional and Accrual Classes of Regular Securities will be issued with original issue discount ("OID"), and certain other Classes of Regular Securities may be issued with OID. See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Original Issue Discount," "— Variable Rate Securities" and "— Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 15% CPR and 100% PLD in the case of the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans and 0% CPR and 0% PLD in the case of the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, after which the prepayment assumption that should be used is 15% CPR and 100% PLD (as described in "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations" in this Supplement). No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates actually will occur. *See "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as "regular interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and "real estate assets" for real estate investment trusts ("REITs") as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered "interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property" for REITs as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. A Holder of Regular Securities that uses an accrual method of accounting for tax purposes generally will be required to include certain amounts in income no later than the time such amounts are reflected on certain financial statements. The application of this rule thus may require the accrual of income earlier than would be the case under the general tax rules described under "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, although the precise application of this rule is unclear at this time. This rule generally will be effective for tax years beginning after December 31, 2017 or, for Regular Securities issued with original issue discount, for tax years beginning after December 31, 2018. The Service issued Notice 2018-80 stating its intention to issue regulations that would exclude market discount from this rule effective January 1, 2018. Prospective investors in Regular Securities that use an accrual method of accounting for tax purposes are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situation.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, i.e., the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as "residual interests" in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as "real estate assets" for REITs, as described in "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for United States federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. Even though the Holders of the Residual Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Residual Securities, the Trust REMICs may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, the Holders of the Residual Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as "noneconomic residual interests" as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

An individual, trust or estate that holds Residual Securities (directly or indirectly through a grantor trust, a partnership, an S corporation, a common trust fund, or a nonpublicly offered RIC) generally will not be eligible to deduct its allocable share of the Trust REMICs' fees or expenses under Section 212 of the Code for any taxable year beginning after December 31, 2017, and before January 1, 2026. Prospective investors in Residual Securities are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situation.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain United States federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities", "— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes" and "— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

In the case of certain Holders of MX Securities that use an accrual method of accounting, these tax consequences are modified by newly enacted legislation as described above for a Holder of Regular Securities. Prospective investors in MX Securities that use an accrual method of accounting for tax purposes are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situation.

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

The Service has issued proposed regulations, on which taxpayers may rely, that exclude gross proceeds from the sale or other disposition of Regular or MX Securities from the application of the withholding tax imposed under FATCA and related administrative guidance. For a discussion of FATCA, *see "Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities*" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the United States federal, state, local, foreign and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify as "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates" within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a "guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate" will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), or subject to section 4975 of the Code (each, a "Plan"), solely by reason of the Plan's purchase and holding of that certificate.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code.

Fiduciaries of any such plans should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities. In addition, because the Sponsor or the Co-Sponsor or any of their respective affiliates may receive certain benefits in connection with the sale or holding of the Regular or MX Securities, the purchase of the Regular or MX Securities using Plan assets over which any of these parties or their affiliates has discretionary authority or control, or renders "investment advice" (within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation) for a fee with respect to the assets of a Plan, or is the employer or other sponsor of the Plan, might be deemed to be a violation of a provision of Title I of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code. Accordingly, the Regular or MX Securities may not be purchased using the assets of any Plan if the Sponsor or the Co-Sponsor or any of their respective affiliates has discretionary authority or control or renders investment advice for a fee with respect to the assets of the Plan, or is the employer or other sponsor of the Plan, unless an applicable prohibited transaction exemption is available to cover the purchase or holding of the Regular or MX Securities or the transaction is not otherwise prohibited.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors, however, to determine whether the purchase, holding or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code. See "ERISA Considerations" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See "Legal Investment Considerations" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer the Regular and MX Classes to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest, from January 1, 2019. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of each Class will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton Andrews Kurth LLP and Harrel & Chambliss LLP, Richmond, Virginia for the Trust by Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C. and for the Trustee by Aini & Associates PLLC.

