

\$225,285,175
Government National Mortgage Association
GINNIE MAE®
Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities
and MX Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2026-054

The Securities

The Trust will issue the Classes of Securities listed on the front cover of this offering circular supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Guaranty

Ginnie Mae will guarantee the timely payment of principal and interest on the securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties.

The Trust and its Assets

The Trust will own the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates described on Exhibit A.

Class of REMIC Securities	Original Principal Balance(3)	Interest Rate	Principal Type(4)	Interest Type(4)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(5)
AC(1)	\$ 14,412,869	4.00%	SEQ	FIX	38384TTX0	June 2052
AC(1)	2,900,000	(6)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	38384TTY8	February 2067
AD(1)	6,676,983	(6)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	38384TTZ5	February 2067
AG(1)(2)	127,765,206	4.25	SEQ	FIX	38384TUA8	August 2055
BV(2)	6,518,616	(6)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	38384TUB6	October 2037
BZ(2)	10,129,097	(6)	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	38384TUC4	February 2067
CV(2)	33,619	(6)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	38384TUD2	December 2038
CZ(2)	52,240	(6)	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	38384TUE0	February 2067
EV(2)	9,676,124	4.50	SEQ	FIX	38384TUF7	April 2037
EZ(2)	15,035,454	(6)	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	38384TUG5	October 2060
GV(2)	7,786,647	4.50	SEQ	FIX	38384TUH3	April 2037
GZ(2)	12,099,450	4.50	SEQ	FIX/Z	38384TUI9	February 2058
HV(2)	860,994	(6)	SEQ	WAC/DLY	38384TUK6	November 2037
HZ(2)	1,337,876	(6)	SEQ	WAC/Z/DLY	38384TUL4	February 2067
LC(1)	10,000,000	4.25	SEQ	FIX	38384TUM2	December 2060
GI(2)	127,765,206	0.25	NTL (SEQ)	FIX/IO	38384TUN0	August 2055
IO(2)	225,285,175	(6)	NTL (PT)	WAC/IO/DLY	38384TUP5	February 2067
Residual						
RR	0	0.00	NPR	NPR	38384TUQ3	February 2067

- (1) These Securities are not entitled to distributions of any Accrual Amounts. See "Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal" in this Supplement.
- (2) These Securities may be exchanged for MX Securities described in Schedule I to this Supplement.
- (3) Subject to increase as described under "Increase in Size" in this Supplement. The amount shown for each Notional Class (indicated by "NTL" under Principal Type) is its original Class Notional Balance and does not represent principal that will be paid.
- (4) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class will be reduced as shown under "Terms Sheet — Notional Classes" in this Supplement.
- (5) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.
- (6) See "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

The securities may not be suitable investments for you. You should consider carefully the risks of investing in them.

See "Risk Factors" beginning on page S-7 which highlights some of these risks.

The Sponsor and the Co-Sponsor will offer the securities from time to time in negotiated transactions at varying prices. We expect the closing date to be March 30, 2026.

You should read the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities, Chapter 31 and Chapter 32 of the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide 5500.3, as amended, and this Supplement.

The securities are exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 and are "exempted securities" under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

You should purchase the securities only if you have read and understood the following documents:

- this Offering Circular Supplement (this “Supplement”),
- the Base Offering Circular for Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC Pass-Through Securities dated as of July 1, 2023 (hereinafter referred to as the “Multifamily Base Offering Circular”) and
- Chapter 31 and Chapter 32 of the Ginnie Mae Mortgage-Backed Securities Guide 5500.3, as amended (the “MBS Guide”).

The Multifamily Base Offering Circular and the MBS Guide are available on Ginnie Mae’s website located at <http://www.ginniemae.gov> (“ginniemae.gov”).

If you do not have access to the internet, call BNY Mellon, which will act as information agent for the Trust, at (800) 234-GNMA, to order copies of the Multifamily Base Offering Circular and the MBS Guide.

In addition, you can obtain copies of the disclosure documents related to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates by contacting BNY Mellon at the telephone number listed above.

Please consult the standard abbreviations of Class Types included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix I and the glossary included in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular as Appendix II for definitions of capitalized terms.

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TERMS SHEET

This terms sheet contains selected information for quick reference only. You should read this Supplement, particularly “Risk Factors,” and each of the other documents listed under “Available Information.”

Sponsor: Citigroup Global Markets Inc.

Co-Sponsor: Academy Securities, Inc.

Trustee: U.S. Bank National Association

Tax Administrator: The Trustee

Closing Date: March 30, 2026

Distribution Date: The 16th day of each month or, if the 16th day is not a Business Day, the first Business Day thereafter, commencing in April 2026.

Composition of the Trust Assets:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates will consist of:

(i) 73 fixed rate Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, which have an aggregate balance of approximately \$210,438,804 as of the Cut-off Date and

(ii) 12 fixed rate Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates, which have an aggregate balance of approximately \$14,901,371 as of the Cut-off Date.

Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets⁽¹⁾:

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the related Mortgage Loans will have the following characteristics, aggregated on the basis of the applicable FHA insurance program:

FHA Insurance Program	Principal Balance	Number of Trust Assets	Percent of Total Balance	Weighted Average Mortgage Interest Rate	Weighted Average Certificate Rate	Weighted Average Original Term to Maturity(2)(3) (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Term to Maturity(3) (in months)	Weighted Average Period From Issuance(2) (in months)	Weighted Average Remaining Lockout Period (in months)	Weighted Average Total Remaining Lockout and Penalty Period (in months)
232/223(F)	\$ 122,676,206	45	54.44%	5.760%	5.510%	413	408	4	0	115
207/223(F)	72,583,199	18	32.21	5.291	5.041	421	417	3	0	118
221(d)(4)	17,664,933	17	7.84	5.787	5.504	500	483	18	6	123
213	7,491,347	1	3.32	5.590	5.340	475	473	2	0	114
231	2,992,976	1	1.33	4.370	4.120	478	475	3	0	116
232/241(a)	1,494,710	1	0.66	8.000	7.750	355	350	5	0	113
241(a)	436,804	2	0.19	6.745	6.495	371	357	14	5	122
Total/Weighted Average	\$225,340,175	85	100.00%	5.604%	5.351%	425	419	5	1	117

(1) As of March 1, 2026 (the “Cut-off Date”); includes Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates added to pay the Trustee Fee. Some of the columns may not foot due to rounding.

(2) Based on the issue date of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate.

(3) Based on the assumption that each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate will convert to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate.

The information contained in this chart has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates. See “The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — The Mortgage Loans” and Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Lockout Periods and Prepayment Penalties: Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 0 to 12 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 1 month. Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. The Mortgage Loans provide for payment of Prepayment Penalties during specified periods beginning on the applicable lockout period end date or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. In some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions. See *“The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans”* and *“Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans”* in Exhibit A to this Supplement. Prepayment Penalties received by the Trust will be allocated as described in this Supplement.

Issuance of Securities: The Securities, other than the Residual Securities, will initially be issued in book-entry form through the book-entry system of the U.S. Federal Reserve Banks (the “Fedwire Book-Entry System”). The Residual Securities will be issued in fully registered, certificated form. See *“Description of the Securities — Form of Securities”* in this Supplement.

Modification and Exchange: If you own exchangeable Securities, you will be able, upon notice and payment of an exchange fee, to exchange them for a proportionate interest in the related Securities shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. See *“Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange”* in this Supplement.

Increased Minimum Denomination Classes: Each Class that constitutes an Interest Only Class. See *“Description of the Securities — Form of Securities”* in this Supplement.

Interest Rates: The Interest Rates for the Fixed Rate Classes are shown on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement.

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes (other than the MX Classes) will bear interest during each Accrual Period at per annum Interest Rates based on the Weighted Average Certificate Rate of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates (“WACR”) as follows:

Each of Classes AC, BV, BZ, CV, CZ, EZ, HV and HZ will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of 4.50000% and WACR.

Class AD will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to the lesser of 4.75000% and WACR.

Class IO will bear interest during each Accrual Period at a per annum rate equal to WACR less the weighted average of the applicable Interest Rates for Classes A, AC, AD, AG, BV, BZ, CV, CZ, EV, EZ, GV, GZ, HV, HZ and LC for that Accrual Period (with the interest rate for Class AG assumed to be equal to 4.50000%), weighted based on the Class Principal Balance of each such Class for the related Distribution Date (before giving effect to any payments on such Distribution Date).

Each of Classes AB, IB, L, LA, LB, LD, PT, V, VA, VB, Z, ZA and ZB is a Weighted Average Coupon Class that will bear interest during each Accrual Period at an equivalent annualized rate derived by aggregating the accrued interest on its related REMIC Classes for that Accrual Period expressed as a percentage of its outstanding principal or notional balance, as applicable, for that Accrual Period.

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest during the initial Accrual Period at the following approximate Interest Rates:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Approximate Initial Interest Rate</u>
AC	4.50000%
AD	4.75000
BV	4.50000
BZ	4.50000
CV	4.50000
CZ	4.50000
EZ	4.50000
HV	4.50000
HZ	4.50000
IO	0.88684
AB	4.50000
IB	1.02862
L	4.50000
LA	4.50000
LB	4.50000
LD	4.50000
PT	4.50000
V	4.50000
VA	4.50000
VB	4.50000
Z	4.50000
ZA	4.50000
ZB	4.50000

Allocation of Principal: On each Distribution Date, a percentage of the Principal Distribution Amount will be applied to the Trustee Fee, and the remainder of the Principal Distribution Amount (the “Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount”) and the BZ, CZ, EZ, GZ and HZ Accrual Amounts will be allocated as follows:

- The BZ Accrual Amount, sequentially, to BV and BZ, in that order, until retired
- The CZ Accrual Amount, sequentially, to CV and CZ, in that order, until retired
- The EZ Accrual Amount, sequentially, to EV and EZ, in that order, until retired
- The GZ Accrual Amount, sequentially, to GV and GZ, in that order, until retired
- The HZ Accrual Amount, sequentially, to HV and HZ, in that order, until retired
- The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount will be allocated, concurrently, as follows:
 1. 4.2891601722% in the following order of priority:
 - a. Concurrently, to AC and AD, pro rata, until retired
 - b. Sequentially, to CV and CZ, in that order, until retired
 2. 11.8124679087%, sequentially, to A, LC, HV and HZ, in that order, until retired
 3. 83.8983719191%, sequentially, to AG, GV, GZ, EV, EZ, BV and BZ, in that order, until retired

Allocation of Prepayment Penalties: On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will pay 100% of any Prepayment Penalties that are collected and passed through to the Trust to Class IO.

Accrual Classes: Interest will accrue on each Accrual Class identified on the front cover of this Supplement at the per annum rate as set forth on that page or in this Terms Sheet under “Interest Rates.” However, no interest will be distributed to the Accrual Classes as interest. Interest so accrued on each Accrual Class on each Distribution Date will constitute an Accrual Amount, which will be added to the Class Principal Balance of that Class on each Distribution Date and will be distributable as principal as set forth in this Terms Sheet under “Allocation of Principal.”

Notional Classes: The Notional Classes will not receive distributions of principal but have Class Notional Balances for convenience in describing their entitlements to interest. The Class Notional Balance of each Notional Class represents the percentage indicated below of, and reduces to that extent with, the Class Principal Balances indicated:

Class	Original Class Notional Balance	Represents
GI	\$127,765,206	100% of AG (SEQ Class)
IO	225,285,175	100% of A, AC, AD, AG, BV, BZ, CV, CZ, EV, EZ, GV, GZ, HV, HZ and LC (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)
IB	225,285,175	100% of A, AC, AD, AG, BV, BZ, CV, CZ, EV, EZ, GV, GZ, HV, HZ and LC (in the aggregate) (SEQ Classes)

Tax Status: Double REMIC Series. See “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Regular and Residual Classes: Class RR is a Residual Class and represents the Residual Interest of the Issuing REMIC and the Pooling REMIC. All other Classes of REMIC Securities are Regular Classes.

RISK FACTORS

You should purchase securities only if you understand and are able to bear the associated risks. The risks applicable to your investment depend on the principal and interest type of your securities. This section highlights certain of these risks.

The rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will affect the rate of principal payments on your securities.

The rate at which you will receive principal payments will depend largely on the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the mortgage loans underlying the related trust assets. Any historical data regarding mortgage loan prepayment rates may not be indicative of the rate of future prepayments on the underlying mortgage loans, and no assurances can be given about the rates at which the underlying mortgage loans will prepay. We expect the rate of principal payments on the underlying mortgage loans will vary. Generally, following any applicable lockout period, and upon payment of any applicable prepayment penalty, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans at any time. However, borrowers cannot prepay certain mortgage loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. In addition, in the case of FHA-insured mortgage loans, borrowers may prepay their mortgage loans during a lockout period, or during any statutory prepayment prohibition period or without paying any applicable prepayment penalty with the approval of FHA.

Additionally, in the event a borrower makes a voluntary prepayment in respect of a mortgage loan, the related Ginnie Mae issuer does not have consent rights, put rights or termination rights related to such mortgage loan underlying the related trust assets. The decision to make a voluntary prepayment is entirely within the control of the borrower. Any voluntary prepayment and any subsequent reamortization of the remaining principal balance of a mortgage loan required under the terms of the mortgage loan may adversely affect the timing of the receipt of principal to investors and could reduce the yields on your securities.

In addition to voluntary prepayments, mortgage loans can be prepaid as a result of governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements, repurchases or liquidations of defaulted mortgage loans. Although under certain circumstances Ginnie Mae issuers have the option to repurchase defaulted mortgage loans from the

related pool underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, they are not obligated to do so. Defaulted mortgage loans that remain in pools backing Ginnie Mae MBS certificates may be subject to governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure, which could have the same effect as voluntary prepayments on the cash flow available to pay the securities.

A catastrophic weather event, pandemic or other natural disaster may affect the rate of principal payments, including prepayments, on the underlying mortgage loans. Any such event may damage the related mortgaged properties that secure the mortgage loans or may lead to a general economic downturn in the affected regions, including job losses and declines in real estate values. A general economic downturn may increase the rate of defaults on the mortgage loans in such areas resulting in prepayments on the related securities due to governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, loss mitigation arrangements, repurchases or liquidations of defaulted mortgage loans. Insurance payments on damaged or destroyed mortgaged properties may also lead to prepayments on the underlying mortgage loans. Further, in connection with presidentially declared major disasters, Ginnie Mae may authorize optional special assistance to issuers, including expanded buyout authority which allows issuers, upon receiving written approval from Ginnie Mae, to repurchase eligible loans from the related pool underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, even if such loans are not delinquent or do not otherwise meet the standard conditions for removal or repurchase.

No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any governmental mortgage insurance claim payments, issuer repurchases, loss mitigation arrangements or foreclosure proceedings with respect to defaulted mortgage loans and the resulting effect on the timing or rate of principal payments on your securities.