REMIC Securities		AVailaDic	Available Combinations(1)		MX Securities			
Class	Original Class Principal Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Combination 1								
В	\$24,200,000	BA	\$129,483,000	SEQ	3.25%	FIX	38380MC41	April 2060
C	70,315,000							I
D	34,968,000							
Combination 2								
B	\$24,200,000	BC	\$ 94,515,000	SEQ	3.25%	FIX	38380MC58	October 2059
O	70,315,000		~)				
Combination 3								
U	\$70,315,000	CD	\$105,283,000	SEQ	3.25%	FIX	38380MC66	April 2060
D	34,968,000							ſ
Combination 4								
VA	\$ 9,945,000	Λ	\$ 10,235,000	SEQ	3.00%	FIX	38380MC74	May 2035
VB	290,000							
Combination 5								
ZA	\$19,865,459	Ζ	\$ 20,677,459	SEQ	2.50%	FIX/Z	38380MC82	January 2061
ZB	812,000							
(1) All exchanges must comply with minimum denomination restrictions.	a minimum denomin	nation restr	rictions.					
(2) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance of that Class, assuming it were to be	IX Class represents 1	the maxin	num Original Class	Principal	Balance c	of that Cl	ass. assuming	it were to be
issued on the Closing Date.	-		D	4				
(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Amendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular	in Appendix I to the	Multifam	ilv Base Offering Ci	rcular				

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

(4) *See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.*

Schedule I

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Exhibit A

Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans⁽¹⁾

Remaining Interest Only Period (mos.)(9)	0 0	0	0	0 0	0 9	0	15	00	0	0	00	0	00	0	0 0	00	0	00	0	0 1~	0	00	24	16	17	ю <mark>с</mark>	0	0 0	0	60	00	12	r 00		11	0 0	ŝv	8 15	15	4 16	6
Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Period (mos.)(8)†	120 120	119 130	120	120	119	119	135	119	120	120	120	120	120	99	119	119	120	120	118	118 127	120	59	144	$130 \\ 119$	137	123 133	59	130	20	129	65	132	128	127	131	116 130	125	135 128	135	136	129
Remaining Lockout Period (mos.)(7)†	00	N/A 10	0	0	N/A	N/A	15	0 0	0	0		0	0	0	N/A	N/N	0	00	N/A	N/A	0	N/A N/A	24	0 l0	17	с <u>с</u>	N/A	N/A 10	N/A	9 N/A	N/A	12	r œ	r c	o II	N/A 10	ŝv	8 J2	15	16 16	6
Lockout/ Prepayment Penalty Code(6)	В	<u>е</u> с	A	. U	A	4	C	<u>е</u> с	A C	Ą	A A	B	V	Ð	Ā	V	V	A A	ш	A B	B	аQ	Ą	A B	B	n c	D	Q ⊭	D	٩C	D	U m	A	U d	<u>a</u> m	Η	V	ن ک	Ā	a A I	щ
Prepayment Penalty End Date(5)†	Feb-29 Feb-29	Jan-29 Sen-30	Feb-29	Feb-29	Jan-29 Eab 20	Ian-29	May-30	Jan-29 140-20	Feb-29	Feb-29	Feb-29 Feb-29	Feb-29	Feb-29 Ion 20	Feb-24	Jan-29	Jan-29 Jan-29	Feb-29	Feb-29 Feb-29	Dec-28	Dec-28 Sen-29	Feb-29	Jan-29 Tan-24	Feb-31	Jun-30 Ian-29	Jul-30	May-29 Mar-30	Jan-24	Jan-24 Dec-20	Jan-24	Nov-29	Jan-24	Feb-30 Maw-20	Oct-29	Sep-29 Dac 20	Jan-30	Oct-28 Dec-20	Jul-29	May-30 Oct-29	May-30	Jun-30	Nov-29
Lockout End Date(4)†	Feb-19 Feb-19	N/A Sen-20	Feb-19	Feb-19	N/A Eab 10	N/A	May-20	Jan-19 N/A	Feb-19	Feb-19	Feb-19 Feb-19	Feb-19	Feb-19 N/A	Feb-19	N/A	N/A	Feb-19	Feb-19 Feb-19	N/A	N/A Sen-19	Feb-19	N/A N/A	Feb-21	Jun-20 Ian-19	Jul-20	May-19 Mar-20	N/A	N/A Dec-10	N/A	Nov-19 N/A	N/A	Feb-20 Maw-10	Oct-19	Sep-19 Day 19	Jan-20	N/A Dec-10	Jul-19	May-20 Oct-19	May-20	Jun-19 Jun-20	Nov-19
Issue Date	Dec-18 Dec-18	Dec-18 Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Nov-18 Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18 Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18 Dec 18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18	Dec-18 Dec-18	Dec-18	Nov-18 Anr-17	Dec-18	Dec-18 Dec-18	Dec-18	Jan-18 Mav-17	Mar-18	Oct-17 Ian-18	Dec-18	Dec-18 Nov-17	Dec-18	Dec-18 Dec-18	Dec-18	Oct-17	Apr-18	Jan-18 May 17	Apr-18	Dec-18 Mar-18	Nov-17	Jul-18 Mar-18	Dec-18	Jun-1/	Mar-18
Period from Issuance (mos.)	1						1	- 10									1			212			- ;	20	10	15		14				15	19	12	86	1 1	14	901	1,	14	10
Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	420 420	419 400	420	420	419 620	419	495	419 350	420	420	500 420	420	420	420	419 410	419 419	420	360 360	418	418 487	420	419 359	504	496 479	497	483 403	359	359 400	359	489 250	359	492 483	107 (188	487 676	4/0 491	476 400	485	495 488	495	484 496	489
Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	421 421	420 500	421	421	420 421	420	496	421 360	421	421	501 421	421	421 260	421	420	420 420	421	361 361	419	420 508	421	420 360	505	508 499	507	498 202	360	360 504	360	690 260	360	507	407	499 406	500	477 005	669	501 498	496 2007	498 503	499
Monthly Principal and Interest(3)	\$246,172.32 226,736.50	178,739.20	158,347.94	149,754.06	132,382.93 120,720.96	112,198.21	93,545.61	91,456.90 103.607.30	82,190.42	73,263.04	70.606.57	68,316.48	65,464.81 71 1 4 4 2 4	65,374.86	54,411.59	49.466.53	44,026.26	45,027.12 35 11 2 92	27,301.95	23,445.21 18.090.40	19,578.52	17,155.47 18.384.55	16,007.21	14,340.81 12.224.11	13,016.26	(10) 10.804.83	(10)	13,388.75 10,573,44	13,188.92	11,875.66	(10)	9,533.40 8 057 35	8,775.98	7,819.56	8,235.14	7,516.40	7,759.91	8,012.59 7.281.36	7,898.21	(10)	6,372.06