The terms of the mortgage loans may be modified, among other things, to permit a partial release of the mortgaged property securing the related mortgage loan, to permit a pledge of all or part of such mortgaged property to secure additional debt of the related borrower, to provide for

a cross default between the mortgage loan and such additional debt or to provide for additional collateral. Partial releases of security may allow the related borrower to sell the released property and generate proceeds that may be used to prepay the related mortgage loan in whole or in part. Such releases also may reduce the value of the remaining property. Modifications in connection with additional debt could adversely affect the security afforded to the existing mortgage loan by the mortgaged property and, even if the additional debt is subordinated to the existing mortgage loan, increase the likelihood of default on such mortgage loan by the related borrower. The amount of additional debt may exceed the amount of the existing debt secured by the related mortgage loan. Additional debt may include, but is not limited to, mortgage loans originated under FHA insurance program Section 241.

Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield. The yield on your securities probably will be lower than you expect if:

- you purchased your securities at a premium (interest only securities, for example) and principal payments are faster than you expected, or
- you purchased your securities at a discount and principal payments are slower than you expected.

In addition, if your securities are interest only securities or securities purchased at a significant premium, you could lose money on your investment if prepayments occur at a rapid rate.

Under certain circumstances, a Ginnie Mae issuer has the right to repurchase a defaulted mortgage loan from the related pool of mortgage loans underlying a particular Ginnie Mae MBS certificate, the effect of which would be comparable to a prepayment of such mortgage loan. At its option and without Ginnie Mae's prior consent, a Ginnie Mae issuer may repurchase any mortgage loan at an amount equal to par less any amounts previously advanced by such issuer in connection with its responsibilities as servicer of such mortgage loan to the extent that (i) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or before December 1, 2002, such mortgage loan has been delinquent for four consecutive months, and at least one delinquent payment remains uncured or (ii) in the case of a mortgage loan included in a pool of mortgage

loans underlying a Ginnie Mae MBS certificate issued on or after January 1, 2003, no payment has been made on such mortgage loan for three consecutive months. Any such repurchase will result in prepayment of the principal balance or reduction in the notional balance of the securities ultimately backed by such mortgage loan. No assurances can be given as to the timing or frequency of any such repurchases.

An investment in the securities is subject to significant reinvestment and extension risk. The rate of principal payments on your securities is uncertain. You may be unable to reinvest the payments on your securities at the same returns provided by the securities. Lower prevailing interest rates may result in an unexpected return of principal. In that interest rate climate, higher yielding reinvestment opportunities may be limited. Conversely, higher prevailing interest rates may result in slower returns of principal, and you may not be able to take advantage of higher yielding investment opportunities. The final payment on your security may occur much earlier than the final distribution date.

Defaults will increase the rate of prepayment. Lending on multifamily properties and nursing facilities is generally viewed as exposing the lender to a greater risk of loss than single-family lending. If a mortgagor defaults on a mortgage loan and the loan is subsequently foreclosed upon or assigned to FHA for FHA insurance benefits, or otherwise liquidated, the effect would be comparable to a prepayment of the mortgage loan; however, no prepayment penalty would be received. Similarly, mortgage loans as to which there is a material breach of a representation may be purchased out of the trust without the payment of a prepayment penalty.

Extensions of the term to maturity of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates delay the payment of principal to the trust and will affect the yield to maturity on your securities. The extension of the term to maturity of any Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate will require the related Ginnie Mae issuer to obtain the consent of the contracted security purchaser, the entity bound under contract with the Ginnie Mae issuer to purchase all the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates related to a particular multifamily project. However, each contracted security purchaser on behalf of itself and all future holders of each Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to be deposited into the trust with respect to which it is the contracted

security purchaser and all related Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates (whether or not currently outstanding), has waived the right to withhold consent to any requests of the related Ginnie Mae issuer to extend the term to maturity of those Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates (provided that any such extension, when combined with previously granted extensions in respect of such Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates, would not extend the term to maturity beyond the term of the underlying mortgage loan insured by FHA). This waiver effectively permits the related Ginnie Mae issuer to extend the maturity of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates in its sole discretion, subject only to the prior written approval of Ginnie Mae. A holder of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate is entitled only to interest at the specified interest rate on the outstanding principal balance of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate until the earliest of (1) the liquidation of the mortgage loan, (2) at the related Ginnie Mae issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae certificate payment date of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate, and (3) the maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions) of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate. Any extension of the term to maturity may delay the commencement of principal payments to the trust and affect the yield on your securities.

The failure of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to convert into a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate prior to its maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions), for any reason, will result in the full payment of the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate on its maturity date and, accordingly, will affect the rate of prepayment. The Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate may fail to convert if the prerequisites for conversion outlined in Chapter 32 of the MBS Guide are not satisfied, including, but not limited to, (1) final endorsement by FHA of the underlying mortgage loan, (2) completion of the cost certification process, and (3) the delivery of supporting documentation including, among other things, the note or other evidence of indebtedness and assignments endorsed to Ginnie Mae. Upon maturity of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates, absent any extensions, the related Ginnie Mae issuer is

obligated to pay to the holders of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates the outstanding principal amount. The payment of any Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate on the maturity date may affect the yield on your securities.

Any delay in the conversion of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate will delay the payment of principal on your securities. The conversion of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate can be delayed for a wide variety of reasons, including work stoppages, construction defects, inclement weather, completion of or delays in the cost certification process and changes in contractors, owners and architects related to the multifamily project. During any such delay, the trust will not be entitled to any principal payments that may have been made by the borrower on the related underlying mortgage loan. The distribution of any such principal payments will not occur until the earliest of (1) the liquidation of the mortgage loan, (2) at the related Ginnie Mae issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae certificate payment date of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate, and (3) the maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions) of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate. However, the holders of the securities will not receive any such amounts until the next distribution date on the securities and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amount, and the related WACR will be reduced accordingly.

The yield on securities that would benefit from a faster than expected payment of principal (such as securities purchased at a discount) may be adversely affected if the underlying mortgage loan begins to amortize prior to the conversion of a Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate. As holders of Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates are entitled only to interest, any scheduled payments of principal received with respect to the mortgage loans underlying the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate will not be passed through to the trust. Any such amounts will be deposited into a non-interest bearing, custodial account maintained by the related Ginnie Mae issuer and will

be distributed to the trust (unless otherwise negotiated between the Ginnie Mae issuer and the contracted security purchaser) on the earliest of (1) the liquidation of the mortgage loan, (2) at the related Ginnie Mae issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae certificate payment date of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate, and (3) the maturity date (as adjusted for any previously granted extensions) of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificate. However, the holders of the securities will not receive any such amounts until the next distribution date on the securities and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amount, and the related WACR will be reduced accordingly. The delay in payment of the scheduled principal may affect, perhaps significantly, the yield on those securities that would benefit from a higher than anticipated rate of prepayment of principal.

If the amount of the underlying mortgage loan at final endorsement by FHA is less than the aggregate principal amount of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates upon completion of the particular multifamily project, the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates must be prepaid in the amount equal to the difference between the aggregate principal balance of the Ginnie Mae construction loan certificates and the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae project loan certificates issued upon conversion. The reduction in the underlying mortgage loan amount could occur as a result of the cost certification process that takes place prior to the conversion to a Ginnie Mae project loan certificate. In such a case, the rate of prepayment on your securities may be higher than expected.

Available information about the mortgage loans is limited. Generally, neither audited financial statements nor recent appraisals are available with respect to the mortgage loans, the mortgaged properties, or the operating revenues, expenses and values of the mortgaged properties. Certain default, delinquency and other information relevant to the likelihood of prepayment of the multifamily mortgage loans underlying the Ginnie Mae multifamily certificates is made generally available to the public and holders of the securities should consult such information. The scope of such information is limited, however, and

accordingly, at a time when you might be buying or selling your securities, you may not be aware of matters that, if known, would affect the value of your securities.

FHA has authority to override lockouts and prepayment limitations. FHA insurance and certain mortgage loan and trust provisions may affect lockouts and the right to receive prepayment penalties. FHA may override any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or prepayment penalty provision with respect to the FHA-insured mortgage loans consistent with FHA policies and procedures.

With respect to certain mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f) of the Housing Act, under certain circumstances FHA lockout and prepayment limitations may be more stringent than otherwise provided for in the related note or other evidence of indebtedness. In addition to FHA's ability to override lockout or prepayment penalty provisions with respect to the FHA-insured mortgage loans as described above, investors should note that with respect to certain mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f) of the Housing Act, Section 223(f) provides, in relevant part, that the related note or other evidence of indebtedness cannot be prepaid for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, unless prior written approval from FHA is obtained. In many instances with respect to such mortgage loans insured under Section 223(f), the related lender may have provided for a lockout period lasting for a term shorter than five (5) years. Therefore, investors should consider that any prepayment provisions following a lockout period that is shorter than five (5) years may not be effective if FHA approval is not obtained.

Holders entitled to prepayment penalties may not receive them. Prepayment penalties received by the trustee will be distributed to Class IO as further described in this Supplement. Ginnie Mae, however, does not guarantee that mortgagors will in fact pay any prepayment penalties or that such prepayment penalties will be received by the trustee. Accordingly, holders of the class entitled to receive prepayment penalties will receive them only to the extent that the trustee receives them. Moreover, even if the trustee distributes prepayment penalties to the holders of that class, the additional amounts may not offset the reduction in yield caused by the corresponding prepayments.

The securities may not be a suitable investment for you. The securities, in particular, the interest only, accrual and residual classes are not suitable investments for all investors. Only “accredited investors,” as defined in Rule 501(a) of Regulation D of the Securities Act of 1933, who have substantial experience in mortgage-backed securities and are capable of understanding the risks should invest in the securities.

In addition, although the sponsor intends to make a market for the purchase and sale of the securities after their initial issuance, it has no obligation to do so. There is no assurance that a secondary market will develop, that any secondary market will continue, or that the price at which you can sell an investment in any class will enable you to realize a desired yield on that investment.

You will bear the market risks of your investment. The market values of the classes are likely to fluctuate. These fluctuations may be significant and could result in significant losses to you.

The secondary markets for mortgage-related securities have experienced periods of illiquidity and can be expected to do so in the future. Illiquidity can have a severely adverse effect on the prices of classes that are especially sensitive to prepayment or interest rate risk or that have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors.

The residual securities may experience significant adverse tax timing consequences. Accordingly, you are urged to consult tax advisors and to consider the after-tax effect of ownership of a residual security and the suitability of the residual securities to your investment objectives. See “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences in this Supplement and in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*”

You are encouraged to consult advisors regarding the financial, legal, tax and other aspects of an investment in the securities. You should not purchase the securities of any class unless you understand and are able to bear the prepayment, yield, liquidity and market risks associated with that class.

The actual prepayment rates of the underlying mortgage loans will affect the weighted average lives and yields of your securities. The yield and decrement tables in this supplement are based on assumed prepayment rates. It is highly unlikely that the underlying mortgage loans will prepay at any of the prepayment rates assumed in this supplement, or at any constant prepayment rate. As a result, the yields on your securities could be lower than you expected.

THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES

General

The Sponsor intends to acquire the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates in privately negotiated transactions prior to the Closing Date and to sell them to the Trust according to the terms of a Trust Agreement between the Sponsor and the Trustee. The Sponsor will make certain representations and warranties with respect to the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates are guaranteed by Ginnie Mae pursuant to its Ginnie Mae I Program. Each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate bears interest at a Mortgage Rate that is greater than the related Certificate Rate.

For each Mortgage Loan underlying a Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate, the difference between (a) the Mortgage Rate and (b) the related Certificate Rate is used to pay the servicer of the Mortgage Loan a monthly fee for servicing the Mortgage Loan and to pay Ginnie Mae a fee for its guarantee of the related Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate (together, the “Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate”). The per annum rate used to calculate these fees for the Mortgage Loans in the Trust is shown on Exhibit A to this Supplement.

The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates included in the Trust consist of (i) Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates issued during the construction phase of a multifamily project, which are redeemable for Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates (the “Trust CLCs”) and (ii) Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates deposited into the Trust on the Closing Date or issued upon conversion of a Trust CLC (collectively, the “Trust PLCs”).

The Trust CLCs

Each Trust CLC is based on and backed by a single Mortgage Loan secured by a multifamily project under construction and insured by FHA pursuant to an FHA Insurance Program described under “THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES — FHA Insurance Programs” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates are generally issued monthly by the related Ginnie Mae Issuer as construction progresses on the related multifamily project and as advances are insured by FHA. Prior to the issuance of Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates, the Ginnie Mae Issuer must provide Ginnie Mae with supporting documentation regarding advances and disbursements on the Mortgage Loan and must satisfy the prerequisites for issuance as described in Chapter 32 of the MBS Guide. Each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate may be redeemed for a pro rata share of a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate that bears the same interest rate as the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate.

The original maturity of a Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate is at least 200% of the construction period anticipated by FHA for the multifamily project. The stated maturity of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates may be extended after issuance at the request of the related Ginnie Mae Issuer with the prior written approval of Ginnie Mae. Prior to approving any extension request, Ginnie Mae requires that the Contracted Security Purchaser, the entity bound under contract with the related Ginnie Mae Issuer to purchase all of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates related to a particular multifamily project, consent to the extension of the term to maturity. Each Contracted Security Purchaser of the Trust CLCs and of any previously issued or hereafter existing Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates relating to the Trust CLCs identified in Exhibit A to this Supplement (the “Related CLCs”), has waived its right and the right of all future holders of the Related CLCs, including the Trustee, as the assignee of the Sponsor’s rights in the Trust CLCs, to withhold consent to any extension requests with respect to Trust CLCs or Related CLCs for which it is the Contracted Security Purchaser, provided that the length of the extension does not, in combination with any previously granted extensions related thereto, exceed the term of the underlying Mortgage Loan insured by FHA. The waiver effected by each Contracted Security Purchaser will effectively permit the related Ginnie Mae Issuer to extend the maturity of the Ginnie Mae CLCs in its sole discretion, subject only to the prior written approval of Ginnie Mae.

Each Trust CLC will provide for the payment to the Trust of monthly payments of interest equal to a pro rata share of the interest payments on the underlying Mortgage Loan, less applicable servicing and guaranty fees. The Trust will not be entitled to receive any payments of principal collected on the related Mortgage Loan as long as the Trust CLC is outstanding. During such period any prepayments and other recoveries of principal (other than proceeds from the liquidation of the Mortgage Loan) or any Prepayment Penalties on the underlying Mortgage Loan received by the Ginnie Mae Issuer will be deposited into a non-interest bearing escrow account (the “P&I Custodial Account”). Any such amounts will be held for distribution to the Trust (unless otherwise negotiated between the Ginnie Mae Issuer and the Contracted Security Purchaser) on the earliest of (i) the liquidation of the Mortgage Loan, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer’s option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amounts, and the related WACR will be reduced accordingly.

At any time following the final endorsement of the underlying Mortgage Loan by FHA, prior to the Maturity Date and upon satisfaction of the prerequisites for conversion outlined in Chapter 32 of the MBS Guide, Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates will be redeemed for Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates. The Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates will be issued at the identical interest rate as the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates. The aggregate principal amount of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates may be less than or equal to the aggregate amount of advances that has been disbursed and insured on the Mortgage Loan underlying the related Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates. Any difference between the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates and the principal balance of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates issued at conversion will be disbursed to the holders of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates as principal upon conversion.

The Trust PLCs

Each Trust PLC will be based on and backed by one or more multifamily Mortgage Loans with an original term to maturity of generally no more than 40 years.

Each Trust PLC will provide for the payment to the registered holder of that Trust PLC of monthly payments of principal and interest equal to the aggregate amount of the scheduled monthly principal and interest payments on the Mortgage Loans underlying that Trust PLC, less applicable servicing and guaranty fees. In addition, each such payment will include any prepayments and other unscheduled recoveries of principal of, and any Prepayment Penalties on, the underlying Mortgage Loans to the extent received by the Ginnie Mae Issuer during the month preceding the month of the payment.

The Mortgage Loans

Each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate represents a beneficial interest in one or more Mortgage Loans.

Eighty-five (85) Mortgage Loans will underlie the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, which as of the Cut-Off Date, consist of seventy-three (73) Mortgage Loans that underlie the Trust PLCs (the “Trust PLC Mortgage Loans”) and twelve (12) Mortgage Loans that underlie the Trust CLCs (the “Trust CLC Mortgage Loans”).

These Mortgage Loans have an aggregate balance of approximately \$225,340,175 as of the Cut-Off Date, after giving effect to all payments of principal due on or before that date, which consist of approximately \$210,438,804 Trust PLC Mortgage Loans and approximately \$14,901,371 Trust CLC Mortgage Loans.

The Mortgage Loans have, on a weighted average basis, the other characteristics set forth in the Terms Sheet under “Certain Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans Underlying the Trust Assets” and, on an individual basis, the characteristics described in Exhibit A to this Supplement. They also have the general characteristics described below. The Mortgage Loans consist of first lien and second lien, multifamily, fixed rate mortgage loans that are secured by a lien on the borrower’s fee simple estate in a multifamily property consisting of five or more dwelling units or nursing facilities and insured by FHA or coinsured by FHA and the related mortgage lender. *See “The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — General” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

FHA Insurance Programs

FHA multifamily insurance programs generally are designed to assist private and public mortgagors in obtaining financing for the construction, purchase or rehabilitation of multifamily housing pursuant to the National Housing Act of 1934 (the “Housing Act”). Mortgage Loans are provided by FHA-approved institutions, which include mortgage banks, commercial banks, savings and loan associations, trust companies, insurance companies, pension funds, state and local housing finance agencies and certain other approved entities. Mortgage Loans insured under the programs described below will have such maturities and amortization features as FHA may approve, provided that generally the minimum mortgage loan term will be at least ten years and the maximum mortgage loan term will not exceed the lesser of 40 years and 75 percent of the estimated remaining economic life of the improvements on the mortgaged property. Tenant eligibility for FHA-insured projects generally is not restricted by income, except for projects as to which rental subsidies are made available with respect to some or all the units therein or to specified tenants.

For a summary of the various FHA insurance programs under which the Mortgage Loans are insured see “THE GINNIE MAE MULTIFAMILY CERTIFICATES — FHA Insurance Programs” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. To the extent a Mortgage Loan is insured under multiple FHA insurance programs, you should read each applicable FHA insurance program description.

Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans

Mortgage Rates; Calculations of Interest. The Mortgage Loans bear interest at Mortgage Rates that will remain fixed for their remaining terms. All of the Mortgage Loans accrue interest on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. *See “Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

Due Dates. Monthly payments on the Mortgage Loans are due on the first day of each month.

Amortization. The Trust PLC Mortgage Loans are generally fully-amortizing over their remaining terms to stated maturity. However, certain of the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans may amortize based on their contractual payments to stated maturity, at which time the unpaid principal balance plus accrued interest thereon is due.

Four (4) of the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans have begun to amortize as of the Cut-off Date. However, regardless of the scheduled amortization of Trust CLC Mortgage Loans, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal payments with respect to any Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of the Mortgage Loan, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. The Ginnie Mae Issuer will deposit any principal payments that it receives in connection with any Trust CLC into the related P&I Custodial Account. The Trust will not be entitled to recover any interest thereon.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans may provide that, if the related borrower makes a partial principal prepayment, such borrower will not be in default if it fails to make any subsequent scheduled payment of principal provided that such borrower continues to pay interest in a timely manner and the unpaid principal balance of such Mortgage Loan at the time of such failure is at or below what it would otherwise be in accordance with its amortization schedule if such partial principal prepayment had not been made. Under certain circumstances, the Mortgage Loans also permit the reamortization thereof if prepayments are received as a result of condemnation or insurance payments with respect to the related Mortgaged Property. Certain Mortgage Loans may require reamortization thereof in connection with certain voluntary prepayments.

Level Payments. Although the Mortgage Loans (other than the Mortgage Loans designated by Pool Numbers CQ9721, DC7276, DJ8030, DL3184, DM8156, DM9058 and DN1435) currently have amortization schedules that provide for level monthly payments, the amortization schedules of substantially all of the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans are subject to change upon the approval of FHA that may result in non-level payments.

In the case of Pool Number CQ9721, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From April 2026 through, and including, November 2039	\$4,655.43
From December 2039 through, and including, October 2060 . .	\$3,674.51
In November 2060	The remaining balance of all unpaid principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number DC7276, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From April 2026 through, and including, October 2045	\$24,139.66
From November 2045 through, and including, September 2060	\$23,037.09
In October 2060	The remaining balance of all unpaid principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number DJ8030, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From April 2026 through, and including, April 2037	\$3,122.95
From May 2037 through, and including, July 2060	\$3,006.66
In August 2060	The remaining balance of all unpaid principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number DL3184, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From April 2026 through, and including, December 2026	\$4,039.74
From January 2027 through, and including, December 2027	\$3,795.41
From January 2028 through, and including, December 2028	\$3,541.58
From January 2029 through, and including, August 2060	\$3,277.98
In September 2060	The remaining balance of all unpaid principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number DM8156, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From April 2026 through, and including, April 2028	\$65,908.95
From May 2028 through, and including, April 2033	\$64,646.60
From May 2033 through, and including, April 2038	\$64,859.99
From May 2038 through, and including, April 2043	\$64,393.54
From May 2043 through, and including, April 2046	\$63,376.03
From May 2046 through, and including, April 2048	\$57,252.08
From May 2048 through, and including, January 2061	\$51,267.99
In February 2061	The remaining balance of all unpaid principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number DM9058, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From April 2026 through, and including, December 2039	\$10,034.25
From January 2040 through, and including, October 2060	\$2,070.04
In November 2060	The remaining balance of all unpaid principal plus accrued interest thereon.

In the case of Pool Number DN1435, the principal and interest payment scheduled to be made on the first business day of each month is as follows:

From April 2026 through, and including, February 2027	\$46,810.64
From March 2027 through, and including, February 2028	\$46,991.19
From March 2028 through, and including, February 2029	\$47,084.06
From March 2029 through, and including, February 2030	\$47,292.45
From March 2030 through, and including, February 2031	\$47,507.05
From March 2031 through, and including, February 2032	\$47,728.09
From March 2032 through, and including, February 2033	\$47,955.81
From March 2033 through, and including, February 2034	\$48,190.33
From March 2034 through, and including, February 2035	\$48,432.03
From March 2035 through, and including, February 2036	\$48,681.01
From March 2036 through, and including, January 2037	\$48,937.58
In February 2037	\$48,936.81
From March 2037 through, and including, January 2061	\$41,100.81
In February 2061	The remaining balance of all unpaid principal plus accrued interest thereon.

Furthermore, in the absence of a change in the amortization schedule of the Mortgage Loans, Mortgage Loans that provide for level monthly payments may still receive non-level payments as a result of the fact that, at any time:

- FHA may permit any FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid, in whole or in part, without regard to any lockout period, statutory prepayment prohibition period or Prepayment Penalty; and
- condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under any Mortgage Loan by reason of a default may result in prepayment.

“Due-on-Sale” Provisions. The Mortgage Loans do not contain “due-on-sale” clauses restricting sale or other transfer of the related Mortgaged Property. Any transfer of the Mortgaged Property is subject to HUD review and approval under the terms of HUD’s Regulatory Agreement with the owner, which is incorporated by reference into the mortgage.

Prepayment Restrictions. Certain of the Mortgage Loans have lockout provisions that prohibit voluntary prepayments for a number of years following origination. These Mortgage Loans have remaining lockout terms that range from 0 to 12 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout term of approximately 1 month. Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans. The enforceability of these lockout provisions under certain state laws is unclear.

The Mortgage Loans have a period (a “Prepayment Penalty Period”) during which voluntary prepayments must be accompanied by a prepayment penalty equal to a specified percentage of the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan being prepaid (each, a “Prepayment Penalty”). Each Prepayment Penalty Period will follow the termination of the applicable lockout period or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. See *“Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

Exhibit A to this Supplement sets forth, for each Mortgage Loan, as applicable, a description of the related Prepayment Penalty, the period during which the Prepayment Penalty applies and the first month in which the borrower may prepay the Mortgage Loan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, FHA guidelines require all of the FHA-insured Mortgage Loans to include a provision that allows FHA to override any lockout and/or Prepayment Penalty provisions in accordance with FHA policies and procedures. Additionally, FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be prepaid in whole or in part without regard to any statutory or contractual prepayment prohibition period in accordance with FHA policies and procedures.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal prepayments or any applicable Prepayment Penalties with respect to the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of such Mortgage Loans, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer’s option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amount, and the related WACR will be reduced accordingly.

Coinsurance. Certain of the Mortgage Loans may be federally insured under FHA coinsurance programs that provide for the retention by the mortgage lender of a portion of the mortgage insurance risk that otherwise would be assumed by FHA under the applicable FHA insurance program. As part of such coinsurance programs, FHA delegates to mortgage lenders approved by FHA for participation in such coinsurance programs certain underwriting functions generally performed by FHA. Accordingly, there can

be no assurance that such mortgage loans were underwritten in conformity with FHA underwriting guidelines applicable to mortgage loans that were solely federally insured or that the default risk with respect to coinsured mortgage loans is comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally. As a result, there can be no assurance that the likelihood of future default or the rate of prepayment on coinsured Mortgage Loans will be comparable to that of FHA-insured mortgage loans generally.

The Trustee Fee

On each Distribution Date, the Trustee will retain a fixed percentage of all principal and interest distributions received on the Trust Assets in payment of the Trustee Fee.

GINNIE MAE GUARANTY

The Government National Mortgage Association (“Ginnie Mae”), a wholly-owned corporate instrumentality of the United States of America within HUD, guarantees the timely payment of principal and interest on the Securities. The General Counsel of HUD has provided an opinion to the effect that Ginnie Mae has the authority to guarantee multiclass securities and that Ginnie Mae guaranties will constitute general obligations of the United States, for which the full faith and credit of the United States is pledged. See “*Ginnie Mae Guaranty*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SECURITIES

General

The description of the Securities contained in this Supplement is not complete and is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all of the provisions of the Trust Agreement. See “*Description of the Securities*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

Form of Securities

Each Class of Securities other than the Residual Securities initially will be issued and maintained in book-entry form and may be transferred only on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will ordinarily hold these Securities through one or more financial intermediaries, such as banks, brokerage firms and securities clearing organizations that are eligible to maintain book-entry accounts on the Fedwire Book-Entry System. By request accompanied by the payment of a transfer fee of \$25,000 per Certificated Security to be issued, a Beneficial Owner may receive a Regular Security in certificated form.

The Residual Securities will not be issued in book-entry form but will be issued in fully registered, certificated form and may be transferred or exchanged, subject to the transfer restrictions applicable to Residual Securities set forth in the Trust Agreement, at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee located at U.S. Bank National Association, One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, Massachusetts 02110, Attention: Ginnie Mae REMIC Program Agency Group 2026-054. See “*Description of the Securities — Forms of Securities; Book-Entry Procedures*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

Each Class (other than the Increased Minimum Denomination Classes) will be issued in minimum dollar denominations of initial principal balance of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1 in excess of \$1,000. The Increased Minimum Denomination Classes will be issued in minimum denominations that equal \$100,000 in initial notional balance.

Distributions

Distributions on the Securities will be made on each Distribution Date, as specified under “Terms Sheet — Distribution Date” in this Supplement. On each Distribution Date for a Security, or in the case of the Certificated Securities, on the first Business Day after the related Distribution Date, the Distribution Amount will be distributed to the Holders of record as of the related Record Date. Beneficial Owners of Book-Entry Securities will receive distributions through credits to accounts maintained for their benefit on

the books and records of the appropriate financial intermediaries. Holders of Certificated Securities will receive distributions by check or, subject to the restrictions set forth in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, by wire transfer. See “*Description of the Securities — Distributions*” and “*— Method of Distributions*” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Interest Distributions

The Interest Distribution Amount will be distributed on each Distribution Date to the Holders of all Classes of Securities entitled to distributions of interest.

- Interest will be calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months.
- Interest distributable on any Class for any Distribution Date will consist of 30 days’ interest on its Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) as of the related Record Date.
- Investors can calculate the amount of interest to be distributed (or accrued, in the case of the Accrual Classes) on each Class of Securities for any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding month. See “*— Class Factors*” below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of interest distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Interest Type” on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the interest entitlements of the Classes are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Accrual Period

The Accrual Period for each Regular and MX Class is the calendar month preceding the related Distribution Date.

Fixed Rate Classes

The Fixed Rate Classes will bear interest at the per annum Interest Rates shown on the front cover or on Schedule I of this Supplement.

Weighted Average Coupon Classes

The Weighted Average Coupon Classes will bear interest as shown under “Terms Sheet — Interest Rates” in this Supplement.

The Trustee’s calculation of the Interest Rates will be final except in the case of clear error. Investors can obtain Interest Rates for the current and preceding Accrual Periods on ginniemae.gov or by calling the Information Agent at (800) 234-GNMA.

Accrual Classes

Each of Classes BZ, CZ, EZ, GZ and HZ is an Accrual Class. Interest will accrue on the Accrual Classes and be distributed as described under “Terms Sheet — Accrual Classes” in this Supplement.

Principal Distributions

The Adjusted Principal Distribution Amount and the Accrual Amounts will be distributed to the Holders entitled thereto as described above under “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Principal” in this Supplement.

Investors can calculate the amount of principal to be distributed with respect to any Distribution Date by using the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months. See “*— Class Factors*” below.

Categories of Classes

For purposes of principal distributions, the Classes will be categorized as shown under “Principal Type” on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement. The abbreviations used in this Supplement to describe the principal entitlements of the Classes are explained under “Class Types” in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Notional Classes

The Notional Classes will not receive principal distributions. For convenience in describing interest distributions, the Notional Classes will have the original Class Notional Balances shown on the front cover and on Schedule I of this Supplement. The Class Notional Balances will be reduced as shown under “Terms Sheet — Notional Classes” in this Supplement.