Maturity Date	Jan-54 Jan-54	Dec-53	Jan-54	Jan-54	Dec-53	Dec-53	Apr-60	Dec-53 Dec-48	Jan-54	Jan-54	Jan-49 Jan-54	Jan-54	Jan-54 Dac 49	Jan-54	Dec-53	Dec-53	Jan-54	Jan-49 Jan-49	Nov-53	Nov-53 Aug-59	Jan-54	Dec-48	Jan-61	May-60 Dec-58	Jun-60	Apr-59 Feb-60	Dec-48	Dec-48 Nov-50	Dec-48	Oct-59 Dec-48	Dec-48	Jan-60 Apr-50	Sep-59	Aug-59	Dec-59	Sep-58 Nov-50	Jun-59	Apr-60 Sep-59	Apr-60	May-60 May-60	Oct-59
Servicing and Guaranty I Fee Rate	0.250% 0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.290	0.300	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250 0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250 0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.330	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.300	0.250 0.400	0.250	0.250	0.250
Certificate Rate	3.830% 4.110	4.040 4.230	3.910	4.220	3.725	3.850	4.180	3.990 4.440	4.080	4.000	4.050 4 150	4.030	4.030 4.140	4.100	4.090	4.150	3.930	4.050 3.890	4.090	4.430 3.630	4.090	4.110 4.130	4.290	3.680	4.000	3.500	4.130	4.130 3.440	4.130	4.270 4.130	4.130	3.700	4.020	3.410 2.700	3.830	3.230 4.000	3.630	3.950 3.700	4.530	3.950	3.850
Mortgage Interest Rate	4.080% 4.360	4.290 4.480	4.160	4.470	3.975	4.100	4.430	4.240 4.600	4.330	4.250	4.280 4.400	4.280	4.280 4.200	4.350	4.380	4.450	4.180	4.500 4 140	4.340	4.680 3.880	4.340	4.360 4.380	4.540	3.930 3.800	4.250	3.750	4.380	4.380 3.600	4.380	4.520 4.380	4.380	3.950	4.350	3.660	4.080	3.480 4.250	3.930	4.200 4.100	4.780	5.050 4.200	4.100
Principal Balance as of the Cut-off Date	\$55,000,000.00 48,800,000.00	38,788,070.84 38,740,000,00	35,000,000.00	31,767,900.00	29,966,992.20 28 600 000 00	24,973,218.50	21,018,033.00	19,979,209.80	17,760,000.00	16,000,000.00	15,280,000.00 15 116 500.00	14,860,300.00	14,240,000.00 14,204,000.00	14,089,100.00	11,668,220.37	10.510.649.18	9,705,200.00	9,220,000.00 7 232,000.00	5,879,691.04	4,830,239.06 4.406.850.00	4,225,000.00	3,085,804.79 3.675,047.46	3,540,343.00	3,467,352.00 3.013.933.00	3,001,765.00	2,883,095.00 2 718 983 00	2,715,718.91	2,676,393.26 2,650.863.00	2,636,447.09	2,634,064.00 2 556 554 75	2,555,058.15	2,298,122.00	1,994,694.00	1,969,438.00	1,947,175.00	1,938,763.53	1,876,208.00	1,861,389.00 1.716.575.00	1,688,669.00	1,641,250.00 1,526,430.00	1,502,209.00
State		N						82									CA	PA	ΥĽ	ΧĔ	CA	MA SC	NC	ТХ. Н	XL	QX	SC	S S S S	NC	QU	SC	58	3¥	NW	5X	= NE	VA	ΧĿ	SC	PA	5
City	New York St. Louis	Terre Haute Falls Church	Orlando	Georgetown	Alexandria	Palmdale	Concord	Denver Woodburg	Sterling	Greendale	Baltimore Park Ridoe	St. Paul	Glen Bumie Ouford	Weymouth	New Hartford	Garemore	West Sacramento	Vallejo York	Kingsville	Camp Wood Plano	San Diego	West Koxbury Anderson	Charlotte	Famers Branch Riverview	The Colony	Brooklyn Park Austin	Simpsonville	Irmo Chamblee	Jacksonville	Baltimore	Clemson	American Fork Denver	Denton	Edina	Waxahachie	Lincoln	Midlothian	Austin Iacksonville	Bluffton	Bartlesville Philadelphia	South Jordan
FHA Insurance Program/ Section 538 Guarantee Program(2)	207/223(f) 207/223(f)	207/223(f) 221640(4)	207/223(f)	207/223(f)				207/223(f) 222/223(f)			232/223(f) 232/223(f)	232	232/223(f) 222/223(f)	207/223(f)	207/223(f)	232/223(f)	207/223(f)	232/223(f) 232/223(f)		232/223(f) 221(d)(4)	207/223(f)	207/223(f) 207/223(f)	221(d)(4)	221(d)(4) 221(d)(4)	221(d)(4)	221(d)(4) 221(d)(4)	207/223(f)	207/223(t) 221(dh(4)	207/223(f)	221(d)(4) 2077/2346	207/223(f)	221(d)(4) 221(d)(4)	221(d)(4)	221(d)(4) 221(d)(4)	221(d)(4)			221(d)(4) 221(d)(4)	221(d)(4)	221(d)(4) 221(d)(4)	221(d)(4)
Security Type	PLC PLC	PLC			PLC			PLC	PLC	PLC	PLC	PLC	PLC			PLC		PLC				PLC	CLC				PLC				PLC	CIC		orc		PLC	orc	CIC	orc	CIC	CLC
Pool 8 Number	BI7731 BF8994	BJ9596 BI1378	BK9169	BK9679	BK9168 BK0177	BI8571	BJ5589	BF8983 B18575	BI1101	BK9176	B19/22 B19867	BK1179	BI9725 BI9574	BG5453	BK2127	BK9659	BJ3531	BJ0459 BK6665	BI8565	BI8564 AZ4234	BH5693	BH2544	AQ9317	BD7273 AV0978	BD7497	BC7321 BC7460	BH2546	BH2547 BF0085	BH2542	BF5035 BH7545	BH2543	BC7307 A76148	BB4387	BC6743	BE6052	AW1663 BF6104	AT8509	AR6708 BD7277	BJ9590	BD5158 BG4184	BB2969