Prepayment Penalty Distributions

The Trustee will distribute any Prepayment Penalties that are received by the Trust during the related interest Accrual Period as described in “Terms Sheet — Allocation of Prepayment Penalties” in this Supplement.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC, as described in “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. The Class RR Securities have no Class Principal Balance and do not accrue interest. The Class RR Securities will be entitled to receive the proceeds of the disposition of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after the Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance of each Class of Regular Securities has been reduced to zero. However, any remaining proceeds are not likely to be significant. The Residual Securities may not be transferred to a Plan Investor, a Non-U.S. Person or a Disqualified Organization.

Class Factors

The Trustee will calculate and make available for each Class of Securities, no later than the day preceding the Distribution Date, the factor (carried out to eight decimal places) that when multiplied by the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, determines the Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to the distribution of principal to be made on the Securities (and any addition to the Class Principal Balance of an Accrual Class) or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on that Distribution Date (each, a “Class Factor”).

- The Class Factor for any Class of Securities for each month following the issuance of the Securities will reflect its remaining Class Principal Balance (or Class Notional Balance) after giving effect to any principal distribution (or addition to principal) to be made or any reduction of Class Notional Balance on the Distribution Date occurring in that month.
- The Class Factor for each Class for the month of issuance is 1.00000000.
- The Class Factors for the MX Classes and the Classes of REMIC Securities that are exchangeable for the MX Classes will be calculated assuming that the maximum possible amount of each Class is outstanding at all times, regardless of any exchanges that may occur.
- Based on the Class Factors published in the preceding and current months (and Interest Rates), investors in any Class (other than an Accrual Class) can calculate the amount of principal and interest to be distributed to that Class, and investors in any Accrual Class can calculate the total amount of principal to be distributed to (or interest to be added to the Class Principal Balance of) such Class on the Distribution Date in the current month.
- Investors may obtain current Class Factors on ginniemae.gov.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Termination

The Trustee, at its option, may purchase or cause the sale of the Trust Assets and thereby terminate the Trust on any Distribution Date on which the aggregate of the Class Principal Balances of the Securities is less than 1% of the aggregate Original Class Principal Balances of the Securities. The exercise of this

option may be influenced by a number of factors, including but not limited to, the value of the Trust Assets then remaining in the Trust and general market conditions. The Trustee will be entitled to retain all proceeds and any other amounts in excess of the termination price payable to the Securities under the Trust Agreement.

On any Distribution Date upon the Trustee's determination that the REMIC status of any Trust REMIC has been lost or that a substantial risk exists that this status will be lost for the then current taxable year, the Trustee will terminate the Trust and retire the Securities.

Upon any termination of the Trust, the Holder of any outstanding Security (other than a Residual or Notional Class Security) will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of the Class Principal Balance of that Class plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate, and any Holder of any outstanding Notional Class Security will be entitled to receive that Holder's allocable share of any accrued and unpaid interest thereon at the applicable Interest Rate. The Residual Holders will be entitled to their pro rata share of any assets remaining in the Trust REMICs after payment in full of the amounts described in the foregoing sentence. However, any remaining assets are not likely to be significant.

Modification and Exchange

All or a portion of the Classes of REMIC Securities specified on the front cover may be exchanged for a proportionate interest in the related MX Class shown on Schedule I to this Supplement. Similarly, all or a portion of the related MX Class may be exchanged for proportionate interests in the related Classes of REMIC Securities. This process may occur repeatedly.

Each exchange may be effected only in proportions that result in the principal and interest entitlements of the Securities received being equal to the entitlements of the Securities surrendered.

A Beneficial Owner proposing to effect an exchange must notify the Trustee through the Beneficial Owner's Book Entry Depository participant. This notice must be received by the Trustee not later than two Business Days before the proposed exchange date. The exchange date can be any Business Day other than the last Business Day of the month. The notice must contain the outstanding principal or notional balance of the Securities to be included in the exchange and the proposed exchange date. The notice is required to be delivered to the Trustee by email to USBGNMA@USBank.com or in writing at its Corporate Trust Office at U.S. Bank National Association, One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, MA 02110, Attention: Ginnie Mae Program Agency Group 2026-054. The Trustee may be contacted by telephone at (617) 603-6451.

A fee will be payable to the Trustee in connection with each exchange equal to 1/32 of 1% of the outstanding principal balance (or notional balance) of the Securities surrendered for exchange (but not less than \$2,000 or more than \$25,000); provided, however, that no fee will be payable in respect of an interest only security, unless all securities involved in the exchange are interest only securities. If the notional balance of the interest only securities surrendered exceeds that of the interest only securities received; the fee will be based on the latter. The fee must be paid concurrently with the exchange.

The first distribution on a REMIC Security or an MX Security received in an exchange will be made on the Distribution Date in the month following the month of the exchange. The distribution will be made to the Holder of record as of the Record Date in the month of exchange.

See "Description of the Securities — Modification and Exchange" in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

YIELD, MATURITY AND PREPAYMENT CONSIDERATIONS

General

The prepayment experience of the Mortgage Loans will affect the Weighted Average Lives of and the yields realized by investors in the Securities.

- Mortgage Loan principal payments may be in the form of scheduled or unscheduled amortization.

- The terms of each Mortgage Loan provide that, following any applicable lockout period and upon payment of any applicable Prepayment Penalty, the Mortgage Loan may be voluntarily prepaid in whole or in part.
- In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions. *See “Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*
- The condemnation of, or occurrence of a casualty loss on, the Mortgaged Property securing any Mortgage Loan or the acceleration of payments due under the Mortgage Loan by reason of default may also result in a prepayment at any time.

Mortgage Loan prepayment rates are likely to fluctuate over time. No representation is made as to the expected Weighted Average Lives of the Securities or the percentage of the original unpaid principal balance of the Mortgage Loans that will be paid to Holders at any particular time. A number of factors may influence the prepayment rate.

- While some prepayments occur randomly, the payment behavior of the Mortgage Loans may be influenced by a variety of economic, tax, geographic, demographic, legal and other factors.
- These factors may include the age, geographic distribution and payment terms of the Mortgage Loans; remaining depreciable lives of the underlying properties; characteristics of the borrowers; amount of the borrowers' equity; the availability of mortgage financing; in a fluctuating interest rate environment, the difference between the interest rates on the Mortgage Loans and prevailing mortgage interest rates; the extent to which the Mortgage Loans are assumed or refinanced or the underlying properties are sold or conveyed; changes in local industry and population as they affect vacancy rates; population migration; and the attractiveness of other investment alternatives.
- These factors may also include the application of (or override by FHA of) lockout periods, statutory prepayment prohibition periods or the assessment of Prepayment Penalties. *For a more detailed description of the lockout and Prepayment Penalty provisions of the Mortgage Loans, see “Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.*

No representation is made concerning the particular effect that any of these or other factors may have on the prepayment behavior of the Mortgage Loans. The relative contribution of these or other factors may vary over time.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal prepayments or any applicable Prepayment Penalties with respect to the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of such Mortgage Loans, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amounts, and the related WACR will be reduced accordingly.

In addition, following any Mortgage Loan default and the subsequent liquidation of the underlying Mortgaged Property, the principal balance of the Mortgage Loan will be distributed through a combination of liquidation proceeds, advances from the related Ginnie Mae Issuer and, to the extent necessary, proceeds of Ginnie Mae's guaranty of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates.

- As a result, defaults experienced on the Mortgage Loans will accelerate the distribution of principal of the Securities.
- Under certain circumstances, the Trustee has the option to purchase the Trust Assets, thereby effecting early retirement of the Securities. *See “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.*

The terms of the Mortgage Loans may be modified to permit, among other things, a partial release of security, which releases a portion of the mortgaged property from the lien securing the related Mortgage Loan. Partial releases of security may allow the related borrower to sell the released property and generate proceeds that may be used to prepay the related Mortgage Loan in whole or in part.

Assumability

Each Mortgage Loan may be assumed, subject to HUD review and approval, upon the sale of the related Mortgaged Property. *See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Assumability of Mortgage Loans” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.*

Final Distribution Date

The Final Distribution Date for each Class, which is set forth on the front cover of this Supplement or on Schedule I to this Supplement, is the latest date on which the related Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance will be reduced to zero.

- The actual retirement of any Class may occur earlier than its Final Distribution Date.
- According to the terms of the Ginnie Mae Guaranty, Ginnie Mae will guarantee payment in full of the Class Principal Balance of each Class of Securities no later than its Final Distribution Date.

Modeling Assumptions

Unless otherwise indicated, the tables that follow have been prepared on the basis of the following assumptions (the “Modeling Assumptions”), among others:

1. The Mortgage Loans underlying the Trust Assets have the characteristics shown under “Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans” in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

2. There are no voluntary prepayments during any lockout period. With respect to Mortgage Loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), FHA approves prepayments made by borrowers after any applicable lockout period expires to the extent that any statutory prepayment prohibition period applies.

3. There are no prepayments on any Trust CLC.

4. With respect to each Trust PLC, the Mortgage Loans prepay at 100% PLD (as defined under “— Prepayment Assumptions” in this Supplement) and, beginning on the applicable Lockout End Date or, to the extent that no lockout period applies or the remaining lockout period is 0, the Closing Date, at the constant percentages of CPR (described below) shown in the related table.

5. The Issue Date, Lockout End Date and Prepayment Penalty End Date of each Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificate is the first day of the month indicated on Exhibit A.

6. Distributions on the Securities, including all distributions of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans, are always received on the 16th day of the month, whether or not a Business Day, commencing in April 2026.

7. One hundred percent (100%) of the Prepayment Penalties are received by the Trustee and distributed to Class IO.

8. A termination of the Trust does not occur.

9. The Closing Date for the Securities is March 30, 2026.

10. No expenses or fees are paid by the Trust other than the Trustee Fee, which is paid as described under “The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — The Trustee Fee” in this Supplement.

11. Each Trust CLC converts to a Trust PLC on the date on which amortization payments are scheduled to begin on the related Mortgage Loan.

12. Each Class is held from the Closing Date and is not exchanged in whole or in part.

13. There are no modifications or waivers with respect to any terms including lockout periods and prepayment periods.

When reading the tables and the related text, investors should bear in mind that the Modeling Assumptions, like any other stated assumptions, are unlikely to be entirely consistent with actual experience.

- For example, many Distribution Dates will occur on the first Business Day after the 16th day of the month, prepayments may not occur during the Prepayment Penalty Period, and the Trustee may cause a termination of the Trust as described under “Description of the Securities — Termination” in this Supplement.
- In addition, distributions on the Securities are based on Certificate Factors, Corrected Certificate Factors, and Calculated Certificate Factors, if applicable, which may not reflect actual receipts on the Trust Assets.

See “Description of the Securities — Distributions” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Prepayment Assumptions

Prepayments of mortgage loans are commonly measured by a prepayment standard or model. One of the models used in this Supplement is the constant prepayment rate (“CPR”) model, which represents an assumed constant rate of voluntary prepayment each month relative to the then outstanding principal balance of the Mortgage Loans underlying any Trust PLC to which the model is applied. See “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Prepayment Assumption Models” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

In addition, this Supplement uses another model to measure involuntary prepayments. This model is the Project Loan Default or PLD model provided by the Sponsor. The PLD model represents an assumed rate of involuntary prepayments each month as specified in the table below (the “PLD Model Rates”), in each case expressed as a per annum percentage of the then-outstanding principal balance of each of the Mortgage Loans underlying any Trust PLC in relation to its loan age. For example, 0% PLD represents 0% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 50% PLD represents 50% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; 100% PLD represents 100% of such assumed rate of involuntary prepayments; and so forth.

The following PLD model table was prepared on the basis of 100% PLD. Ginnie Mae had no part in the development of the PLD model and makes no representation as to the accuracy or reliability of the PLD model.

Project Loan Default	
Mortgage Loan Age (in months)(1)	Involuntary Prepayment Default Rate(2)
1-12	1.30%
13-24	2.47
25-36	2.51
37-48	2.20
49-60	2.13
61-72	1.46
73-84	1.26
85-96	0.80
97-108	0.57
109-168	0.50
169-240	0.25
241-maturity	0.00

(1) For purposes of the PLD model, Mortgage Loan Age means the number of months elapsed since the Issue Date indicated on Exhibit A. In the case of any Trust CLC Mortgage Loans, the Mortgage Loan Age is the number of months that have elapsed after the expiration of the Remaining Interest Only Period indicated on Exhibit A.

(2) Assumes that involuntary prepayments start immediately.

The decrement tables set forth below are based on the assumption that the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans prepay at the indicated percentages of CPR (the “CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates”) and 100% PLD and that the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans prepay at 0% CPR and 0% PLD until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, after which they prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD. **It is unlikely that the Mortgage Loans will prepay at any of the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates, and the timing of changes in the rate of prepayments actually experienced on the Mortgage Loans is unlikely to follow the pattern described for the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates or PLD Model Rates.**

Decrement Tables

The decrement tables set forth below illustrate the percentage of the Original Class Principal Balance (or, in the case of a Notional Class, the original Class Notional Balance) that would remain outstanding following the distribution made each specified month for each Regular or MX Class, based on the assumption that the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD and the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans prepay at 0% CPR and 0% PLD until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, after which they prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD. The percentages set forth in the following decrement tables have been rounded to the nearest whole percentage (including rounding down to zero).

The decrement tables also indicate the Weighted Average Life of each Class under each CPR Prepayment Assumption Rate and the PLD percentage rates indicated above for the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans and the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans. The Weighted Average Life of each Class is calculated by:

- (a) multiplying the net reduction, if any, of the Class Principal Balance (or the net reduction of the Class Notional Balance, in the case of a Notional Class) from one Distribution Date to the next Distribution Date by the number of years from the date of issuance thereof to the related Distribution Date,
- (b) summing the results, and
- (c) dividing the sum by the aggregate amount of the assumed net reductions in principal balance or notional balance, as applicable, referred to in clause (a).

The Weighted Average Lives are likely to vary, perhaps significantly, from those set forth in the tables below due to the differences between the actual rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Modeling Assumptions.

The information shown for each Notional Class is for illustrative purposes only, as the Notional Classes are not entitled to distributions of principal and have no Weighted Average Life. The Weighted Average Life shown for each Notional Class has been calculated on the assumption that a reduction in the Class Notional Balance thereof is a distribution of principal.