Remaining Interest Only Period (mos.)(9)	v12000000000000000000000000000000000000	ion m the l with	appli- cause Care	orinci-	cribed	out or	the	Certifi-
Total Remaining Lockout and F Prepayment Period (mos.)(8)†		l, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, the information forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor. FHA insurance program Section 223(f) cannot be prepaid for a period of five (5) years from the ten approval from FHA is obtained, regardless of any applicable lockout period associated with	of each t CLC. Be Truist CI	nents of p	period described any Prepayment	prepaid without regard to any Lockout or	e. t includir	te or Lockout End Date. flects the number of months remaining during which each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan C based on the remaining construction period for the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate. 21, BG4184, BH2526, BH2543 and BH2546 will have monthly principal and interest paymer tain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans — Level Payments" in this Supplement.
Remaining Lockout Period (mos.)(7)†	21 21 21 21 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	ates, the five (5) period 2	portion s a Trus	prepayn	ckout pe riod. nt of ar	ard to a	End Dat but no	nstructio n Loan (d intere nis Supp
Lockout/ Prepayment Penalty Code(6)	B B B B B B B B A A − − → M B − H M M N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	Certific: oonsor. riod of 1 ockout 1	t of the treat i	luntary	n the lockout bition period.	nout reg	ockout ate up ta	Mae Cor Istruction cipal an <i>uts</i> " in th
Prepayment Penalty End Date(5)†	1	1, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certification forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor. FHA insurance program Section 223(f) cannot be prepaid for a period of the approval from FHA is obtained. regardless of any applicable lockout	n respec Certifica	it for vo	ockout End Date in this Exhibit A, the Lockout End Date is based on edness without regard to any applicable statutory prepayment prohibit the first month when a Mortgage Loan is no longer subject to the	aid with	umber of months from the Cut-off Date up to but not including the Lockout End Date ayment Penalty Period is the number of months from the Cut-off Date up to but not	ach Ginnie Mae Construction Loan nie Mae Construction Loan Certifica nonthly principal and interest payn <i>Level Payments</i> " in this Supplement.
Lockout End Date(4)†		ae Mu zed b paid f zapol	due i Loan	ockou	tte is l tymen subjec	: prep	ncludi the Cr	each nnie N montl <i>Leve</i> l
e Issue Date		nie Ma nmari e pre of any	at are ction	any l	nd Da prep <i>i</i> nger	, or ped or	not ii from	/hich he Gii have <i>ans</i> —
Period from Issuance (mos.)	4 v 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	e Ginr nd sur not b lless o	its the metru	set to	out Er utory no lo	financ	o but onths	ing w l for tl will ge Loc
Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	485 501 501 480 480 488 488 488 476 477 477 477 477 477 477 477 477 477	for the ected ar (f) can regard	amour Mae Cc	er subje	e Locke ble stati Dan is	be rel	ite up t r of mc	ing dur 1 perioc 3H2546 Mortga,
Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	$\begin{array}{c} 499\\ 506\\ 508\\ 4995\\ 503\\ 503\\ 503\\ 503\\ 695\\ 695\\ 695\\ 695\\ 695\\ 675\\ 77\\ 77\\ 77\\ 77\\ 77\\ 77\\ 77\\ 77\\ 77\\ $	ments 1 colle 1 223 1 223	those innie	t PLC. longe	A, th pplical age Lo	o an to	off D <i>i</i> umbe	and I and I <i>and I</i>
Monthly Principal and Interest(3)	 \$,7,87,55 \$,485,00 \$,485,107 \$,451,07 \$,451,07 \$,451,07 \$,453,107 \$,453,107 \$,444,175 \$,454,417 \$,175 \$,115 \$,11	e docur as been 1 Sectio	ct only each G	a Trus n is no	Exhibit any ap Mortge	uit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or	he Cut- is the n	d Date or Lockout End Date. od reflects the number of months remaining during which ding, based on the remaining construction period for the G BC7321, BG4184, BH2526, BH2543 and BH2546 will have "Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans-
Maturity Date	Jun-59 Oct-60 Oct-60 Apr-59 Apr-59 Sep-59 Jun-58 Jun-58 Mary-5	closur it A h ogran	LC or	ted tc te Loa	n this ard tc hen a	Mort	rom tl eriod i	Date. of mc aining 526, B <i>aract</i> e
Servicing and Eee Rate	$\begin{array}{c} 0.250\%\\ 0.250\\ 0$	the dis s Exhib ance pr al from	column Trust Pl	conver Vortgag	Date ii out reg onth wl	insured	ionths f aalty Pe	ut End umber he rema 1, BH25 <i>mal Ch</i>