**Percentages of Original Class Principal (or Class Notional) Balances
and Weighted Average Lives**

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class A					Class AB					Classes AC and AD				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	95	87	69	52	26	97	92	82	72	56	97	93	83	74	60
March 2028.	89	72	42	14	0	93	84	65	49	28	94	85	68	53	34
March 2029.	83	59	19	0	0	90	76	52	33	12	91	78	56	38	19
March 2030.	77	47	0	0	0	86	69	41	21	3	87	71	46	27	11
March 2031.	72	37	0	0	0	83	62	32	13	0	85	65	37	20	6
March 2032.	67	27	0	0	0	81	57	25	7	0	82	60	31	14	3
March 2033.	63	19	0	0	0	78	52	19	2	0	80	56	25	10	1
March 2034.	60	11	0	0	0	76	47	14	0	0	78	52	21	7	0
March 2035.	57	4	0	0	0	74	43	10	0	0	76	48	17	5	0
March 2036.	53	0	0	0	0	72	39	7	0	0	74	44	14	3	0
March 2037.	50	0	0	0	0	70	36	4	0	0	72	41	11	2	0
March 2038.	46	0	0	0	0	68	32	1	0	0	71	38	9	1	0
March 2039.	42	0	0	0	0	66	29	0	0	0	68	35	8	1	0
March 2040.	39	0	0	0	0	64	26	0	0	0	66	32	6	0	0
March 2041.	35	0	0	0	0	61	23	0	0	0	64	29	5	0	0
March 2042.	31	0	0	0	0	59	21	0	0	0	62	27	4	0	0
March 2043.	27	0	0	0	0	57	18	0	0	0	60	25	3	0	0
March 2044.	23	0	0	0	0	54	16	0	0	0	58	23	2	0	0
March 2045.	19	0	0	0	0	52	14	0	0	0	56	20	2	0	0
March 2046.	14	0	0	0	0	49	11	0	0	0	53	19	1	0	0
March 2047.	10	0	0	0	0	46	9	0	0	0	51	17	1	0	0
March 2048.	5	0	0	0	0	44	8	0	0	0	48	15	0	0	0
March 2049.	0	0	0	0	0	41	6	0	0	0	45	13	0	0	0
March 2050.	0	0	0	0	0	37	4	0	0	0	42	12	0	0	0
March 2051.	0	0	0	0	0	34	3	0	0	0	39	10	0	0	0
March 2052.	0	0	0	0	0	31	1	0	0	0	36	9	0	0	0
March 2053.	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	33	8	0	0	0
March 2054.	0	0	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	29	6	0	0	0
March 2055.	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	25	5	0	0	0
March 2056.	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	22	4	0	0	0
March 2057.	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	18	3	0	0	0
March 2058.	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	14	2	0	0	0
March 2059.	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	0	0
March 2060.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0
March 2061.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
March 2062.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
March 2063.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
March 2064.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2065.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2066.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	11.1	4.1	1.8	1.1	0.7	18.2	9.3	4.0	2.4	1.5	19.5	10.9	5.0	3.0	1.8

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class AE					Classes AG, AJ and GI					Class BV				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	97	91	79	67	49	96	89	75	62	41	93	93	93	93	93
March 2028.	92	81	60	41	16	91	78	53	31	3	85	85	85	85	85
March 2029.	88	72	44	22	0	86	67	35	9	0	78	78	78	78	78
March 2030.	84	63	31	8	0	82	58	20	0	0	69	69	69	69	69
March 2031.	80	56	20	0	0	77	49	8	0	0	61	61	61	61	1
March 2032.	77	50	12	0	0	74	42	0	0	0	52	52	52	52	0
March 2033.	75	44	5	0	0	71	35	0	0	0	43	43	43	43	0
March 2034.	72	39	0	0	0	68	29	0	0	0	33	33	33	7	0
March 2035.	70	34	0	0	0	65	23	0	0	0	23	23	23	0	0
March 2036.	68	29	0	0	0	62	18	0	0	0	12	12	12	0	0
March 2037.	65	25	0	0	0	60	13	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
March 2038.	63	21	0	0	0	57	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2039.	60	17	0	0	0	54	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2040.	57	14	0	0	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2041.	55	10	0	0	0	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2042.	52	7	0	0	0	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2043.	50	4	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2044.	47	2	0	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2045.	44	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2046.	41	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2047.	37	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2048.	34	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2049.	31	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2050.	27	0	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2051.	23	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2052.	19	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2053.	15	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2054.	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2055.	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2056.	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2057.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2058.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2059.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2060.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2061.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2062.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2063.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2064.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2065.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2066.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	15.9	7.1	3.0	1.8	1.1	13.9	5.7	2.4	1.5	0.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.4	3.9

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class BZ					Class CV					Class CZ				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	105	105	105	105	105	93	93	93	93	93	105	105	105	105	105
March 2028.	109	109	109	109	109	85	85	85	85	85	109	109	109	109	109
March 2029.	114	114	114	114	114	78	78	78	78	78	114	114	114	114	114
March 2030.	120	120	120	120	120	69	69	69	69	69	120	120	120	120	120
March 2031.	125	125	125	125	125	61	61	61	61	61	125	125	125	125	125
March 2032.	131	131	131	131	73	52	52	52	52	52	131	131	131	131	131
March 2033.	137	137	137	137	43	43	43	43	43	43	137	137	137	137	137
March 2034.	143	143	143	143	25	33	33	33	33	33	143	143	143	143	143
March 2035.	150	150	150	108	15	23	23	23	23	0	150	150	150	150	146
March 2036.	157	157	157	79	9	12	12	12	12	0	157	157	157	157	85
March 2037.	164	164	164	58	5	1	1	1	1	0	164	164	164	164	50
March 2038.	164	164	164	42	3	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	164	29
March 2039.	164	164	156	31	2	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	164	17
March 2040.	164	164	129	22	1	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	164	10
March 2041.	164	164	106	16	1	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	162	6
March 2042.	164	164	87	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	118	3
March 2043.	164	164	72	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	85	2
March 2044.	164	164	59	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	62	1
March 2045.	164	164	48	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	44	1
March 2046.	164	164	39	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	32	0
March 2047.	164	164	32	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	23	0
March 2048.	164	164	26	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	16	0
March 2049.	164	164	20	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	11	0
March 2050.	164	164	16	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	162	8	0
March 2051.	164	164	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	128	6	0
March 2052.	164	164	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	100	4	0
March 2053.	164	156	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	77	3	0
March 2054.	164	133	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	59	2	0
March 2055.	164	110	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	44	1	0
March 2056.	164	90	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	32	1	0
March 2057.	164	71	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	23	0	0
March 2058.	164	53	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	15	0	0
March 2059.	164	36	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	9	0	0
March 2060.	113	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	5	0	0
March 2061.	52	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	88	2	0	0
March 2062.	43	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	69	1	0	0
March 2063.	33	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	50	1	0	0
March 2064.	23	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	33	1	0	0
March 2065.	12	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	118	16	0	0	0
March 2066.	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	5	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	35.2	30.7	17.6	11.3	6.9	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.7	39.5	36.1	27.5	18.0	10.8

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class EV					Class EZ					Class GV				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	93	93	93	93	93	105	105	105	105	105	93	93	93	93	93
March 2028.	85	85	85	85	85	109	109	109	109	109	85	85	85	85	85
March 2029.	78	78	78	78	42	114	114	114	114	114	78	78	78	78	0
March 2030.	69	69	69	69	0	120	120	120	120	35	69	69	69	0	0
March 2031.	61	61	61	31	0	125	125	125	125	0	61	61	61	0	0
March 2032.	52	52	52	0	0	131	131	131	76	0	52	52	24	0	0
March 2033.	43	43	43	0	0	137	137	137	25	0	43	43	0	0	0
March 2034.	33	33	24	0	0	143	143	143	0	0	33	33	0	0	0
March 2035.	23	23	0	0	0	150	150	113	0	0	23	23	0	0	0
March 2036.	12	12	0	0	0	157	157	75	0	0	12	12	0	0	0
March 2037.	1	1	0	0	0	164	164	43	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
March 2038.	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2039.	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2040.	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2041.	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2042.	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2043.	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2044.	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2045.	0	0	0	0	0	164	155	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2046.	0	0	0	0	0	164	131	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2047.	0	0	0	0	0	164	109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2048.	0	0	0	0	0	164	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2049.	0	0	0	0	0	164	67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2050.	0	0	0	0	0	164	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2051.	0	0	0	0	0	164	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2052.	0	0	0	0	0	164	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2053.	0	0	0	0	0	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2054.	0	0	0	0	0	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2055.	0	0	0	0	0	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2056.	0	0	0	0	0	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2057.	0	0	0	0	0	122	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2058.	0	0	0	0	0	73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2059.	0	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2060.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2061.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2062.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2063.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2064.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2065.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2066.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	6.0	6.0	5.5	4.1	2.7	31.8	22.4	10.2	6.3	3.8	6.0	6.0	4.6	3.2	2.0

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class GZ					Class HV					Class HZ				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	105	105	105	105	105	93	93	93	93	93	105	105	105	105	105
March 2028.	109	109	109	109	109	85	85	85	85	85	109	109	109	109	109
March 2029.	114	114	114	114	0	78	78	78	78	78	114	114	114	114	114
March 2030.	120	120	120	96	0	69	69	69	69	69	120	120	120	120	120
March 2031.	125	125	125	0	0	61	61	61	61	14	125	125	125	125	125
March 2032.	131	131	131	0	0	52	52	52	52	0	131	131	131	131	78
March 2033.	137	137	62	0	0	43	43	43	43	0	137	137	137	137	46
March 2034.	143	143	0	0	0	33	33	33	22	0	143	143	143	143	27
March 2035.	150	150	0	0	0	23	23	23	0	0	150	150	150	115	16
March 2036.	157	157	0	0	0	12	12	12	0	0	157	157	157	84	9
March 2037.	164	164	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	164	164	164	62	5
March 2038.	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	45	3
March 2039.	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	164	33	2
March 2040.	164	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	137	24	1
March 2041.	164	128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	113	17	1
March 2042.	164	90	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	93	13	0
March 2043.	164	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	77	9	0
March 2044.	164	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	63	7	0
March 2045.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	51	5	0
March 2046.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	42	3	0
March 2047.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	34	2	0
March 2048.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	27	2	0
March 2049.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	22	1	0
March 2050.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	17	1	0
March 2051.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	14	1	0
March 2052.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	11	0	0
March 2053.	164	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	164	8	0	0
March 2054.	124	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	141	6	0	0
March 2055.	65	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	117	5	0	0
March 2056.	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	95	3	0	0
March 2057.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	75	2	0	0
March 2058.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	56	2	0	0
March 2059.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	164	38	1	0	0
March 2060.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	121	21	0	0	0
March 2061.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	56	9	0	0	0
March 2062.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	7	0	0	0
March 2063.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	5	0	0	0
March 2064.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	4	0	0	0
March 2065.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	2	0	0	0
March 2066.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	28.7	16.3	7.0	4.3	2.6	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.5	4.0	35.3	31.0	17.9	11.4	7.0

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Classes IB, IO and PT					Class L					Class LA				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	97	93	83	74	60	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2028.	94	85	68	54	35	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2029.	91	78	56	39	20	100	100	100	100	63	100	100	100	100	92
March 2030.	88	71	46	28	12	100	100	100	87	38	100	100	100	100	56
March 2031.	85	66	38	20	7	100	100	100	64	23	100	100	100	93	34
March 2032.	82	61	31	15	4	100	100	97	48	13	100	100	100	69	20
March 2033.	80	56	26	11	2	100	100	81	36	8	100	100	100	52	12
March 2034.	78	52	21	8	1	100	100	67	27	5	100	100	98	39	7
March 2035.	76	48	18	6	1	100	100	57	20	3	100	100	82	29	4
March 2036.	75	45	15	4	0	100	100	48	15	2	100	100	69	21	2
March 2037.	73	41	12	3	0	100	100	40	11	1	100	100	58	16	1
March 2038.	71	38	10	2	0	100	100	34	8	1	100	100	49	11	1
March 2039.	69	35	8	2	0	100	100	28	6	0	100	100	41	8	0
March 2040.	67	33	7	1	0	100	100	24	4	0	100	100	34	6	0
March 2041.	65	30	6	1	0	100	93	19	3	0	100	100	28	5	0
March 2042.	63	28	5	1	0	100	86	16	2	0	100	100	23	3	0
March 2043.	61	25	4	0	0	100	79	13	2	0	100	100	19	2	0
March 2044.	58	23	3	0	0	100	73	11	1	0	100	100	16	2	0
March 2045.	56	21	3	0	0	100	67	9	1	0	100	97	13	1	0
March 2046.	54	19	2	0	0	100	61	7	1	0	100	89	11	1	0
March 2047.	51	17	2	0	0	100	55	6	0	0	100	81	9	1	0
March 2048.	49	16	1	0	0	100	50	5	0	0	100	73	7	0	0
March 2049.	46	14	1	0	0	100	46	4	0	0	100	66	6	0	0
March 2050.	43	13	1	0	0	100	41	3	0	0	100	60	5	0	0
March 2051.	40	11	1	0	0	100	37	2	0	0	100	53	4	0	0
March 2052.	37	10	1	0	0	100	32	2	0	0	100	47	3	0	0
March 2053.	33	8	0	0	0	100	29	1	0	0	100	42	2	0	0
March 2054.	30	7	0	0	0	92	24	1	0	0	100	35	2	0	0
March 2055.	26	6	0	0	0	81	20	1	0	0	100	29	1	0	0
March 2056.	22	5	0	0	0	70	16	1	0	0	100	24	1	0	0
March 2057.	19	4	0	0	0	59	13	0	0	0	86	19	1	0	0
March 2058.	15	3	0	0	0	47	10	0	0	0	68	14	0	0	0
March 2059.	10	2	0	0	0	35	7	0	0	0	50	10	0	0	0
March 2060.	6	1	0	0	0	21	4	0	0	0	30	5	0	0	0
March 2061.	3	0	0	0	0	10	2	0	0	0	14	2	0	0	0
March 2062.	2	0	0	0	0	8	1	0	0	0	12	2	0	0	0
March 2063.	2	0	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0	9	1	0	0	0
March 2064.	1	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	6	1	0	0	0
March 2065.	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
March 2066.	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	19.7	11.2	5.2	3.2	1.9	31.9	23.0	11.3	6.9	4.1	33.3	26.0	13.3	8.1	4.8

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class LB					Class LC					Class LD				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2028.	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	70	100	100	100	100	100
March 2029.	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	81	31	100	100	100	100	100
March 2030.	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	53	9	100	100	100	100	100
March 2031.	100	100	100	100	77	100	100	79	32	0	100	100	100	100	82
March 2032.	100	100	100	100	45	100	100	61	17	0	100	100	100	100	50
March 2033.	100	100	100	100	27	100	100	47	7	0	100	100	100	100	30
March 2034.	100	100	100	91	16	100	100	35	0	0	100	100	100	96	19
March 2035.	100	100	100	67	9	100	100	25	0	0	100	100	100	71	13
March 2036.	100	100	100	49	5	100	97	17	0	0	100	100	100	53	7
March 2037.	100	100	100	36	3	100	88	11	0	0	100	100	100	40	4
March 2038.	100	100	100	26	2	100	80	5	0	0	100	100	100	30	3
March 2039.	100	100	96	19	1	100	72	0	0	0	100	100	100	23	1
March 2040.	100	100	79	14	1	100	65	0	0	0	100	100	84	18	1
March 2041.	100	100	65	10	0	100	58	0	0	0	100	100	70	14	0
March 2042.	100	100	54	8	0	100	52	0	0	0	100	100	58	10	0
March 2043.	100	100	44	5	0	100	46	0	0	0	100	100	49	7	0
March 2044.	100	100	36	4	0	100	40	0	0	0	100	100	40	5	0
March 2045.	100	100	30	3	0	100	34	0	0	0	100	100	34	4	0
March 2046.	100	100	24	2	0	100	29	0	0	0	100	100	28	3	0
March 2047.	100	100	20	1	0	100	24	0	0	0	100	100	23	2	0
March 2048.	100	100	16	1	0	100	20	0	0	0	100	100	20	1	0
March 2049.	100	100	13	1	0	100	16	0	0	0	100	100	17	1	0
March 2050.	100	100	10	1	0	92	11	0	0	0	100	100	14	1	0
March 2051.	100	100	8	0	0	84	8	0	0	0	100	100	11	0	0
March 2052.	100	100	6	0	0	76	4	0	0	0	100	100	9	0	0
March 2053.	100	96	5	0	0	67	0	0	0	0	100	100	7	0	0
March 2054.	100	81	4	0	0	57	0	0	0	0	100	87	5	0	0
March 2055.	100	68	3	0	0	47	0	0	0	0	100	72	4	0	0
March 2056.	100	55	2	0	0	37	0	0	0	0	100	60	3	0	0
March 2057.	100	44	1	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	100	48	2	0	0
March 2058.	100	33	1	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	100	37	1	0	0
March 2059.	100	22	1	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	100	26	1	0	0
March 2060.	70	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	74	16	0	0	0
March 2061.	32	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	8	0	0	0
March 2062.	27	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	6	0	0	0
March 2063.	21	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	4	0	0	0
March 2064.	14	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	3	0	0	0
March 2065.	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	1	0	0	0
March 2066.	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	35.2	30.8	17.7	10.9	6.4	28.6	16.9	7.3	4.4	2.6	35.5	31.2	18.3	11.3	6.6

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class V					Class VA					Class VB				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
March 2028.	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85
March 2029.	78	78	78	78	40	78	78	78	78	58	78	78	78	78	78
March 2030.	69	69	69	48	21	69	69	69	69	30	69	69	69	69	69
March 2031.	61	61	61	30	1	61	61	61	44	1	61	61	61	61	3
March 2032.	52	52	43	15	0	52	52	52	23	0	52	52	52	52	0
March 2033.	43	43	29	13	0	43	43	43	18	0	43	43	43	43	0
March 2034.	33	33	19	3	0	33	33	28	4	0	33	33	33	9	0
March 2035.	23	23	7	0	0	23	23	10	0	0	23	23	23	0	0
March 2036.	12	12	4	0	0	12	12	5	0	0	12	12	12	0	0
March 2037.	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
March 2038.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2039.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2040.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2041.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2042.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2043.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2044.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2045.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2046.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2047.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2048.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2049.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2050.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2051.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2052.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2053.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2054.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2055.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2056.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2057.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2058.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2059.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2060.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2061.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2062.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2063.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2064.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2065.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2066.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	6.0	6.0	5.4	4.2	2.9	6.0	6.0	5.7	4.7	3.2	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.4	3.9

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates

Distribution Date	Class Z					Class ZA					Class ZB				
	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%	0%	5%	15%	25%	40%
Initial Percent	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
March 2027.	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105	105
March 2028.	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109
March 2029.	114	114	114	114	79	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114	114
March 2030.	120	120	120	112	49	120	120	120	120	72	120	120	120	120	120
March 2031.	125	125	125	86	37	125	125	125	125	54	125	125	125	125	125
March 2032.	131	131	131	68	22	131	131	131	100	32	131	131	131	131	74
March 2033.	137	137	114	51	13	137	137	137	74	19	137	137	137	137	44
March 2034.	143	143	98	43	8	143	143	143	62	11	143	143	143	143	26
March 2035.	150	150	89	33	5	150	150	129	47	7	150	150	150	109	15
March 2036.	157	157	76	24	3	157	157	110	35	4	157	157	157	80	9
March 2037.	164	164	66	18	2	164	164	96	26	2	164	164	164	59	5
March 2038.	164	164	55	13	1	164	164	81	19	1	164	164	164	43	3
March 2039.	164	164	47	9	1	164	164	68	14	1	164	164	157	32	2
March 2040.	164	164	39	7	0	164	164	56	10	0	164	164	130	23	1
March 2041.	164	153	32	5	0	164	164	47	7	0	164	164	107	17	1
March 2042.	164	141	26	4	0	164	164	38	5	0	164	164	88	12	0
March 2043.	164	130	22	3	0	164	164	32	4	0	164	164	73	9	0
March 2044.	164	119	18	2	0	164	164	26	3	0	164	164	60	7	0
March 2045.	164	109	15	1	0	164	159	21	2	0	164	164	49	5	0
March 2046.	164	100	12	1	0	164	146	17	1	0	164	164	40	3	0
March 2047.	164	91	10	1	0	164	133	14	1	0	164	164	32	2	0
March 2048.	164	83	8	1	0	164	121	11	1	0	164	164	26	2	0
March 2049.	164	75	6	0	0	164	109	9	1	0	164	164	21	1	0
March 2050.	164	67	5	0	0	164	98	7	0	0	164	164	17	1	0
March 2051.	164	60	4	0	0	164	88	6	0	0	164	164	14	1	0
March 2052.	164	53	3	0	0	164	78	5	0	0	164	164	11	0	0
March 2053.	164	47	2	0	0	164	68	4	0	0	164	157	8	0	0
March 2054.	152	40	2	0	0	164	58	3	0	0	164	134	6	0	0
March 2055.	133	33	1	0	0	164	48	2	0	0	164	111	5	0	0
March 2056.	115	27	1	0	0	164	39	1	0	0	164	91	3	0	0
March 2057.	97	21	1	0	0	141	31	1	0	0	164	72	2	0	0
March 2058.	77	16	0	0	0	112	23	1	0	0	164	54	2	0	0
March 2059.	57	11	0	0	0	83	16	0	0	0	164	37	1	0	0
March 2060.	34	6	0	0	0	50	9	0	0	0	114	21	0	0	0
March 2061.	16	3	0	0	0	23	4	0	0	0	53	9	0	0	0
March 2062.	13	2	0	0	0	19	3	0	0	0	44	7	0	0	0
March 2063.	10	2	0	0	0	15	2	0	0	0	34	5	0	0	0
March 2064.	7	1	0	0	0	10	2	0	0	0	23	3	0	0	0
March 2065.	4	1	0	0	0	5	1	0	0	0	12	2	0	0	0
March 2066.	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0
March 2067.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Weighted Average Life (years)	31.9	23.0	12.2	7.5	4.5	33.3	26.0	13.9	8.8	5.2	35.2	30.8	17.7	11.3	6.9

Yield Considerations

An investor seeking to maximize yield should make a decision whether to invest in any Class based on:

- the anticipated yield of that Class resulting from its purchase price,
- the investor's own projection of Mortgage Loan prepayment rates under a variety of scenarios and
- the investor's own projection of the likelihood of extensions of the maturity of any Trust CLC or delays with respect to the conversion of a Trust CLC to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate.

No representation is made regarding Mortgage Loan prepayment rates, the occurrence and duration of extensions, if any, the timing of conversions, if any, or the yield of any Class.

Prepayments: Effect on Yields

The yields to investors will be sensitive in varying degrees to the rate of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans.

- In the case of Regular or MX Securities purchased at a premium (especially the Interest Only Classes), faster than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.
- Investors in the Interest Only Classes should also consider the risk that rapid rates of principal payments could result in the failure of investors to recover fully their investments.
- In the case of Regular or MX Securities purchased at a discount, slower than anticipated rates of principal payments could result in actual yields to investors that are lower than the anticipated yields.

See "Risk Factors — Rates of principal payments can reduce your yield" in this Supplement.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans prohibit voluntary prepayments during specified lockout periods with remaining terms that range from 0 to 12 months. The Mortgage Loans have a weighted average remaining lockout period of approximately 1 month and a weighted average remaining term to maturity of approximately 419 months.

Certain of the Mortgage Loans are insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f), which, with respect to certain mortgage loans insured thereunder, prohibits prepayments for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, regardless of any applicable lockout periods associated with such mortgage loans.

The Mortgage Loans also provide for payment of a Prepayment Penalty in connection with prepayments for a period extending beyond the lockout period or, if no lockout period applies, the applicable Issue Date. *See "The Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates — Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans" and "Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans" in Exhibit A to this Supplement.* The required payment of a Prepayment Penalty may not be a sufficient disincentive to prevent a borrower from voluntarily prepaying a Mortgage Loan.

In addition, in some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any lockout, statutory prepayment prohibition or Prepayment Penalty provisions.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trust will not be entitled to receive any principal prepayments or any applicable Prepayment Penalties with respect to the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the earliest of (i) the liquidation of such Mortgage Loans, (ii) at the related Ginnie Mae Issuer's option, either (a) the first Ginnie Mae Certificate Payment Date of the Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate following the conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate or (b) the date of conversion of the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate to a Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate, and (iii) the applicable Maturity Date. However, the Holders of the Securities will not receive any such amounts until the next Distribution Date and will not be entitled to receive any interest on such amounts, and the related WACR will be reduced accordingly.

Information relating to lockout periods, statutory prepayment prohibition periods and Prepayment Penalties is contained under “*Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans*” and “*Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations*” in this Supplement and in Exhibit A to this Supplement.

Rapid rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of low prevailing interest rates.

- During periods of low prevailing interest rates, the yields at which an investor may be able to reinvest amounts received as principal payments on the investor’s Class of Securities may be lower than the yield on that Class.

Slow rates of prepayments on the Mortgage Loans are likely to coincide with periods of high prevailing interest rates.

- During periods of high prevailing interest rates, the amount of principal payments available to an investor for reinvestment at those high rates may be relatively low.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity, nor will all of the Mortgage Loans prepay at the same rate at any one time. The timing of changes in the rate of prepayments may affect the actual yield to an investor, even if the average rate of principal prepayments is consistent with the investor’s expectation. In general, the earlier a prepayment of principal on the Mortgage Loans, the greater the effect on an investor’s yield. As a result, the effect on an investor’s yield of principal prepayments occurring at a rate higher (or lower) than the rate anticipated by the investor during the period immediately following the Closing Date is not likely to be offset by a later equivalent reduction (or increase) in the rate of principal prepayments.

Payment Delay: Effect on Yields of the Fixed Rate and Delay Classes

The effective yield on any Fixed Rate or Delay Class will be less than the yield otherwise produced by its Interest Rate and purchase price because on any Distribution Date, 30 days’ interest will be payable on (or added to the principal amount of) that Class even though interest began to accrue approximately 46 days earlier.

Yield Tables

The following tables show the pre-tax yields to maturity on a corporate bond equivalent basis of specified Classes based on the assumption that the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD and the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans prepay at 0% CPR and 0% PLD until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates after which they prepay at the CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates and 100% PLD.

The Mortgage Loans will not prepay at any constant rate until maturity. Moreover, it is likely that the Mortgage Loans will experience actual prepayment rates that differ from those of the Modeling Assumptions. Therefore, the actual pre-tax yield of any Class may differ from those shown in the applicable table below even if the Class is purchased at the assumed price shown.

The yields were calculated by:

1. determining the monthly discount rates that, when applied to the applicable assumed streams of cash flows to be paid on the applicable Class, would cause the discounted present value of the assumed streams of cash flows to equal the assumed purchase price of that Class plus accrued interest, and
2. converting the monthly rates to corporate bond equivalent rates.

These calculations do not take into account variations that may occur in the interest rates at which investors may be able to reinvest funds received by them as distributions on their Securities and consequently do not purport to reflect the return on any investment in any Class when those reinvestment rates are considered.

The information set forth in the following tables was prepared on the basis of the Modeling Assumptions and the assumption that the purchase price of each Class (expressed as a percentage of its original Class Notional Balance) plus accrued interest is as indicated in the related table. **The assumed purchase price is not necessarily that at which actual sales will occur.**

**Sensitivity of Class GI to Prepayments
Assumed Price 0.75%***

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates			
5%	15%	25%	40%
18.8%	(12.2)%	(48.1)%	**

**Sensitivity of Class IB to Prepayments
Assumed Price 8.25%***

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates			
5%	15%	25%	40%
6.5%	4.7%	6.2%	11.3%

**Sensitivity of Class IO to Prepayments
Assumed Price 7.75%***

CPR Prepayment Assumption Rates			
5%	15%	25%	40%
6.2%	5.5%	8.2%	15.3%

* The price does not include accrued interest. Accrued interest has been added to the price in calculating the yields set forth in the table.

** Indicates that investors will suffer a loss of virtually all of their investment.

CERTAIN UNITED STATES FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSEQUENCES

The following tax discussion, when read in conjunction with the discussion of “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, describes the material United States federal income tax considerations for investors in the Securities. However, these two tax discussions do not purport to deal with all United States federal tax consequences applicable to all categories of investors, some of which may be subject to special rules.

REMIC Elections

In the opinion of Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, the Trust will constitute a Double REMIC Series for United States federal income tax purposes. Separate REMIC elections will be made for the Pooling REMIC and the Issuing REMIC.

Regular Securities

The Regular Securities will be treated as debt instruments issued by the Issuing REMIC for United States federal income tax purposes. Income on the Regular Securities must be reported under an accrual method of accounting.

The Notional and Accrual Classes of Regular Securities will be issued with original issue discount (“OID”), and certain other Classes of Regular Securities may be issued with OID. See “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Regular Securities — Original Issue Discount,*” “*— Variable Rate Securities*” and “*— Interest Weighted Securities and Non-VRDI Securities*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

The prepayment assumption that should be used in determining the rates of accrual of OID, if any, on the Regular Securities is 15% CPR and 100% PLD in the case of the Trust PLC Mortgage Loans and 0% CPR and 0% PLD in the case of the Trust CLC Mortgage Loans until the Trust CLCs convert to Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificates, after which the prepayment assumption that should be used is 15% CPR and 100% PLD (as described in “Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations” in this Supplement). No representation is made, however, about the rate at which prepayments on the Mortgage Loans underlying the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates actually will occur. See “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences*” in the *Multifamily Base Offering Circular*.

The Regular Securities generally will be treated as “regular interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and “real estate assets” for real estate investment trusts (“REITs”) as described in “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular. Similarly, interest on the Regular Securities will be considered “interest on obligations secured by mortgages on real property” for REITs as described in “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Residual Securities

The Class RR Securities will represent the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Pooling REMIC and the beneficial ownership of the Residual Interest in the Issuing REMIC. The Residual Securities, i.e., the Class RR Securities, generally will be treated as “residual interests” in a REMIC for domestic building and loan associations and as “real estate assets” for REITs, as described in “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular, but will not be treated as debt for United States federal income tax purposes. Instead, the Holders of the Residual Securities will be required to report, and will be taxed on, their pro rata shares of the taxable income or loss of the Trust REMICs, and these requirements will continue until there are no outstanding regular interests in the respective Trust REMICs. Thus, Residual Holders will have taxable income attributable to the Residual Securities even though they will not receive principal or interest distributions with respect to the Residual Securities, which could result in a negative after-tax return for the Residual Holders. Even though the Holders of the Residual Securities are not entitled to any stated principal or interest payments on the Residual Securities, the Trust REMICs may have substantial taxable income in certain periods, and offsetting tax losses may not occur until much later periods. Accordingly, the Holders of the Residual Securities may experience substantial adverse tax timing consequences. Prospective investors are urged to consult their own tax advisors and consider the after-tax effect of ownership of the Residual Securities and the suitability of the Residual Securities to their investment objectives.