Certificate Rate	$\begin{array}{c} 3.470\%\\ 3.569\\ 3.559\\ 3.559\\ 3.572\\ 3.579\\ 3.570\\ 3.450\\ 3.440\\ 3.440\\ 3.440\\ 3.470\\ 3.577\\ 3.577\\ 3.577\\ 3.579\\ 3.570\\ 3.560\\ 3$	uding on thi insura	t is a	C has c has	it End s with rst me	FHA-	r of m int Per	Lockc the n d on t G418 [,] G418 [,]
Mortgage Interest Rate		n, incl t forth r FHA itten a	own ir ate tha	rust CI nth wh	Lockou tednes the fi	Ц	numbe	ate or eflects 3, base 321, B
Principal Balance as of the Cut-off Date	8 1,444,378,00 1,414,578,00 1,313,164,00 1,332,164,00 1,332,164,00 1,333,2164,00 1,185,528,00 1,185,528,00 1,185,528,634,00 1,185,535,536,03 1,185,535,536,03 1,185,535,536,03 1,185,535,536,03 1,185,535,536,03 1,185,535,536,03 1,185,535,536,03 1,185,535,536,03 1,186,977,537,030 1,185,536,03 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,538,00 1,155,530,537,00 1,155,530,537,00 1,155,538,00 1,155,530,537,00 1,155,538,00 1,155,530,537,00 1,155,538,00 1,155,530,537,00 1,155,538,00 1,155,538,00 1,155,530,537,00 1,155,537,537,537,537,537,537,537,537,537,5	formatic .oans se ed unde prior wi	ounts sh Dertific	at the T first moi	ing the of indeb Date is	nay per	d is the a	y End L Period 1 standing 562, BC7 See " <i>Ce</i>
State	KUNAKSSSSMSM2KAAASQQS	ble in gage I insure nless	st amo t Loar	ion th	ermin ence	THA 1	e. Perioo ckout	Penalt Only in out AY13 nent.
Gity	Midlar Bahim Bahim Dulles Denvo Atlam Monu Norww Kalam Kalam Spring Spring Bahim Dundd Ceder Ceder	Based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, the information with respect to the Mortgage Loans set forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor. Certain Mortgage Loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) cannot be prepaid for a period of five (5) years from t date of endorsement, unless prior written approval from FHA is obtained. regardless of any applicable lockout period associated w	The principal and interest amounts shown in this column reflect only those amounts that are due in respect of the portion of each appli- cable Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate that is a Trust PLC or each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate that is a Trust CLC. Because Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates are not entitled to receive minicipal payments the amounts identified for each Trust CLC are	based upon the assumption that the Trust CLC has converted to a Trust PLC. The Lockout End Date is the first month when a Mortgage Loan is no longer subject to any lockout for voluntary prepayments of princi-	pal. For purposes of determining the Lockout End Date in this Exhibit A, the Lockout End Date is based on the lockout period described in the note or other evidence of indebtedness without regard to any applicable statutory prepayment prohibition period. The Prepayment Penalty End Date is the first month when a Mortgage Loan is no longer subject to the payment of any Prepayment	Penalties. In some circumstances FHA may pern	Prepayment Penalty Code. The Remaining Lockout Period is the number of months from the Cut-off Date up to but not including the Lockout End Date. The Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period is the number of months from the Cut-off Date up to but not including the	later of the Prepayment Penalty End Date or Lockout End Date. The Remaining Interest Only Period reflects the number of months remaining during which each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certifi- cate is expected to remain outstanding, based on the remaining construction period for the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate. Pool Numbers AW1667, AY1362, BC7321, BG4184, BH2526, BH2545 and BH2546 will have monthly principal and interest payments as described in this Supplement. See " <i>Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans — Level Payments</i> " in this Supplement.
FHA Insurance Program/ Section 538 y Guarantee Program(2)	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	d on publ respect tc in Mortga of endors	such mortgage loans. The principal and int cable Ginnie Mae Pro Ginnie Mae Construc	l upon th ockout E	For purpc a note or Prepayme	lties. me circui	ayment Pe Remaining Fotal Rem	of the Pre Remaining s expecte Numbers ibed in th
Security Type	1	Basec with Certa date	such The f cable Ginni	based The I	pal. I in the The 1	Penalties. In some	Prepa The F The 1	later The J cate i Pool descr
Pool Number	BB2961 BH2526 BH2526 BH2526 BM7807 BA7807 BA7807 BA7804 BB3004 BB3004 BB3004 BB3004 BB3004 BB3004 BB3004 BB3536 BJ3536 BJ3536 A71187 A71186 A71187 A7	(E) (E)	3	(4)	3	9	6.3	