Prospective Holders of Residual Securities should be aware that, at issuance, based on the expected prices of the Regular and Residual Securities and the prepayment assumption described above, the residual interests represented by the Residual Securities will be treated as “noneconomic residual interests” as that term is defined in Treasury regulations.

Under the One Big Beautiful Bill Act, an individual, trust or estate that holds Residual Securities (directly or indirectly through a grantor trust, a partnership, an S corporation, a common trust fund, or a non-publicly offered RIC) generally will not be eligible to deduct its allocable share of the Trust REMICs’ fees or expenses under Section 212 of the Code for any taxable year (including taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2026). This discussion supersedes the discussion in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular under “Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of Residual Holders — Special Considerations for Certain Types of Investors — Individuals and Pass Through Entities” regarding the deductibility by such persons of such fees and expenses. Prospective investors in Residual Securities are urged to consult with their tax advisors regarding the potential applicability of this legislation to their particular situation.

MX Securities

For a discussion of certain United States federal income tax consequences applicable to the MX Classes, see “*Certain United States Federal Income Tax Consequences — Tax Treatment of MX Securities,*” “*— Exchanges of MX Classes and Regular Classes*” and “*— Taxation of Foreign Holders of REMIC Securities and MX Securities*” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

Investors should consult their own tax advisors in determining the United States federal, state, local, foreign and any other tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the Securities.

ERISA MATTERS

Ginnie Mae guarantees distributions of principal and interest with respect to the Securities. The Ginnie Mae Guaranty is supported by the full faith and credit of the United States of America. Ginnie Mae does not guarantee the payment of any Prepayment Penalties. The Regular and MX Securities will qualify

as “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificates” within the meaning of a Department of Labor regulation, the effect of which is to provide that mortgage loans and participations therein underlying a “guaranteed governmental mortgage pool certificate” will not be considered assets of an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended (“ERISA”), or subject to Section 4975 of the Code (each, a “Plan”), solely by reason of the Plan’s purchase and holding of that certificate.

Prospective Plan Investors should consult with their advisors to determine whether the purchase, holding or resale of a Security could give rise to a transaction that is prohibited or is not otherwise permissible under either ERISA or the Code.

Governmental plans and certain church plans, while not subject to the fiduciary responsibility provisions of ERISA or the prohibited transaction provisions of ERISA and the Code, may nevertheless be subject to local, state or other federal laws that are substantially similar to the foregoing provisions of ERISA and the Code (“Similar Law”).

Fiduciaries of any such Plans or governmental or church plans subject to Similar Law should consult with their counsel before purchasing any of the Securities.

See “ERISA Considerations” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

The Residual Securities are not offered to, and may not be transferred to, a Plan Investor.

LEGAL INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS

Institutions whose investment activities are subject to legal investment laws and regulations or to review by certain regulatory authorities may be subject to restrictions on investment in the Securities. **No representation is made about the proper characterization of any Class for legal investment or other purposes, or about the permissibility of the purchase by particular investors of any Class under applicable legal investment restrictions.**

Investors should consult their own legal advisors regarding applicable investment restrictions and the effect of any restrictions on the liquidity of the Securities prior to investing in the Securities.

See “Legal Investment Considerations” in the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Sponsor Agreement, the Sponsor has agreed to purchase all of the Securities if any are sold and purchased. The Sponsor proposes to offer the Regular and MX Classes to the public from time to time for sale in negotiated transactions at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale, plus accrued interest from March 1, 2026. The Sponsor may effect these transactions by sales to or through certain securities dealers. These dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the Sponsor and/or commissions from any purchasers for which they act as agents. Some of the Securities may be sold through dealers in relatively small sales. In the usual case, the commission charged on a relatively small sale of securities will be a higher percentage of the sales price than that charged on a large sale of securities.

INCREASE IN SIZE

Before the Closing Date, Ginnie Mae, the Trustee and the Sponsor may agree to increase the size of this offering. In that event, the Securities will have the same characteristics as described in this Supplement, except that the Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of each Class will increase by the same proportion. The Trust Agreement, the Final Data Statement and the Supplemental Statement, if any, will reflect any increase in the size of the transaction.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Ginnie Mae by Hunton Andrews Kurth LLP and Harrell & Chambliss LLP, for the Trust by Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP and Marcell Solomon & Associates, P.C., and for the Trustee by Faegre Drinker Biddle & Reath LLP.

Available Combinations(1)

REMIC Securities		MX Securities						
Class	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance or Notional Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Combination 1								
AG	\$127,765,206	AB	\$172,362,881	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TURI	October 2060
EV	9,676,124							
EZ	15,035,454							
GI	127,765,206							
GV	7,786,647							
GZ	12,099,450							
Combination 2								
AG	\$127,765,206	AE	\$147,651,303	SEQ	4.5%	FIX	38384TUS9	February 2058
GI	127,765,206							
GV	7,786,647							
GZ	12,099,450							
Combination 3								
AG	\$127,765,206	AJ	\$127,765,206	SEQ	4.5%	FIX	38384TUT7	August 2055
GI	127,765,206							
Combination 4								
GI	\$127,765,206	IB	\$225,285,175	NLT (PT)	(5)	WAC/IO/DLY	38384TUU4	February 2067
IO	225,285,175							
Combination 5								
BV	\$ 6,518,616	L	\$ 63,530,117	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TUV2	February 2067
BZ	10,129,097							
CV	33,619							
CZ	52,240							
EV	9,676,124							
EZ	15,035,454							

REMIC Securities		MX Securities						
Class	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance or Notional Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
GZ	7,786,647							
GZ	12,099,450							
HV	860,994							
HZ	1,337,876							
Combination 6								
BV	\$ 6,518,616	LA	\$ 43,644,020	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TUW0	February 2067
BZ	10,129,097							
CV	33,619							
CZ	52,240							
EV	9,676,124							
EZ	15,035,454							
HV	860,994							
HZ	1,337,876							
Combination 7								
BV	\$ 6,518,616	LB	\$ 18,932,442	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TUX8	February 2067
BZ	10,129,097							
CV	33,619							
CZ	52,240							
HV	860,994							
HZ	1,337,876							
Combination 8								
CV	\$ 33,619	LD	\$ 2,284,729	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TUY6	February 2067
CZ	52,240							
HV	860,994							
HZ	1,337,876							
Combination 9								
AG	\$127,765,206	PT	\$189,010,594	PT	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TUZ3	February 2067
BV	6,518,616							

REMIC Securities		MX Securities						
Class	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance or Notional Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
BZ	10,129,097							
EV	9,676,124							
EZ	15,035,454							
GI	127,765,206							
GV	7,786,647							
GZ	12,099,450							
Combination 10								
BV	\$ 6,518,616	V	\$ 24,876,000	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TVA7	December 2038
CV	33,619							
EV	9,676,124							
GV	7,786,647							
HV	860,994							
Combination 11								
BV	\$ 6,518,616	VA	\$ 17,089,353	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TVB5	December 2038
CV	33,619							
EV	9,676,124							
HV	860,994							
Combination 12								
BV	\$ 6,518,616	VB	\$ 7,413,229	SEQ	(5)	WAC/DLY	38384TVC3	December 2038
CV	33,619							
HV	860,994							
Combination 13								
BZ	\$ 10,129,097	Z	\$ 38,654,117	SEQ	(5)	WAC/Z/DLY	38384TVD1	February 2067
CZ	52,240							
EZ	15,035,454							
GZ	12,099,450							
HZ	1,337,876							

REMIC Securities		MX Securities						
Class	Original Class Principal Balance or Class Notional Balance	Related MX Class	Maximum Original Class Principal Balance or Notional Balance(2)	Principal Type(3)	Interest Rate	Interest Type(3)	CUSIP Number	Final Distribution Date(4)
Combination 14								
BZ	\$10,129,097	ZA	\$26,554,667	SEQ	(5)	WAC/Z/DLY	38384TVE9	February 2067
CZ	52,240							
EZ	15,035,454							
HZ	1,337,876							
Combination 15								
BZ	\$10,129,097	ZB	\$11,519,213	SEQ	(5)	WAC/Z/DLY	38384TVF6	February 2067
CZ	52,240							
HZ	1,337,876							

(1) All exchanges must comply with minimum denomination restrictions.

(2) The amount shown for each MX Class represents the maximum Original Class Principal Balance (or original Class Notional Balance) of that Class, assuming it were to be issued on the Closing Date.

(3) As defined under "Class Types" in Appendix I to the Multifamily Base Offering Circular.

(4) See "Yield, Maturity and Prepayment Considerations — Final Distribution Date" in this Supplement.

(5) The Interest Rate will be calculated as described under "Terms Sheet — Interest Rates" in this Supplement.

Characteristics of the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates and the Related Mortgage Loans(1)

Pool Number	Security Type	FHA Insurance Program(2)	City/County	State	Principal Balance as of the Date	Mortgage Interest Rate	Certificate Rate	Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate	Maturity Date	Monthly Principal Interest(3)	Original Term to Maturity (mos.)	Remaining Term to Maturity (mos.)	Period from Issuance (mos.)	Issue Date	Lockout Date(4)	Prepayment Date(5)	Lockout/Prepayment Code(6)	Remaining Lockout Period (mos.)(7)	Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Period (mos.)(8)	Remaining Interest Outstanding (mos.)(9)
DN3176	PLC	207/223(f)	San Antonio	TX	\$12,489,571.25	5.240%	4.990%	0.250%	Feb-61	\$65,012.07	421	419	2	Jan-26	Apr-26	Apr-36	A	0	120	0
DM8156	PLC	207/223(f)	Newark	NJ	11,985,891.00	5.180	4.930	0.250	Feb-61	(10)	420	419	1	Feb-26	Apr-26	Apr-36	A	0	120	0
DN1568	PLC	232/223(f)	East Orange	NJ	11,981,158.20	5.520	5.270	0.250	Jan-61	64,599.28	420	418	2	Jan-26	Mar-26	Mar-36	A	0	119	0
DE9905	PLC	207/223(f)	Absecon	OR	11,971,068.00	5.450	5.200	0.250	Nov-60	64,100.35	419	416	3	Dec-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0
DK6743	PLC	207/223(f)	Pendleton	OR	11,942,001.00	4.610	4.360	0.250	Oct-60	57,611.03	420	415	5	Oct-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0
DO6573	PLC	232/223(f)	Harlingen	TX	9,983,999.20	5.460	5.210	0.250	Dec-60	53,482.28	419	417	2	Jan-26	Feb-26	Feb-36	A	0	118	0
DM0357	PLC	232/223(f)	Monrstown	NJ	8,977,172.49	5.200	4.950	0.250	Dec-60	46,576.29	420	417	3	Dec-25	Feb-26	Feb-36	A	0	118	0
DN1435	PLC	207/223(f)	Watervliet	NY	8,490,731.01	5.300	5.050	0.250	Feb-61	(10)	421	419	2	Jan-26	Apr-26	Apr-36	B	0	120	0
CW0766	PLC	213	Maplewood	MIN	7,491,346.73	5.590	5.340	0.250	Aug-65	39,254.19	475	473	2	Jan-26	N/A	Oct-35	L	N/A	114	0
DJ5815	PLC	207/223(f)	Troy	MI	7,483,347.00	5.790	5.540	0.250	Dec-60	41,711.81	421	417	4	Nov-25	Feb-26	Feb-36	A	0	118	0
DE9895	PLC	232/223(f)	York	PA	7,447,127.18	6.050	5.800	0.250	Jul-55	45,252.29	359	352	7	Aug-25	Sep-25	Sep-35	A	0	113	0
DE9900	PLC	232/223(f)	Forest Hill	MD	6,729,208.25	5.650	5.400	0.250	Oct-60	36,942.63	419	415	4	Nov-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0
DI9904	PLC	232/223(f)	Kennesaw	GA	6,579,732.34	6.550	6.300	0.250	Aug-60	40,154.40	421	413	8	Jul-25	Oct-25	Oct-35	C	0	114	0
DM8161	PLC	232/223(f)	Clifton	NJ	5,985,707.76	5.480	5.230	0.250	Dec-60	32,142.39	420	417	3	Dec-25	Feb-26	Feb-36	A	0	118	0
DE9904	PLC	232/223(f)	Hamilton Square	NJ	5,985,534.24	5.450	5.200	0.250	Nov-60	32,050.18	419	416	3	Dec-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0
DL7505	PLC	232/223(f)	Dallas	TX	5,298,052.54	6.170	5.920	0.250	Sep-60	30,943.12	421	414	7	Aug-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0
DC7276	PLC	207/223(f)	Brooklyn	NY	4,155,653.07	5.930	5.680	0.250	Oct-60	(10)	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0
DL3197	PLC	232/223(f)	New Haven	CT	3,730,931.18	5.940	5.690	0.250	Oct-55	22,338.69	361	355	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0
DD4688	CLC	221(d)(4)	Panama City Beach	FL	3,500,000.00	5.600	5.350	0.250	Sep-60	18,290.71	508	491	17	Oct-24	Apr-27	Apr-37	A	12	132	11
DB6907	PLC	207/223(f)	Williamsburg	VA	3,063,743.18	5.900	5.650	0.250	Feb-67	17,339.53	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0
CZ7783	CLC	221(d)(4)	Gainesville	FL	3,000,000.00	5.980	5.630	0.350	Sep-66	16,464.60	507	486	21	Jun-24	Nov-26	Nov-36	B	7	127	6
CL1969	PLC	231	Fredrick	MD	2,992,976.45	4.370	4.120	0.250	Oct-65	13,257.69	478	475	3	Dec-25	N/A	Dec-35	O	N/A	116	0
CV7753	PLC	207/223(f)	Miami	FL	2,989,855.05	5.210	4.960	0.250	Nov-60	15,544.78	421	416	5	Oct-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0
DE9899	PLC	232/223(f)	Sherman	TX	2,907,028.91	5.940	5.690	0.250	Sep-60	16,530.07	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0
DB6881	CLC	221(d)(4)	Morehead City	NC	2,876,371.00	6.500	6.150	0.350	Oct-60	15,776.60	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	6	126	5
DC7271	PLC	232/223(f)	Portland	OR	2,792,935.84	5.890	5.640	0.250	Oct-60	15,776.60	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0
DJ4709	PLC	232/223(f)	East Windsor	CT	2,617,006.51	6.130	5.880	0.250	Sep-55	16,004.11	361	354	7	Aug-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0
DM0348	PLC	232/223(f)	Cordova	TN	2,577,190.92	5.890	5.640	0.250	Oct-60	14,557.91	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	B	0	116	0
DK6738	PLC	232/223(f)	Austin	TX	2,538,329.96	5.870	5.620	0.250	Sep-60	14,315.26	421	414	7	Aug-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0
CU4682	CLC	221(d)(4)	Austin	TX	2,500,000.00	5.970	5.720	0.250	Dec-66	13,703.09	509	489	20	Jul-24	Feb-27	Feb-37	A	10	130	9
DJ0385	PLC	207/223(f)	Staten Island	NY	2,246,245.88	5.250	5.000	0.250	Jan-61	11,716.72	421	418	3	Dec-25	Mar-26	Mar-36	A	0	119	0
DJ5988	PLC	232/223(f)	Salem	OR	2,243,547.34	5.940	5.690	0.250	Nov-60	12,738.74	421	416	5	Oct-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0
DG0406	PLC	232/223(f)	Port Jarvis	NY	2,239,912.69	5.780	5.530	0.250	Sep-60	12,498.59	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0
DJ0340	PLC	207/223(f)	Brooklyn	NY	1,998,159.24	5.930	5.680	0.250	Oct-60	8,502.67	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0
DG0407	PLC	207/223(f)	Brewster	NY	1,495,435.88	6.680	5.430	0.250	Nov-60	8,232.96	421	416	5	Oct-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0
CZ2394	PLC	232/241(a)	Kankakee	IL	1,494,709.85	8.000	7.750	0.250	May-55	11,044.02	355	350	5	Oct-25	N/A	Sep-35	N	N/A	113	0
DF6564	PLC	232/223(f)	Mulberry	IN	1,494,384.02	5.760	5.510	0.250	Oct-60	8,312.47	420	415	5	Oct-25	Nov-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0
DG0407	PLC	207/223(f)	Rural Retreat	VA	1,494,029.19	6.300	6.050	0.250	Sep-60	8,857.15	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0
DK8580	PLC	232/223(f)	Richboro	PA	1,493,959.95	6.250	6.000	0.250	Sep-60	8,806.15	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	D	0	55	0
DE9901	PLC	232/223(f)	Broomall	PA	1,493,959.95	6.250	6.000	0.250	Sep-60	8,806.15	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	D	0	55	0
DM9058	PLC	232/223(f)	Ithaca	NY	1,296,665.48	5.580	5.330	0.250	Nov-60	(10)	421	416	5	Oct-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0
DM0578	PLC	232/223(f)	Montclair	NJ	1,124,186.40	5.870	5.620	0.250	Feb-61	6,316.72	420	419	1	Feb-26	Apr-26	Apr-36	A	0	120	0
DM0341	PLC	232/223(f)	Ashboro	NC	1,121,380.09	6.420	6.170	0.250	Oct-60	6,735.03	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	B	0	116	0
CM4400	PLC	221(d)(4)	Aurora	CO	1,117,591.32	4.280	4.030	0.250	Dec-64	4,927.09	473	465	8	Jul-25	N/A	Feb-35	J	N/A	106	0