A-2

Pool Number BI2347 will have an amortization schedule providing for level monthly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$2,444.19, for each payment date prior to the related maturity date, with a balloon payment equal to the remaining unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loan plus accrued interest thereon to be due as of its maturity date. The Lockout End Date, Prepayment Penalty End Date, Remaining Lockout Period and Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period are based on the Sponsor's interpretation of provisions in the related notes. Differing interpretations of these provisions can result in dates and periods that may vary by as much as one month.		Code, lockout up to but not including the Lockout End Date to the extent applicable; from and extent that the Lockout End Date is N/A, after the Issue Date, the applicable Initial Prepayment oly to any prepaid amount made during the applicable Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage Term ortgage loan payment dates from and including the Lockout End Date or beyond the Issue Date, as quent Prepayment Penalty Percentages indicated below will apply to any prepaid amount, where elve consecutive mortgage loan payment dates up to but not including the payment prepaid amount, where	Subsequent Prepayment Penalty Percentages	9%6, 8%6, 7%6, 6%6, 5%6, 4%6, 3%6, 2%6, 1%6	7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	N/A	7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	3%, 2%, 1%	5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%	796, 696, 596, 496, 396, 296, 196	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
for level me with a balloc s of its matur ockout Perio e related note		including the Date is N/A ade during the om and incluent creentages in the payment of the paymen	Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage Term	12	36	24	60	35	84	60	33	Ŋ	30	55	21	31	\mathcal{C}
le providing aturity date, to be due a Remaining L visions in the nonth.		p to but not ockout End 1 amount ma nent dates fr nt Penalty Pe mortgage los	Initial Prepayment Peralty Percentage	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
 (11) Pool Number BI2347 will have an amortization schedule providing for level monthly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$2,444.19, for each payment date prior to the related maturity date, with a balloon payment equal to the remaining unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loan plus accrued interest thereon to be due as of its maturity date. † The Lockout End Date, Prepayment Penalty End Date, Remaining Lockout Period and Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period are based on the Sponsor's interpretation of provisions in the related notes. Differing interpretations of these provisions can result in dates and periods that may vary by as much as one month. 	Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Codes	For each Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Code, lockout up to but not including the Lockout End Date to the extent applicable; from and including the Lockout End Date or to the extent that the Lockout End Date is N/A, after the Issue Date, the applicable Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage indicated below will apply to any prepaid amount made during the applicable Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage Term indicated below, which is the number of mortgage loan payment dates from and including the Lockout End Date or beyond the Issue Date, as applicable; thereafter, the applicable Subsequent Prepayment Penalty Percentages indicated below will apply to any prepaid amount, where each percentage applies for a period of twelve consecutive mortgage loan payment dates up to but not including the applicable Prepayment Penalty End Date.	Lockout/Prepayment Penalty Code	A	B	С	D	Ε	Ĺ	G	Η	Ι	J	К	Γ	Μ	Ν
			A-3														



\$681,030,459

Government National Mortgage Association

GINNIE MAE[®]

Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities and MX Securities Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2019-007

OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT January 23, 2019

> CREDIT SUISSE RAMIREZ & CO., INC.