Pool Number	Security Type	FHA Insurance Program(2)	City/County	State	Principal Balance as of Lockout Date	Mortgage Interest Rate	Certificate Rate	Servicing and Guaranty Fee Rate	Maturity Date	Monthly Principal Interest(3)	Original Amount to Maturity (mos.)	Remaining Amount to Maturity (mos.)	Period from Issuance (mos.)	Issue Date	Lockout End Date(4)	Prepayment Penalty End Date(5)	Lockout/Prepayment Code(6)	Remaining Prepayment Period (mos.)(7)	Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Period (mos.)(8)	Remaining Prepayment Only Period (mos.)(9)	
DJ4685	PLC	232/223(f)	Manchester	CT	\$ 1,004,628.40	6.130%	5.880%	0.250%	Sep-55	\$ 6,510.66	361	354	7	Aug-25	Nov-25	Nov-35	A	0	115	0	
DC7216	CLC	221(d)(4)	Decatur	GA	1,000,000.00	6.120	5.870	0.250	Sep-66	5,586.02	499	486	13	Feb-25	Nov-36	Nov-36	A	7	127	6	
DJ0359	PLC	207/223(f)	Brooklyn	NY	996,936.50	5.650	5.400	0.250	Nov-60	5,468.82	421	415	5	Oct-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0	
DM0349	PLC	232/223(f)	Whites Creek	TN	990,734.61	5.890	5.640	0.250	Oct-60	5,596.41	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	B	0	116	0	
CL4595	PLC	221(d)(4)	Plano	TX	759,155.14	5.650	5.400	0.250	Apr-65	4,018.24	473	469	4	Nov-25	Jun-35	N/A	J	N/A	0	110	0
CL4686	CLC	221(d)(4)	Lake Charles	LA	750,000.00	5.990	5.740	0.250	Feb-66	4,121.38	498	479	19	Aug-24	Apr-26	Apr-36	A	0	120	0	
DK0753	PLC	232/223(f)	McAllen	TX	748,221.51	5.500	5.250	0.250	Dec-60	4,027.62	421	417	4	Nov-25	Feb-26	Feb-36	A	0	118	0	
DK0752	PLC	232/223(f)	Yanceyville	NC	747,556.32	5.400	5.150	0.250	Oct-60	3,981.81	419	415	4	Nov-25	Dec-35	Dec-35	A	0	116	0	
DJ5979	PLC	232/223(f)	Chillicothe	IL	747,311.20	6.750	6.500	0.250	Sep-60	4,660.62	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-35	Nov-35	A	0	115	0	
DJ5982	PLC	232/223(f)	Mendota	IL	747,311.19	6.750	6.500	0.250	Sep-60	4,660.62	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-35	Nov-35	C	0	115	0	
DJ5983	PLC	232/223(f)	Peru	IL	747,311.19	6.750	6.500	0.250	Sep-60	4,660.62	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-35	Nov-35	C	0	115	0	
BP3566	PLC	232/223(f)	Elizabeth	WV	747,310.87	5.950	5.700	0.250	Oct-60	4,251.27	420	415	5	Oct-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0	
DJ4974	PLC	232/223(f)	Robinson	IL	747,273.80	5.890	5.640	0.250	Oct-60	4,221.16	420	415	5	Oct-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0	
DL3198	PLC	232/223(f)	Columbus	OH	747,236.30	5.830	5.580	0.250	Oct-60	4,191.14	420	415	5	Oct-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0	
DG0405	PLC	232/223(f)	Middletown	NY	746,637.56	5.780	5.530	0.250	Sep-60	4,166.20	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-35	Nov-35	A	0	115	0	
CQ9721	PLC	207/223(f)	Hamilton	OH	746,527.05	6.070	5.820	0.250	Nov-60	(10)	421	416	5	Oct-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0	
CJ8161	PLC	221(d)(4)	Minneapolis	MN	738,232.01	3.940	3.690	0.250	Nov-63	3,136.73	469	452	17	Oct-24	Jan-34	Jan-34	I	N/A	93	0	
DK0739	PLC	207/223(f)	Murray	UT	715,722.30	5.830	5.580	0.250	Sep-60	4,017.40	421	414	7	Aug-25	Nov-35	Nov-35	A	0	115	0	
DJ8031	PLC	207/223(f)	Houston	TX	678,528.72	4.780	4.530	0.250	Sep-60	3,348.59	421	414	7	Aug-25	Nov-35	Nov-35	A	0	115	0	
DL3184	PLC	207/223(f)	Newark	NJ	671,238.79	4.880	4.630	0.250	Sep-60	(10)	420	414	6	Sep-25	Nov-35	Nov-35	A	0	115	0	
DJ8030	PLC	207/223(f)	Colorado Springs	CO	622,993.38	4.750	4.500	0.250	Aug-60	(10)	420	413	7	Aug-25	Oct-25	Oct-35	A	0	114	0	
DN1562	PLC	232/223(f)	Chicora	PA	560,780.68	5.660	5.410	0.250	Nov-60	3,079.93	420	416	4	Nov-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	A	0	117	0	
CL4616	CLC	221(d)(4)	Bozeman	MT	375,000.00	5.750	5.500	0.250	Feb-66	1,998.33	509	479	30	Sep-23	Apr-26	Apr-35	E	0	108	0	
DL4322	PLC	232/223(f)	North Kingstown	RI	374,222.67	6.090	5.840	0.250	Dec-60	2,160.92	420	417	3	Dec-25	Feb-26	Feb-30	F	0	46	0	
BW3017	PLC	207/223(f)	Pharr	NM	373,951.33	6.050	5.800	0.250	Nov-60	2,150.82	421	416	4	Nov-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	G	0	117	0	
DN1574	PLC	232/223(f)	Albuquerque	NM	310,618.83	5.960	5.710	0.250	Oct-60	1,769.11	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	A	0	116	0	
CQ8785	CLC	241(a)	Richmond	VA	250,000.00	6.630	6.380	0.250	Nov-54	1,638.56	364	344	20	Jul-24	Jan-27	Jan-37	A	9	129	8	
CL4616	CLC	221(d)(4)	Burlington	NC	250,000.00	6.210	5.960	0.250	Nov-60	1,412.31	508	478	30	Sep-23	Mar-26	Mar-36	A	0	119	0	
DF9976	CLC	221(d)(4)	Griffin	GA	250,000.00	6.440	6.190	0.250	Jun-66	1,452.97	499	483	16	Nov-24	Aug-26	Aug-36	H	4	124	3	
CQ9705	PLC	221(d)(4)	Niceville	FL	187,112.00	6.040	5.790	0.250	May-65	1,040.02	474	470	4	Nov-25	N/A	Jul-35	K	N/A	111	0	
DL4321	PLC	232/223(f)	Hobbs	NM	186,975.67	6.050	5.800	0.250	Nov-60	1,075.41	420	416	4	Nov-25	Jan-26	Jan-36	G	0	117	0	
CN7015	PLC	221(d)(4)	Knightsdale	NC	186,975.27	4.900	4.650	0.250	Apr-65	896.01	473	469	4	Nov-25	N/A	Jun-35	J	N/A	110	0	
DM0347	PLC	232/223(f)	Adamsville	TN	186,818.45	5.890	5.640	0.250	Oct-60	1,055.29	421	415	6	Sep-25	Dec-25	Dec-35	B	0	116	0	
CS3817	PLC	241(a)	Raleigh	NC	186,804.05	6.900	6.650	0.250	Jun-57	1,215.73	380	375	5	Oct-25	N/A	Aug-35	M	N/A	112	0	
CS8939	CLC	221(d)(4)	Kyle	TX	100,000.00	6.350	6.100	0.250	Aug-66	574.80	508	485	23	Apr-24	Oct-26	Oct-36	A	6	126	5	
CQ7040	CLC	221(d)(4)	Gary	NC	50,000.00	6.390	6.140	0.250	Jul-65	288.82	509	472	37	Feb-23	Sep-25	Sep-35	A	0	113	0	
DF8952	PLC	232/223(f)	Portland	OR	28,260.58	5.950	5.700	0.250	Jun-60	161.24	421	411	10	May-25	Aug-25	Aug-35	A	0	112	0	
CQ0056	PLC	232/223(f)	Lincoln	CA	28,129.51	5.950	5.700	0.250	Mar-60	160.86	421	408	13	Feb-25	May-25	May-35	A	0	109	0	
DA8500	PLC	232/223(f)	Norfolk	VA	26,398.85	5.970	5.720	0.250	Mar-60	151.31	420	408	12	Mar-25	May-25	May-35	A	0	109	0	
DA8502	PLC	232/223(f)	Danville	VA	24,926.80	5.970	5.720	0.250	Mar-60	142.87	420	408	12	Mar-25	May-25	May-35	A	0	109	0	
CP3679	PLC	221(d)(4)	Cleveland	OH	24,496.47	6.400	6.150	0.250	Apr-65	142.40	476	469	7	Aug-25	N/A	Jun-35	M	N/A	110	0	

(1) Based on publicly available information, including the disclosure documents for the Ginnie Mae Multifamily Certificates, the information with respect to the Mortgage Loans set forth on this Exhibit A has been collected and summarized by the Sponsor.

(2) Certain Mortgage Loans insured under FHA insurance program Section 223(f) cannot be prepaid for a period of five (5) years from the date of endorsement, unless prior written approval from FHA is obtained, regardless of any applicable lockout period associated with such mortgage loans.

- (3) The principal and interest amounts shown in this column reflect only those amounts that are due in respect of the portion of each applicable Ginnie Mae Project Loan Certificate that is a Trust PLC or each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate that is a Trust CLC. Because Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificates are not entitled to receive principal payments, the amounts identified for each Trust CLC are based upon the assumption that the Trust CLC has converted to a Trust PLC.
 - (4) The Lockout End Date is the first month when a Mortgage Loan is no longer subject to any lockout for voluntary prepayments of principal. For purposes of determining the Lockout End Date in this Exhibit A, the Lockout End Date is based on the lockout period described in the note or other evidence of indebtedness without regard to any applicable statutory prepayment prohibition period.
 - (5) The Prepayment Penalty End Date is the first month when a Mortgage Loan is no longer subject to the payment of any Prepayment Penalties.
 - (6) In some circumstances FHA may permit an FHA-insured Mortgage Loan to be refinanced or prepaid without regard to any Lockout or Prepayment Penalty Code.
 - (7) The Remaining Lockout Period is the number of months from the Cut-off Date up to but not including the Lockout End Date.
 - (8) The Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period is the number of months from the Cut-off Date up to but not including the later of the Prepayment Penalty End Date or Lockout End Date.
 - (9) The Remaining Interest Only Period reflects the number of months remaining during which each Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate is expected to remain outstanding, based on the remaining construction period for the Ginnie Mae Construction Loan Certificate.
 - (10) Pool Numbers CQ9721, DJ8030, DJ8030, DL3184, DM8156, DM9058 and DN1435 will have monthly principal and interest payments as described in this Supplement. See "*Certain Additional Characteristics of the Mortgage Loans — Level Payments*," in this Supplement.
- † The Lockout End Date, Prepayment Penalty End Date, Remaining Lockout Period and Total Remaining Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Period are based on the Sponsor's interpretation of provisions in the related notes. Differing interpretations of these provisions can result in dates and periods that may vary by as much as one month.

Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Codes:

For each Lockout and Prepayment Penalty Code listed in the table below, lockout up to but not including the Lockout End Date to the extent applicable; from and including the Lockout End Date or to the extent that the Lockout End Date is N/A, after the Issue Date, the applicable Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage indicated below will apply to any prepaid amount made during the applicable Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage Term indicated below, which is the number of mortgage loan payment dates from and including the Lockout End Date or beyond the Issue Date, as applicable; thereafter, the applicable Subsequent Prepayment Penalty Percentages indicated below will apply to any prepaid amount, where each percentage applies for a period of twelve consecutive mortgage loan payment dates up to but not including the applicable Prepayment Penalty End Date.

Lockout/Prepayment Penalty Code	Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage	Initial Prepayment Penalty Percentage Term	Subsequent Prepayment Penalty Percentages
A	10%	12	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
B	10%	24	8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
C	10%	36	3%, 2%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%, 1%
D	10%	36	2%, 1%
E	9%	12	8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
F	10%	48	N/A
G	10%	36	7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
H	10%	24	3%, 3%, 3%, 3%, 3%, 3%, 3%, 3%
I	10%	2	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
J	10%	6	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
K	10%	7	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
L	10%	8	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
M	10%	9	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
N	10%	10	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%
O	10%	11	9%, 8%, 7%, 6%, 5%, 4%, 3%, 2%, 1%



\$225,285,175

**Government National
Mortgage Association**

GINNIE MAE[®]

**Guaranteed Multifamily REMIC
Pass-Through Securities
and MX Securities
Ginnie Mae REMIC Trust 2026-054**

OFFERING CIRCULAR SUPPLEMENT
March 24, 2026

**Citigroup
Academy Securities, Inc.**